

# Package ‘beautier’

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**Title** 'BEAUti' from R

**Version** 2.6.12

**Description** 'BEAST2' (<<https://www.beast2.org>>) is a widely used Bayesian phylogenetic tool, that uses DNA/RNA/protein data and many model priors to create a posterior of jointly estimated phylogenies and parameters.

'BEAUti 2' (which is part of 'BEAST2') is a GUI tool that allows users to specify the many possible setups and generates the XML file 'BEAST2' needs to run. This package provides a way to create 'BEAST2' input files without active user input, but using R function calls instead.

**License** GPL-3

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.3

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**URL** <https://docs.ropensci.org/beautier/>,  
<https://github.com/ropensci/beautier>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/ropensci/beautier/issues>

**Imports** ape, rappdirs, purrr, rlang (>= 1.1.0), seqinr, stringr

**Suggests** knitr, markdown, readr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 2.1.0)

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**NeedsCompilation** no

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---

alpha\_parameter\_to\_xml

*Internal function*

---

### Description

Converts an alpha parameter to XML

### Usage

alpha\_parameter\_to\_xml(alpha\_parameter, beauti\_options)

**Arguments**

alpha\_parameter      an alpha parameter, as created by [create\\_alpha\\_param](#)  
 beauti\_options      one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
remove_beautier_folder()
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# The alpha parameter must be initialized, i.e. have an ID
alpha_parameter_to_xml(
  alpha_parameter = create_alpha_param(id = "1"),
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

are\_clock\_models      *Determine if x consists out of clock\_models objects*

---

**Description**

Determine if x consists out of clock\_models objects

**Usage**

```
are_clock_models(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      the object to check if it consists out of clock\_models objects

**Value**

TRUE if x, or all elements of x, are clock\_model objects

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

rln_clock_model <- create_rln_clock_model()
strict_clock_model <- create_strict_clock_model()
both_clock_models <- list(rln_clock_model, strict_clock_model)
# TRUE
are_clock_models(rln_clock_model)
are_clock_models(strict_clock_model)
are_clock_models(both_clock_models)

# FALSE
are_clock_models(NA)
are_clock_models(NULL)
are_clock_models("nonsense")
are_clock_models(create_jc69_site_model())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

are\_equal\_mcmc

*Determine if two MCMCs are equal.*

---

## Description

Will [stop](#) if the arguments are not MCMCs.

## Usage

```
are_equal_mcmc(mcmc_1, mcmc_2)
```

## Arguments

mcmc\_1            an MCMC, as created by [create\\_mcmc](#)  
mcmc\_2            an MCMC, as created by [create\\_mcmc](#)

## Value

TRUE if the two MCMCs are equal

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## See Also

Use [create\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
  mcmc_1 <- create_mcmc(chain_length = 1000)  
  mcmc_2 <- create_mcmc(chain_length = 314)  
  # TRUE  
  are_equal_mcmcs(mcmc_1, mcmc_1)  
  # FALSE  
  are_equal_mcmcs(mcmc_1, mcmc_2)  
  
  check_empty_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

are\_equal\_screenlogs *Determine if two screenlogs are equal.*

---

**Description**

Will [stop](#) if the arguments are not screenlogs.

**Usage**

```
are_equal_screenlogs(screenlog_1, screenlog_2)
```

**Arguments**

screenlog\_1     an screenlog, as created by [create\\_screenlog](#)  
screenlog\_2     an screenlog, as created by [create\\_screenlog](#)

**Value**

TRUE if the two screenlogs are equal

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_screenlog](#) to create an screenlog

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

screenlog_1 <- create_screenlog(log_every = 1000)
screenlog_2 <- create_screenlog(log_every = 314)
# TRUE
are_equal_screenlogs(screenlog_1, screenlog_1)
# FALSE
are_equal_screenlogs(screenlog_1, screenlog_2)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

are\_equal\_tracelogs     *Determine if two tracelogs are equal.*

---

**Description**

Will [stop](#) if the arguments are not tracelogs.

**Usage**

```
are_equal_tracelogs(tracelog_1, tracelog_2)
```

**Arguments**

tracelog\_1     an tracelog, as created by [create\\_tracelog](#)  
tracelog\_2     an tracelog, as created by [create\\_tracelog](#)

**Value**

TRUE if the two tracelogs are equal

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_tracelog](#) to create an tracelog

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

tracelog_1 <- create_tracelog(log_every = 1000)
tracelog_2 <- create_tracelog(log_every = 314)
# TRUE
are_equal_tracelogs(tracelog_1, tracelog_1)
# FALSE
```

```
are_equal_tracelogs(tracelog_1, tracelog_2)
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

are\_equal\_treelogs     *Determine if two treelogs are equal.*

---

### Description

Will [stop](#) if the arguments are not treelogs.

### Usage

```
are_equal_treelogs(treelog_1, treelog_2)
```

### Arguments

treelog\_1     an treelog, as created by [create\\_treelog](#)  
treelog\_2     an treelog, as created by [create\\_treelog](#)

### Value

TRUE if the two treelogs are equal

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

Use [create\\_treelog](#) to create an treelog

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

treelog_1 <- create_treelog(log_every = 1000)
treelog_2 <- create_treelog(log_every = 314)
# TRUE
are_equal_treelogs(treelog_1, treelog_1)
# FALSE
are_equal_treelogs(treelog_1, treelog_2)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

are\_equal\_xml\_files     *Determine if XML files result in equal trees*

---

**Description**

Determine if XML files result in equal trees

**Usage**

```
are_equal_xml_files(filename_1, filename_2, section)
```

**Arguments**

filename_1	name of a first XML file
filename_2	name of a second XML file
section	name of an XML section. Assumes that there is one line that starts with <section (excluding whitespace) and one line that is </section> (also excluding whitespace)

**Value**

TRUE if the two sections of the XML files are equal, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

to check for equivalence, use [are\\_equivalent\\_xml\\_files](#)

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

are_equal_xml_files(
  filename_1 = get_beautier_path("2_4.xml"),
  filename_2 = get_beautier_path("2_6_0.xml"),
  section = "taxonset"
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

are\_equal\_xml\_lines     *Determine if XML lines result in equal trees*

---

**Description**

Determine if XML lines result in equal trees

**Usage**

```
are_equal_xml_lines(lines_1, lines_2, section)
```

**Arguments**

lines_1	lines of a first XML file
lines_2	lines of a second XML file
section	name of an XML section. Assumes that there is one line that starts with <section (excluding whitespace) and one line that is </section> (also excluding whitespace)

**Value**

TRUE if the two sections of the XML files are equal, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

are_equal_xml_lines(
  lines_1 = readLines(get_beautier_path("2_4.xml")),
  lines_2 = readLines(get_beautier_path("2_6_0.xml")),
  section = "taxonset"
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`are_equivalent_xml_files`*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Internal function used for debugging to determine if XML files result in equivalent trees

**Usage**

```
are_equivalent_xml_files(filename_1, filename_2, section = NA)
```

**Arguments**

<code>filename_1</code>	name of a first XML file
<code>filename_2</code>	name of a second XML file
<code>section</code>	the name of the XML section, use NA to check the whole file

**Value**

TRUE if the two XML files result in equivalent trees, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

to check for equality, use `are_equal_xml_files`

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

are_equivalent_xml_files(
  filename_1 = get_beautier_path("2_4.xml"),
  filename_2 = get_beautier_path("2_6_0.xml")
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`are_equivalent_xml_lines`*Determine if XML lines result in equivalent trees*

---

**Description**

Determine if XML lines result in equivalent trees

**Usage**

```
are_equivalent_xml_lines(lines_1, lines_2, section = NA, verbose = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>lines_1</code>	lines of a first XML file
<code>lines_2</code>	lines of a second XML file
<code>section</code>	the name of the XML section
<code>verbose</code>	if TRUE, additional information is displayed, that is potentially useful in debugging

**Value**

TRUE if the two XML lines result in equivalent trees, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`are_equivalent_xml_lines_all`*Determine if XML lines result in equivalent trees*

---

**Description**

Determine if XML lines result in equivalent trees

**Usage**

```
are_equivalent_xml_lines_all(lines_1, lines_2, verbose = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>lines_1</code>	lines of a first XML file
<code>lines_2</code>	lines of a second XML file
<code>verbose</code>	if TRUE, additional information is displayed, that is potentially useful in debugging

**Value**

TRUE if the two XML lines result in equivalent trees, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

are\_equivalent\_xml\_lines\_loggers

*Determine if XML operator lines result in equivalent trees*

---

**Description**

Determine if XML operator lines result in equivalent trees

**Usage**

```
are_equivalent_xml_lines_loggers(lines_1, lines_2, verbose = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

lines_1	lines of a first XML file
lines_2	lines of a second XML file
verbose	if TRUE, additional information is displayed, that is potentially useful in debugging

**Value**

TRUE if the two XML lines result in equivalent trees, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`are_equivalent_xml_lines_operators`*Determine if XML operator lines result in equivalent trees*

---

**Description**

Determine if XML operator lines result in equivalent trees

**Usage**

```
are_equivalent_xml_lines_operators(lines_1, lines_2, verbose = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>lines_1</code>	lines of a first XML file
<code>lines_2</code>	lines of a second XML file
<code>verbose</code>	if TRUE, additional information is displayed, that is potentially useful in debugging

**Value**

TRUE if the two XML lines result in equivalent trees, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`are_equivalent_xml_lines_section`*Determine if XML lines result in equivalent trees*

---

**Description**

Determine if XML lines result in equivalent trees

**Usage**

```
are_equivalent_xml_lines_section(lines_1, lines_2, section, verbose = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>lines_1</code>	lines of a first XML file
<code>lines_2</code>	lines of a second XML file
<code>section</code>	the name of the XML section
<code>verbose</code>	if TRUE, additional information is displayed, that is potentially useful in debugging

**Value**

TRUE if the two XML lines result in equivalent trees, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

are\_fasta\_filenames    *Checks if all filenames have a FASTA filename extension*

---

**Description**

Checks if all filenames have a FASTA filename extension

**Usage**

```
are_fasta_filenames(filenames)
```

**Arguments**

```
filenames        filenames
```

**Value**

TRUE if all filenames have a FASTA filename extension

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
are_fasta_filenames("1.fas")
are_fasta_filenames("1.fasta")
are_fasta_filenames("1.FAS")
are_fasta_filenames("1.FASTA")
are_fasta_filenames(c("1.fas", "2.fas"))

# FALSE
are_fasta_filenames("")
are_fasta_filenames(NA)
are_fasta_filenames(NULL)
are_fasta_filenames(Inf)
are_fasta_filenames("1.fasX")
are_fasta_filenames(c("1.fas", "2.exe"))
are_fasta_filenames(c("1.bat", "2.exe"))
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

are_ids	<i>Determine if x consists out of IDs</i>
---------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if x consists out of IDs

**Usage**

```
are_ids(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                   the object to check if it consists out of IDs

**Value**

TRUE if x, or all elements of x, are IDs

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

to check one ID, use [is\\_id](#)

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
are_ids("anthus_aco")
are_ids(c("anthus_aco", "anthus_nd2"))
are_ids(list("anthus_aco", "anthus_nd2"))
are_ids(c(1, 2))
are_ids(1)

# FALSE
are_ids(NULL)
are_ids(NA)
are_ids(c())
are_ids(ape::rcoal(3))
are_ids(c(ape::rcoal(3), ape::rcoal(4)))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

are\_init\_clock\_models *Determine if x consists out of initialized clock\_models objects*

---

**Description**

Determine if x consists out of initialized clock\_models objects

**Usage**

```
are_init_clock_models(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it consists out of initialized clock\_models objects

**Value**

TRUE if x, or all elements of x, are initialized clock\_model objects

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

are\_init\_mrca\_priors *Determine if x consists out of initialized MRCA priors*

---

**Description**

Determine if x consists out of initialized MRCA priors

**Usage**

```
are_init_mrca_priors(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it consists out of initialized MRCA priors

**Value**

TRUE if x, or all elements of x, are initialized MRCA priors

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

are\_init\_site\_models *Determine if x consists out of initialized site\_models objects*

---

**Description**

Determine if x consists out of initialized site\_models objects

**Usage**

```
are_init_site_models(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it consists out of initialized site\_models objects

**Value**

TRUE if x, or all elements of x, are initialized site\_model objects

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

are\_init\_tree\_priors *Determine if x consists out of initialized tree\_priors objects*

---

**Description**

Determine if x consists out of initialized tree\_priors objects

**Usage**

```
are_init_tree_priors(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it consists out of initialized tree\_priors objects

**Value**

TRUE if x, or all elements of x, are initialized tree\_prior objects

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

are\_mrca\_align\_ids\_in\_fasta

*Determine if the MRCA priors' alignment IDs are present in the FASTA files*

---

### Description

Determine if the MRCA priors' alignment IDs are present in the FASTA files

### Usage

```
are_mrca_align_ids_in_fasta(mrca_prior, fasta_filename)
```

### Arguments

`mrca_prior` a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#)  
`fasta_filename` a FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename. Note that BEAST2 also supports missing data, by using a dash (-) or question mark (?) as a sequence.

### Value

TRUE if all the MRCA priors' alignment IDs are present in the FASTA files. Returns FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

are\_mrca\_priors

*Determine if x consists out of MRCA priors*

---

### Description

Determine if x consists out of MRCA priors

### Usage

```
are_mrca_priors(mrca_priors)
```

### Arguments

`mrca_priors` a list of one or more Most Recent Common Ancestor priors, as returned by [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#)

**Value**

TRUE if x, or all elements of x, are MRCA priors. Returns FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

are\_mrca\_taxon\_names\_in\_fasta

*Determine if the MRCA priors' taxa names are present in the FASTA files*

---

**Description**

Determine if the MRCA priors' taxa names are present in the FASTA files

**Usage**

```
are_mrca_taxon_names_in_fasta(mrca_prior, fasta_filename)
```

**Arguments**

`mrca_prior` a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#)

`fasta_filename` a FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename. Note that BEAST2 also supports missing data, by using a dash (-) or question mark (?) as a sequence.

**Value**

TRUE if the MRCA priors' taxa names are present in the FASTA files. FALSE otherwise.

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

are\_rln\_clock\_models *Are the clock models Relaxed Log-Normal clock models?*

---

**Description**

Are the clock models Relaxed Log-Normal clock models?

**Usage**

```
are_rln_clock_models(clock_models)
```

**Arguments**

clock\_models a list of one or more clock models, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

**Value**

vector of booleans with the same length as the number of clock models in clock\_models. Each nth element is TRUE if the nth element in clock\_models is a relaxed log-normal clock model, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

are\_site\_models *Determine if x consists out of site\_models objects*

---

**Description**

Determine if x consists out of site\_models objects

**Usage**

```
are_site_models(x)
```

**Arguments**

x the object to check if it consists out of site\_models objects

**Value**

TRUE if x, or all elements of x, are site\_model objects

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_site\\_model](#) to create a site model

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

jc69_site_model <- create_jc69_site_model()
gtr_site_model <- create_gtr_site_model()
both_site_models <- list(jc69_site_model, gtr_site_model)

# TRUE
are_site_models(jc69_site_model)

# TRUE
are_site_models(gtr_site_model)

# TRUE
are_site_models(both_site_models)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

are\_tree\_priors      *Determine if x consists out of tree\_priors objects*

---

**Description**

Determine if x consists out of tree\_priors objects

**Usage**

```
are_tree_priors(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      the object to check if it consists out of tree\_priors objects

**Value**

TRUE if x, or all elements of x, are tree\_prior objects

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_yule\\_tree\\_prior](#) to create a Yule tree prior

## Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

yule_tree_prior <- create_yule_tree_prior()
bd_tree_prior <- create_bd_tree_prior()
both_tree_priors <- list(yule_tree_prior, bd_tree_prior)
# TRUE
are_tree_priors(yule_tree_prior)
# TRUE
are_tree_priors(bd_tree_prior)
# TRUE
are_tree_priors(both_tree_priors)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

bd\_tree\_prior\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr

*Creates the tree prior section in the prior section of the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file for a Birth-Death tree prior*

---

## Description

Creates the tree prior section in the prior section of the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file for a Birth-Death tree prior

## Usage

```
bd_tree_prior_to_xml_prior_distr(bd_tree_prior, beauti_options)
```

## Arguments

`bd_tree_prior` a Birth-Death tree prior, as created by [create\\_bd\\_tree\\_prior](#)  
`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

## Value

lines of XML text

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'
#   </distribution>
#   <distribution id="likelihood" ...>
#   </distribution>
# </distribution>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

beta\_parameter\_to\_xml *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a beta parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
beta_parameter_to_xml(beta_parameter, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

**Arguments**

beta\_parameter a beta parameter, as created by [create\\_beta\\_param](#)

beauti\_options one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`b_pop_sizes_parameter_to_xml`  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a Bayesian population sizes parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
b_pop_sizes_parameter_to_xml(  
  b_pop_sizes_parameter,  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)
```

**Arguments**

`b_pop_sizes_parameter` a Bayesian population size parameter, as created by [create\\_b\\_pop\\_sizes\\_param](#)  
`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
b_pop_sizes_parameter_to_xml(  
  b_pop_sizes_parameter = create_b_pop_sizes_param(id = 42),  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)  
b_pop_sizes_parameter_to_xml(  
  b_pop_sizes_parameter = create_b_pop_sizes_param(id = 42, upper = Inf),  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)
```

---

`b_pop_sizes_param_to_xml`  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a 'bPopSizes' parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
b_pop_sizes_param_to_xml(  
  b_pop_sizes_param,  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)
```

**Arguments**

`b_pop_sizes_param` a Bayesian population size parameter, as created by [create\\_b\\_pop\\_sizes\\_param](#)  
`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`cbs_tree_prior_to_xml_prior_distr`  
*Creates the tree prior section in the prior section of the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file for a Birth-Death tree prior*

---

**Description**

Creates the tree prior section in the prior section of the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file for a Birth-Death tree prior

**Usage**

```
cbs_tree_prior_to_xml_prior_distr(cbs_tree_prior, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

`cbs_tree_prior` a Coalescent Bayesian Skyline tree prior, as returned by [create\\_cbs\\_tree\\_prior](#)  
`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'
#   </distribution>
# <distribution id="likelihood" ...>
# </distribution>
# </distribution>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`ccp_tree_prior_to_xml_prior_distr`

*Creates the tree prior section in the prior section of the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file for a Coalescent Constant Population tree prior*

---

**Description**

Creates the tree prior section in the prior section of the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file for a Coalescent Constant Population tree prior

**Usage**

```
ccp_tree_prior_to_xml_prior_distr(ccp_tree_prior, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

`ccp_tree_prior` a Coalescent Constant Population tree prior, as returned by [create\\_ccp\\_tree\\_prior](#)  
`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'
#   </distribution>
#   <distribution id="likelihood" ...>
#   </distribution>
# </distribution>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

ccp\_tree\_prior\_to\_xml\_state

*Convert a CCP tree prior to the XML as part of the state section*

---

**Description**

Convert a CCP tree prior to the XML as part of the state section

**Usage**

```
ccp_tree_prior_to_xml_state(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

XML as text

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

# Need an ID and initial value
inference_model <- create_inference_model(
  tree_prior = create_ccp_tree_prior(
    id = "anthus_nd2_sub",
    pop_size_distr = create_normal_distr(
      id = 123,
      value = 3.14
    )
  )
)

ccp_tree_prior_to_xml_state(inference_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

cep\_tree\_prior\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr

*Creates the tree prior section in the prior section of the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file for a Coalescent Exponential Population tree prior*

---

**Description**

Creates the tree prior section in the prior section of the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file for a Coalescent Exponential Population tree prior

**Usage**

```
cep_tree_prior_to_xml_prior_distr(cep_tree_prior, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

`cep_tree_prior` a Coalescent Exponential Population tree prior, as returned by [create\\_cep\\_tree\\_prior](#)  
`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'
#   </distribution>
# <distribution id="likelihood" ...>
#   </distribution>
# </distribution>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_alignment\_id     *Check if the alignment\_id is valid.*

---

**Description**

Will **stop** if not.

**Usage**

```
check_alignment_id(alignment_id)
```

**Arguments**

alignment\_id     ID of the alignment, as returned by [get\\_alignment\\_id](#). Keep at NA to have it initialized automatically

**Value**

nothing, will **stop** if needed

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# anthus_aco_sub
alignment_id <- get_alignment_id("/home/homer/anthus_aco_sub.fas")
check_alignment_id(alignment_id)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_beauti\_options    *Check if the beauti\_options is a valid beauti\_options object.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if the beauti\_options object is invalid

**Usage**

```
check_beauti_options(beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

beauti\_options    one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_beauti\\_options](#) to create a valid BEAUti options setup

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_beauti_options(create_beauti_options())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_clock\_model    *Check if the clock model is a valid clock model.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if the clock model is invalid

**Usage**

```
check_clock_model(clock_model)
```

**Arguments**

clock\_model      a clock model, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

**Value**

TRUE if clock\_model is a valid clock model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_clock\\_model](#) to create a valid clock model

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_clock_model(create_strict_clock_model())
check_clock_model(create_rln_clock_model())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_clock\_models      *Check if the object is a list of one or more clock models.*

---

**Description**

Will [stop](#) if the object is not a list of one or more clock models.

**Usage**

```
check_clock_models(clock_models)
```

**Arguments**

clock\_models      the object to be checked if it is a list of one or more valid clock models

**Value**

nothing. Will [stop](#) if the object is not a list of one or more clock models.

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_clock\\_model](#) to create a valid clock model

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_clock_models(create_strict_clock_model())
check_clock_models(list(create_strict_clock_model()))
check_clock_models(
  list(create_strict_clock_model(), create_rln_clock_model())
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_empty\_beautier\_folder

*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Internal function to verify that, if there are ‘beautier’ temporary files created, these are also cleaned up, as by CRAN policy.

**Usage**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder(beautier_folder = get_beautier_folder())
```

**Arguments**

beautier\_folder  
the path to the [beautier](#) temporary files folder

**Details**

If the ‘beautier’ folder does not exist, this function does nothing. If there are folder and/or files in the ‘beautier’ folder, an error is given.

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects.

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [remove\\_beautier\\_folder](#) to remove the default ‘beautier’ folder

**Examples**

```
remove_beautier_folder()

check_empty_beautier_folder()

remove_beautier_folder()
```

---

check_filename	<i>Check if the 'filename' is valid</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

Calls stop if the filename is invalid

**Usage**

```
check_filename(filename, allow_empty_str = FALSE, allow_na = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

filename	a filename, as can be checked by <a href="#">check_filename</a>
allow_empty_str	allow a string to be empty
allow_na	allow <a href="#">NA</a>

**Value**

The filename (invisibly)

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_filename("trace.log")
check_filename("my.trees")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_file\_and\_model\_agree

*Checks if the input FASTA file and the inference model agree.*

---

### Description

Will [stop](#) if not

### Usage

```
check_file_and_model_agree(input_filename, inference_model)
```

### Arguments

input\_filename A FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Value

nothing, will [stop](#) if needed

---

check\_file\_exists      *Function to check if a file exists. Calls stop if the file is absent*

---

### Description

Function to check if a file exists. Calls stop if the file is absent

### Usage

```
check_file_exists(filename, filename_description = NA)
```

### Arguments

filename              name of the file

filename\_description  
description of the filename

**Value**

nothing. Will stop if the file is absent, with a proper error message

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_file_exists(get_beautier_path("anthus_aco_sub.fas"))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`check_gamma_site_model`

*Checks if the parameter is a valid gamma site model*

---

**Description**

Checks if the parameter is a valid gamma site model

**Usage**

```
check_gamma_site_model(gamma_site_model)
```

**Arguments**

`gamma_site_model`  
a site model's gamma site model, as returned by [create\\_gamma\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

nothing. Will call stop if the argument is not a valid gamma site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_gamma_site_model(create_gamma_site_model())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_gamma\_site\_model\_names

*Checks if the gamma site model has the right list elements' names*

---

**Description**

Checks if the gamma site model has the right list elements' names

**Usage**

```
check_gamma_site_model_names(gamma_site_model)
```

**Arguments**

gamma\_site\_model

a site model's gamma site model, as returned by [create\\_gamma\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

nothing. Will call stop if the argument is not a valid gamma site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

check\_gtr\_site\_model *Check if the gtr\_site\_model is a valid GTR nucleotide substitution model.*

---

**Description**

Use [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#) to create a valid GTR nucleotide substitution model.

**Usage**

```
check_gtr_site_model(gtr_site_model)
```

**Arguments**

gtr\_site\_model a GTR site model, as returned by [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

TRUE is the gtr\_site\_model is a valid GTR nucleotide substitution model, FALSE otherwise

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_gtr_site_model(create_gtr_site_model())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_gtr\_site\_model\_names

*Check if the gtr\_site\_model has the list elements of a valid gtr\_site\_model object.*

---

### Description

Calls stop if an element is missing

### Usage

```
check_gtr_site_model_names(gtr_site_model)
```

### Arguments

gtr\_site\_model a GTR site model, as returned by [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#)

### Value

nothing

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

Use [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#) to create a valid gtr\_site\_model

---

check\_inference\_model *Check if the supplied object is a valid Bayesian phylogenetic inference model.*

---

### Description

Calls stop if the supplied object is not a valid Bayesian phylogenetic inference model.

### Usage

```
check_inference_model(inference_model)
```

### Arguments

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Value

nothing

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create a valid Bayesian phylogenetic inference model

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_inference_model(create_inference_model())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`check_inference_models`*Check if the inference\_model is a valid BEAUti inference model.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if not.

**Usage**

```
check_inference_models(inference_models)
```

**Arguments**

`inference_models`

a list of one or more inference models, as can be created by [create\\_inference\\_model](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create a valid BEAST2 options object

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
check_inference_models(list(create_inference_model()))
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_is\_monophyletic *Check if is\_monophyletic has a valid value.*

---

**Description**

Will [stop](#) if not.

**Usage**

```
check_is_monophyletic(is_monophyletic)
```

**Arguments**

is\_monophyletic

boolean to indicate monophyly is assumed in a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#)

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

---

check\_log\_mode *Check if the supplied mode is a valid logging mode.*

---

**Description**

Check if the supplied mode is a valid logging mode.

**Usage**

```
check_log_mode(mode)
```

**Arguments**

mode

mode how to log. Valid are tree, autodetect and compound

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

---

check_log_sort	<i>Check if the supplied sort is a valid logging sorting option.</i>
----------------	--

---

**Description**

Check if the supplied sort is a valid logging sorting option.

**Usage**

```
check_log_sort(sort)
```

**Arguments**

sort	how to sort the entries in a log. Valid are smart, none and alphabetic
------	--

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

---

check_mcmc	<i>Check if the MCMC is a valid MCMC object.</i>
------------	--

---

**Description**

Calls stop if the MCMC is invalid

**Usage**

```
check_mcmc(mcmc)
```

**Arguments**

mcmc	one MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_ns_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use <a href="#">check_mcmc</a> to check if an MCMC is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_mcmc_filenames</a> to rename the filenames in an MCMC.
------	---

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_mcmc](#) to create a valid MCMC

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
check_mcmc(create_mcmc())
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

```
check_mcmc_list_element_names
```

*Check if the MCMC has the list elements of a valid MCMC object.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if an element is missing

**Usage**

```
check_mcmc_list_element_names(mcmc)
```

**Arguments**

mcmc	one MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_ns_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use <a href="#">check_mcmc</a> to check if an MCMC is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_mcmc_filenames</a> to rename the filenames in an MCMC.
------	---

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_mcmc](#) to create a valid MCMC

---

check_mcmc_values	<i>Check if the MCMC has the list elements with valid values for being a valid MCMC object.</i>
-------------------	---

---

**Description**

Calls stop if a value is invalid

**Usage**

```
check_mcmc_values(mcmc)
```

**Arguments**

mcmc	one MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_ns_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use <a href="#">check_mcmc</a> to check if an MCMC is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_mcmc_filenames</a> to rename the filenames in an MCMC.
------	---

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_mcmc](#) to create a valid MCMC

---

check_mrca_prior	<i>Check if the MRCA prior is a valid MRCA prior.</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Calls stop if the MRCA prior is invalid.

**Usage**

```
check_mrca_prior(mrca_prior)
```

**Arguments**

mrca_prior	a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by <a href="#">create_mrca_prior</a>
------------	---

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#) to create a valid MRCA prior

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

fasta_filename <- get_beautier_path("anthus_aco.fas")
mrca_prior <- create_mrca_prior(
  alignment_id = get_alignment_id(fasta_filename = fasta_filename),
  taxa_names = get_taxa_names(filename = fasta_filename)
)
mrca_prior <- create_mrca_prior(
  alignment_id = get_alignment_id(fasta_filename = fasta_filename),
  taxa_names = get_taxa_names(filename = fasta_filename)
)
check_mrca_prior(mrca_prior)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_mrca\_prior\_name *Check if mrca\_prior\_name is a valid MRCA prior name.*

---

**Description**

A valid MRCA prior name is either [NA](#) or one character string. Will [stop](#) if not.

**Usage**

```
check_mrca_prior_name(mrca_prior_name)
```

**Arguments**

mrca\_prior\_name

the unique name of the MRCA prior, for example a genus, family, order or even class name. Leave at [NA](#) to have it named automatically.

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

---

`check_mrca_prior_names`*Check if the MRCA prior, which is a list, has all the named elements.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if not.

**Usage**

```
check_mrca_prior_names(mrca_prior)
```

**Arguments**

`mrca_prior` a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [check\\_mrca\\_prior](#) to check the entire MRCA prior

---

`check_mrca_prior_taxa_names`*Check the MRCA prior's taxon names are valid.*

---

**Description**

Will [stop](#) if not.

**Usage**

```
check_mrca_prior_taxa_names(taxa_names)
```

**Arguments**

`taxa_names` names of the taxa, as returned by [get\\_taxa\\_names](#). Keep at NA to have it initialized automatically, using all taxa in the alignment

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

---

check_ns_mcmc	<i>Check if this an MCMC that uses Nested Sampling to estimate a marginal likelihood.</i>
---------------	---

---

**Description**

Will [stop](#) if not, else will do nothing

**Usage**

```
check_ns_mcmc(mcmc)
```

**Arguments**

mcmc	one MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_ns_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use <a href="#">check_mcmc</a> to check if an MCMC is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_mcmc_filenames</a> to rename the filenames in an MCMC.
------	---

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [create\\_ns\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC that uses Nested Sampling to estimate a marginal likelihood

---

check_param	<i>Check if the parameter is a valid parameter</i>
-------------	--

---

**Description**

Calls [stop](#) if the parameter is invalid

**Usage**

```
check_param(param)
```

**Arguments**

param	a parameter, as can be created by <a href="#">create_param</a> .
-------	--

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_param](#) to create a valid parameter

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
check_param(create_alpha_param())  
check_param(create_beta_param())
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check_param_names	<i>Check if the param has the list elements of a valid param object.</i>
-------------------	--

---

**Description**

Calls stop if an element is missing

**Usage**

```
check_param_names(param)
```

**Arguments**

param            a parameter, as can be created by [create\\_param](#).

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_param](#) to create a valid param

---

check_param_types	<i>Check if the param has the list elements of the right type for a valid param object.</i>
-------------------	---

---

**Description**

Calls stop if an element has the incorrect type

**Usage**

```
check_param_types(param)
```

**Arguments**

param            a parameter, as can be created by [create\\_param](#).

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_param](#) to create a valid param

---

check_phylogeny	<i>Check if the phylogeny is a valid phylogeny object.</i>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

Calls stop if the phylogeny is invalid

**Usage**

```
check_phylogeny(phylogeny)
```

**Arguments**

phylogeny        a phylogeny of type phylo from the ape package

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use `ape::read.tree` to create a phylogeny

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# Must do nothing on phylogenies
phylogeny <- ape::read.tree(text = "(A:1, B:1):1;")
check_phylogeny(phylogeny)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check_rename_fun	<i>Check if the rename function is a valid filename rename function</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Will **stop** if not

**Usage**

```
check_rename_fun(rename_fun)
```

**Arguments**

`rename_fun` a function to rename a filename, as can be checked by [check\\_rename\\_fun](#). This function should have one argument, which will be a filename or `NA`. The function should **return** one filename (when passed one filename) or one `NA` (when passed one `NA`). Example rename functions are:

- [get\\_remove\\_dir\\_fun](#) get a function that removes the directory paths from the filenames, in effect turning these into local files
- [get\\_replace\\_dir\\_fun](#) get a function that replaces the directory paths from the filenames
- [get\\_remove\\_hex\\_fun](#) get a function that removes the hex string from filenames. For example, `tracelog_82c1a522040.log` becomes `tracelog.log`

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

check\_rln\_clock\_model *Check if the clock model is a valid clock model.*

---

**Description**

Calls `stop` if the clock model is invalid

**Usage**

```
check_rln_clock_model(clock_model)
```

**Arguments**

`clock_model` a clock model, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

**Value**

TRUE if `clock_model` is a valid clock model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_clock\\_model](#) to create a valid clock model

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_rln_clock_model(create_rln_clock_model())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_screenlog *Check if a screenlog is valid.*

---

**Description**

Will call `stop` if not.

**Usage**

```
check_screenlog(screenlog)
```

**Arguments**

screenlog      a screenlog, as created by [create\\_screenlog](#)

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
check_screenlog(create_test_screenlog())
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_screenlog\_names *Check if the screenlog has the list elements of a valid screenlog object.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if an element is missing

**Usage**

```
check_screenlog_names(screenlog)
```

**Arguments**

screenlog      a screenlog, as created by [create\\_screenlog](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_screenlog](#) to create a valid screenlog

---

check\_screenlog\_values

*Check if the screenlog has the list elements with valid values for being a valid screenlog object.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if a value is invalid

**Usage**

check\_screenlog\_values(screenlog)

**Arguments**

screenlog      a screenlog, as created by [create\\_screenlog](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_screenlog](#) to create a valid screenlog

---

check\_site\_model

*Check if the site model is a valid site model*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if the site models are invalid

**Usage**

check\_site\_model(site\_model)

**Arguments**

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_site\\_model](#) to create a valid site model

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_site_model(create_jc69_site_model())
check_site_model(create_hky_site_model())
check_site_model(create_tn93_site_model())
check_site_model(create_gtr_site_model())

# Can use list of one site model
check_site_model(list(create_jc69_site_model()))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_site\_models      *Check if the object is a list of one or more site models.*

---

**Description**

Will [stop](#) if the object is not a list of one or more site models.

**Usage**

```
check_site_models(site_models)
```

**Arguments**

site\_models      the object to be checked if it is a list of one or more valid site models

**Value**

nothing. Will [stop](#) if the object is not a list of one or more site models.

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_site\\_model](#) to create a valid site model

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_site_models(create_jc69_site_model())
check_site_models(list(create_jc69_site_model()))
check_site_models(
  list(create_jc69_site_model(), create_gtr_site_model())
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_site\_model\_names

*Check if the site\_model has the list elements of a valid site\_model object.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if an element is missing

**Usage**

```
check_site_model_names(site_model)
```

**Arguments**

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_site\\_model](#) to create a valid site\_model

---

check\_site\_model\_types

*Check if the site\_model has the list elements of the right type for a valid site\_model object.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if an element has the incorrect type

**Usage**

```
check_site_model_types(site_model)
```

**Arguments**

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_site\\_model](#) to create a valid site\_model

---

check\_store\_every

*Check if store\_every holds a valid value*

---

**Description**

Will [stop](#) if not

**Usage**

```
check_store_every(store_every)
```

**Arguments**

store\_every      number of states the MCMC will process before the posterior's state will be saved to file. Use -1 or NA to use the default frequency.

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

---

check\_strict\_clock\_model

*Check if the clock model is a valid clock model.*

---

### Description

Calls stop if the clock model is invalid

### Usage

```
check_strict_clock_model(clock_model)
```

### Arguments

clock\_model      a clock model, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

### Value

TRUE if clock\_model is a valid clock model

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

Use [create\\_clock\\_model](#) to create a valid clock model

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_strict_clock_model(create_strict_clock_model())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_tn93\_site\_model      *Check if the tn93\_site\_model is a valid TN93 nucleotide substitution model.*

---

### Description

Use [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#) to create a valid TN93 nucleotide substitution model.

### Usage

```
check_tn93_site_model(tn93_site_model)
```

**Arguments**

tn93\_site\_model  
a TN93 site model, as returned by [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
check_tn93_site_model(create_tn93_site_model())  
  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_tn93\_site\_model\_names  
*Check if the tn93\_site\_model has the list elements of a valid tn93\_site\_model object.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if an element is missing

**Usage**

```
check_tn93_site_model_names(tn93_site_model)
```

**Arguments**

tn93\_site\_model  
a TN93 site model, as returned by [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#) to create a valid tn93\_site\_model

check\_tracelog      *Check if a tracelog is valid.*

---

**Description**

Will call [stop](#) if not.

**Usage**

```
check_tracelog(tracelog)
```

**Arguments**

tracelog      a tracelog, as created by [create\\_tracelog](#)

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

---

check\_tracelog\_names      *Check if the tracelog has the list elements of a valid tracelog object.*

---

**Description**

Calls [stop](#) if an element is missing

**Usage**

```
check_tracelog_names(tracelog)
```

**Arguments**

tracelog      a tracelog, as created by [create\\_tracelog](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_tracelog](#) to create a valid tracelog

---

check\_tracelog\_values *Check if the tracelog has the list elements with valid values for being a valid tracelog object.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if a value is invalid

**Usage**

```
check_tracelog_values(tracelog)
```

**Arguments**

tracelog            a tracelog, as created by [create\\_tracelog](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_tracelog](#) to create a valid tracelog

---

check\_treelog            *Check if a treelog is valid.*

---

**Description**

Will call [stop](#) if not.

**Usage**

```
check_treelog(treelog)
```

**Arguments**

treelog            a treelog, as created by [create\\_treelog](#)

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
check_treelog(create_test_treelog())
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_treelog\_names    *Check if the treelog has the list elements of a valid treelog object.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if an element is missing

**Usage**

```
check_treelog_names(treelog)
```

**Arguments**

treelog            a treelog, as created by [create\\_treelog](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_treelog](#) to create a valid treelog

---

check\_treelog\_values    *Check if the treelog has the list elements with valid values for being a valid treelog object.*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if a value is invalid

**Usage**

```
check_treelog_values(treelog)
```

**Arguments**

treelog            a treelog, as created by [create\\_treelog](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_treelog](#) to create a valid treelog

---

check\_tree\_prior        *Check if the tree prior is a valid tree prior*

---

**Description**

Calls stop if the tree priors are invalid

**Usage**

```
check_tree_prior(tree_prior)
```

**Arguments**

tree\_prior        a tree priors, as returned by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_tree\\_prior](#) to create a valid tree prior

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_tree_prior(create_yule_tree_prior())
check_tree_prior(create_bd_tree_prior())
check_tree_prior(create_cbs_tree_prior())
check_tree_prior(create_ccp_tree_prior())
check_tree_prior(create_cep_tree_prior())

# Can use list of one tree prior
check_tree_prior(list(create_yule_tree_prior()))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

check\_tree\_priors      *Check if the object is a list of one or more tree priors.*

---

**Description**

Will [stop](#) if the object is not a list of one or more tree priors.

**Usage**

```
check_tree_priors(tree_priors)
```

**Arguments**

tree\_priors      the object to be checked if it is a list of one or more valid tree priors

**Value**

nothing. Will [stop](#) if the object is not a list of one or more tree priors.

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_tree\\_prior](#) to create a valid tree prior

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

check_tree_priors(create_yule_tree_prior())
check_tree_priors(list(create_yule_tree_prior()))
check_tree_priors(list(create_yule_tree_prior(), create_bd_tree_prior()))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

```
clock_model_to_xml_operators
      Internal function
```

---

**Description**

Converts a clock model to the operators section of the XML as text

**Usage**

```
clock_model_to_xml_operators(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

clock\_model\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Internal function to converts a clock model to the prior section of the XML as text

**Usage**

```
clock_model_to_xml_prior_distr(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'
#   </distribution>
#   <distribution id="likelihood" ...>
#     </distribution>
# </distribution>
clock_model_to_xml_prior_distr(
  inference_model = create_inference_model()
)
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`clock_model_to_xml_state`*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a clock model to the state section of the XML as text

**Usage**

```
clock_model_to_xml_state(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

lines of XML text, without indentation nor state tags

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`clock_model_to_xml_tracelog`*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Creates the clock model's XML for the tracelog section

**Usage**

```
clock_model_to_xml_tracelog(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <logger id="tracelog" ...>
#' # Here
# </logger>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

clock\_model\_to\_xml\_treelogger

*Convert a clock model to the XML of the TreeLogger*

---

**Description**

Convert a clock model to the XML of the TreeLogger

**Usage**

```
clock_model_to_xml_treelogger(clock_model)
```

**Arguments**

clock\_model a clock model, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Note**

This is an internal function, so it should be marked with @export. This is not done, as this will disallow all functions to find the documentation parameters

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

clock\_rate\_param\_to\_xml  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a clockRate parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
clock_rate_param_to_xml(  
    clock_rate_param,  
    beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)
```

**Arguments**

clock\_rate\_param      a clockRate parameter, a numeric value, as created by [create\\_clock\\_rate\\_param](#)  
beauti\_options      one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

compare_lines	<i>Internal function</i>
---------------	--------------------------

---

### Description

Internal debug function to compare the actually created lines to expected lines using any diff tool

### Usage

```
compare_lines(  
  lines,  
  expected,  
  section = NA,  
  created_lines_filename = get_beautier_tempfilename(pattern = "created", fileext =  
    ".xml"),  
  expected_lines_filename = get_beautier_tempfilename(pattern = "expected", fileext =  
    ".xml")  
)
```

### Arguments

lines	the created lines
expected	the expected/goal/target lines
section	the XML section. Leave at NA to compare all lines
created_lines_filename	name of the file where the (section of the) created lines are stored
expected_lines_filename	name of the file where the (section of the) expected lines are stored

### Value

nothing. Instead, two files are created, with the names `created_lines_filename` and `expected_lines_filename` that contain the section under investigation, so that a diff tool can compare these

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
# Creates temporary files in beautier folder  
compare_lines(  
  lines = readLines(get_beautier_path("bd_2_4.xml")),  
  expected = readLines(get_beautier_path("bd_2_4.xml"))  
)
```

```
remove_beautier_folder()
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

count\_trailing\_spaces *Count the number of spaces before the first character*

---

### **Description**

Count the number of spaces before the first character

### **Usage**

```
count_trailing_spaces(line)
```

### **Arguments**

line            line of text

### **Value**

the number of spaces before the first character

### **Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### **Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# 0
count_trailing_spaces("x")
# 1
count_trailing_spaces(" y")
# 2
count_trailing_spaces(" <")
# 0
count_trailing_spaces("")
# 1
count_trailing_spaces(" ")
# 2
count_trailing_spaces("  ")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

create\_alpha\_param      *Create a parameter called alpha*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called alpha

**Usage**

```
create_alpha_param(id = NA, value = 0)
```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
value	value of the parameter

**Value**

a parameter called alpha

**Note**

this parameter is used in a beta distribution (as returned by [create\\_beta\\_distr](#)) and gamma distribution (as returned by [create\\_gamma\\_distr](#)) and inverse-gamma distribution (as returned by [create\\_inv\\_gamma\\_distr](#)). It cannot be estimated (as a hyper parameter) yet.

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create the parameter  
  alpha_param <- create_alpha_param()  
  
  # Use the parameter in a distribution  
  beta_distr <- create_beta_distr(  
    alpha = alpha_param  
  )  
  
  # Use the distribution to create a BEAST2 input file  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  

```

```
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(
      birth_rate_distr = beta_distr
    )
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

create\_bd\_tree\_prior *Create a Birth-Death tree prior*

---

### Description

Create a Birth-Death tree prior

### Usage

```
create_bd_tree_prior(
  id = NA,
  birth_rate_distr = create_uniform_distr(),
  death_rate_distr = create_uniform_distr()
)
```

### Arguments

id	the ID of the alignment
birth_rate_distr	the birth rate distribution, as created by a <a href="#">create_distr</a> function
death_rate_distr	the death rate distribution, as created by a <a href="#">create_distr</a> function

### Value

a Birth-Death tree\_prior

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

An alignment ID can be extracted from its FASTA filename using [get\\_alignment\\_id](#)

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  bd_tree_prior <- create_bd_tree_prior()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = bd_tree_prior  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_beast2\_beast\_xml

*Create the <beast ...> XML*

---

**Description**

The <beast ...> XML is the XML at the start of a BEAST2 XML input file, directly after the general XML declaration (as created by [create\\_xml\\_declaration](#)).

**Usage**

```
create_beast2_beast_xml(beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

beauti\_options one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the XML

**Author(s)**

Richard J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
remove_beautier_folder()  
  
create_beast2_beast_xml(  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options_v2_6()  
)  
  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_beast2\_input    *Create a BEAST2 XML input text*

---

### Description

Create a BEAST2 XML input text

### Usage

```
create_beast2_input(  
  input_filename,  
  tipdates_filename = NA,  
  site_model = create_jc69_site_model(),  
  clock_model = create_strict_clock_model(),  
  tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(),  
  mrca_prior = NA,  
  mcmc = create_mcmc(),  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)
```

### Arguments

`input_filename` A FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.

`tipdates_filename` name of the file containing the tip dates. This file is assumed to have two columns, separated by a tab. The first column contains the taxa names, the second column contains the date.

`site_model` a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

`clock_model` a clock model, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

`tree_prior` a tree priors, as returned by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)

`mrca_prior` a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#)

`mcmc` one MCMC. Use [create\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC. Use [create\\_ns\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use [check\\_mcmc](#) to check if an MCMC is valid. Use [rename\\_mcmc\\_filenames](#) to rename the filenames in an MCMC.

`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

### Value

a character vector of XML strings

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_from\\_model](#) to create the BEAST2 XML input text from an inference model. Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_file](#) to also save it to file.

[create\\_beast2\\_input\\_file](#) shows more examples

### Examples

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  create_beast2_input(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename()  
  )  
}
```

---

create\_beast2\_input\_beast

*Creates the XML text for the beast tag of a BEAST2 parameter file.*

---

### Description

Creates the XML text for the beast tag of a BEAST2 parameter file, which is directly after the XML declaration (created by [create\\_xml\\_declaration](#)).

### Usage

```
create_beast2_input_beast(  
  input_filename,  
  inference_model = create_inference_model()  
)
```

### Arguments

`input_filename` A FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Details

The beast tag has these elements:

```
<beast[...]>
  <data
  [...]
  </data>
  [map names]
  <run[...]>
  [...]
  </run>
</beast>
```

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_from\\_model](#) to create the complete XML text. Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_data](#) to create the XML text for the data tag only. Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_map](#) to create the XML text for the [map names] part. Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_run](#) to create the XML text for the run tag only.

---

create\_beast2\_input\_data

*Creates the data section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file*

---

**Description**

Creates the data section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file

**Usage**

```
create_beast2_input_data(
  input_filename,
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()
)
```

**Arguments**

`input_filename` A FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.

`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

create_beast2_input_data(
  input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options_v2_4()
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

```
create_beast2_input_data_sequences
```

*Creates the data section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file*

---

**Description**

Creates the data section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file

**Usage**

```
create_beast2_input_data_sequences(
  input_fasta_filename,
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()
)
```

**Arguments**

`input_fasta_filename` one FASTA filename

`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`create_beast2_input_distr`*Creates the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file.*

---

**Description**

Creates the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file.

**Usage**

```
create_beast2_input_distr(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Note**

this function is not intended for regular use, thus its long name length is accepted

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

[create\\_beast2\\_input](#)

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

inference_model <- init_inference_model(
  input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
  inference_model = create_inference_model(
    beauti_options = create_beauti_options_v2_4()
  )
)
create_beast2_input_distr(
  inference_model = inference_model
```

```

)
# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'
#   </distribution>
#   <distribution id="likelihood" ...>
#   </distribution>
# </distribution>

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

```
create_beast2_input_distr_lh
```

*Creates the XML text for the distribution tag with the likelihood ID, of a BEAST2 parameter file.*

---

## Description

Creates the XML text for the distribution tag with the likelihood ID, of a BEAST2 parameter file, in an unindented form

## Usage

```
create_beast2_input_distr_lh(inference_model)
```

## Arguments

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

## Details

The distribution tag (with ID equals likelihood) has these elements:

```

<distribution id="likelihood"[...]>
  <distribution id="treeLikelihood"[...]>
    [...]
  </distribution>
</distribution>

```

The distribution section with ID treeLikelihood is created by [create\\_tree\\_likelihood\\_distr\\_xml](#).

Zooming out:

```
<beast[...]>
  <run[...]>
    <distribution id="posterior"[...]>
      <distribution id="likelihood"[...]>
        [this section]
      </distribution>
    </distribution>
  </run>
</beast>
```

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Note**

this function is not intended for regular use, thus its long name length is accepted

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

this function is called by `create_beast2_input_distr`, together with `create_beast2_input_distr_prior`

---

`create_beast2_input_distr_prior`

*Creates the prior section in the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file*

---

**Description**

Creates the prior section in the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file

**Usage**

```
create_beast2_input_distr_prior(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Note**

this function is not intended for regular use, thus its long name length is accepted

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

this function is called by create\_beast2\_input\_distr, together with create\_beast2\_input\_distr\_lh

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'
#   </distribution>
#   <distribution id="likelihood" ...>
#     </distribution>
# </distribution>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_beast2\_input\_file

*Create a BEAST2 input file*

---

**Description**

Create a BEAST2 input file

**Usage**

```
create_beast2_input_file(  
  input_filename,  
  output_filename,  
  site_model = create_jc69_site_model(),  
  clock_model = create_strict_clock_model(),  
  tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(),  
  mrca_prior = NA,  
  mcmc = create_mcmc(),  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options(),  
  tipdates_filename = NA  
)
```

**Arguments**

input_filename	A FASTA filename. Use <a href="#">get_fasta_filename</a> to obtain a testing FASTA filename.
output_filename	Name of the XML parameter file created by this function. BEAST2 uses this file as input.
site_model	a site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_site_model</a>
clock_model	a clock model, as returned by <a href="#">create_clock_model</a>
tree_prior	a tree priors, as returned by <a href="#">create_tree_prior</a>
mrca_prior	a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by <a href="#">create_mrca_prior</a>
mcmc	one MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_ns_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use <a href="#">check_mcmc</a> to check if an MCMC is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_mcmc_filenames</a> to rename the filenames in an MCMC.
beauti_options	one BEAUti options object, as returned by <a href="#">create_beauti_options</a>
tipdates_filename	name of the file containing the tip dates. This file is assumed to have two columns, separated by a tab. The first column contains the taxa names, the second column contains the date.

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_file\\_from\\_model](#) to do the same with an inference model. See [create\\_site\\_model](#) for examples with different site models. See [create\\_clock\\_model](#) for examples with clock models. See [create\\_tree\\_prior](#) for examples with different tree priors. See [create\\_mcmc](#) for examples with a different MCMC setup.

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  check_empty_beautier_folder()

  # Get an example FASTA file
  input_filename <- get_fasta_filename()

  # The file created by beautier, a BEAST2 input file
  output_filename <- get_beautier_tempfilename()

  create_beast2_input_file(
```

```
    input_filename,  
    output_filename  
  )  
  file.remove(output_filename)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
  check_empty_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_beast2\_input\_file\_from\_model

*Create a BEAST2 input file from an inference model*

---

### Description

Create a BEAST2 input file from an inference model

### Usage

```
create_beast2_input_file_from_model(  
  input_filename,  
  output_filename,  
  inference_model = create_inference_model()  
)
```

### Arguments

`input_filename` A FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.

`output_filename` Name of the XML parameter file created by this function. BEAST2 uses this file as input.

`inference_model` a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Value

nothing

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_from\\_model](#) to get the BEAST2 input file as text

See [create\\_site\\_model](#) for examples with different site models. See [create\\_clock\\_model](#) for examples with clock models. See [create\\_tree\\_prior](#) for examples with different tree priors. See [create\\_mcmc](#) for examples with a different MCMC setup. Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_file](#) to do the same with the elements of an inference model.

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  check_empty_beautier_folder()

  output_filename <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file_from_model(
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    output_filename = output_filename,
    inference_model = create_inference_model()
  )
  file.remove(output_filename)

  remove_beautier_folder()
  check_empty_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

```
create_beast2_input_from_model
```

*Create a BEAST2 XML input text from an inference model*

---

**Description**

The main two XML tags are these:

```
<?xml[...]?><beast[...]>
[...]
</beast>
```

**Usage**

```
create_beast2_input_from_model(input_filename, inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

`input_filename` A FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_file\\_from\\_model](#) to also save it to file. Use [create\\_xml\\_declaration](#) to create the XML text of the XML declaration. Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_beast](#) to create the XML text of the beast tag.

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
  text <- create_beast2_input_from_model(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    inference_model = create_inference_model()  
  )  
  
  check_empty_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_beast2\_input\_init

*Creates the init section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file*

---

**Description**

Creates the init section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file

**Usage**

```
create_beast2_input_init(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

inference_model <- init_inference_model(
  input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
  inference_model = create_test_inference_model()
)
xml <- create_beast2_input_init(
  inference_model = inference_model
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_beast2\_input\_map

*Creates the map section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file*

---

**Description**

Creates the map section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file

**Usage**

```
create_beast2_input_map(beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

beauti\_options one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`create_beast2_input_operators`*Creates the operators section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file*

---

**Description**

Creates the operators section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file

**Usage**

```
create_beast2_input_operators(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`create_beast2_input_run`*Creates the 'run' section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file*

---

**Description**

Creates the 'run' section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file, without being indented.

**Usage**

```
create_beast2_input_run(  
  input_filename,  
  inference_model = create_inference_model()  
)
```

## Arguments

- `input_filename` A FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.
- `inference_model` a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

## Details

The run tag has these elements:

```
<run[...]>
  <state[...]>
  [...]
  </state>
  <init[...]>
  [...]
  </init>
  <distribution[...]>
  [...]
  </distribution>
  [operator ids]
  [loggers]
</run>
```

## Value

lines of XML text

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## See Also

Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_state](#) to create the XML text of the state tag. Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_init](#) to create the XML text of the init tag. Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_distr](#) to create the XML text of the distribution tag. Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_operators](#) to create the XML text of the [operator ids] section. Use [create\\_loggers\\_xml](#) to create the XML text of the [loggers] part.

---

`create_beast2_input_state`*Creates the 'state' section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file*

---

**Description**

Creates the 'state' section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file, without being indented.

**Usage**

```
create_beast2_input_state(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Details**

The state tag has these elements:

```
<state[...]>
  <tree[...]>
  [...]
</tree>
  [parameters]
</run>
```

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_beast2\\_input\\_state](#) to create the XML text of the tree tag. to create the XML text of the [parameters] section.

---

```
create_beautier_tempfolder
```

*Create the default 'beautier' temporary folder*

---

**Description**

Create the default 'beautier' temporary folder

**Usage**

```
create_beautier_tempfolder()
```

**Value**

nothing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
create_beautier_tempfolder()

remove_beautier_folder()

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

```
create_beauti_options
```

*Function to create a set of 'BEAUti' options.*

---

**Description**

'BEAUti' options are settings that differ between 'BEAUti' version. The use of these options is mostly for testing older versions. Whatever option chosen here, the created XML file will be valid.

**Usage**

```
create_beauti_options(
  capitalize_first_char_id = FALSE,
  nucleotides_uppercase = FALSE,
  beast2_version = "2.4",
  required = "",
  sequence_indent = 20,
  status = "",
  namespace = get_default_beast_namespace_v2_4()
)
```

**Arguments**

capitalize_first_char_id	must the ID of alignment start with a capital? TRUE if yes, FALSE if it can be left lower case (if it is lowercase)
nucleotides_uppercase	must the nucleotides of the DNA sequence be in uppercase?
beast2_version	the BEAST2 version
required	things that may be required, for example BEAST v2.5.0
sequence_indent	the number of spaces the XML sequence lines are indented
status	the BEAUti status
namespace	the 'namespace' XML element in the 'beast' XML tag.

**Details**

Available BEAUti options are:

\* [create\\_beauti\\_options\\_v2\\_4](#) \* [create\\_beauti\\_options\\_v2\\_6](#)

'beautier' uses v2.4 by default, as this is when the first tests were written.

**Value**

a BEAUti options structure

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  check_empty_beautier_folder()

  beauti_options <- create_beauti_options_v2_4()
  xml <- create_beast2_input(
    get_fasta_filename(),
    beauti_options = beauti_options
  )

  check_empty_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

`create_beauti_options_v2_4`*Function to create the BEAUti options for version 2.4.*

---

**Description**

Function to create the BEAUti options for version 2.4, by calling [create\\_beauti\\_options](#).

**Usage**

```
create_beauti_options_v2_4()
```

**Value**

a BEAUti options structure

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  check_empty_beautier_folder()

  beauti_options <- create_beauti_options_v2_4()
  xml <- create_beast2_input(
    get_fasta_filename(),
    beauti_options = beauti_options
  )

  check_empty_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

`create_beauti_options_v2_6`*Function to create the BEAUti options for version 2.6.*

---

**Description**

Function to create the BEAUti options for version 2.6, by calling [create\\_beauti\\_options](#).

**Usage**

```
create_beauti_options_v2_6(
  beast2_version = "2.6",
  sequence_indent = 8,
  nucleotides_uppercase = FALSE,
  status = "",
  namespace = get_default_beast_namespace_v2_6(),
  required = ""
)
```

**Arguments**

beast2_version	the BEAST2 version
sequence_indent	the number of spaces the XML sequence lines are indented
nucleotides_uppercase	must the nucleotides of the DNA sequence be in uppercase?
status	the BEAUti status
namespace	the 'namespace' XML element in the 'beast' XML tag.
required	things that may be required, for example BEAST v2.5.0

**Value**

a BEAUti options structure

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

see [create\\_beauti\\_options\\_v2\\_4](#) for using the older v2.4

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  check_empty_beautier_folder()

  beauti_options <- create_beauti_options_v2_6()
  xml <- create_beast2_input(
    get_fasta_filename(),
    beauti_options = beauti_options
  )

  check_empty_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

create\_beta\_distr      *Create a beta distribution*

---

### Description

Create a beta distribution

### Usage

```
create_beta_distr(  
  id = NA,  
  alpha = 0,  
  beta = 1,  
  value = NA,  
  lower = NA,  
  upper = NA  
)
```

### Arguments

id	the distribution's ID
alpha	the alpha shape parameter, a numeric value. The value of alpha must be at least 0.0. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_alpha_param</a> .
beta	the beta shape parameter, a numeric value. The value of beta must be at least 1.0. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_beta_param</a> .
value	the initial value for the MCMC
lower	the lower bound, the lowest possible value
upper	an upper limit of the uniform distribution. If the upper limits needs to be infinity, set upper to Inf.

### Value

a beta distribution

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

the function [create\\_distr](#) shows an overview of all supported distributions

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  beta_distr <- create_beta_distr()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = beta_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create_beta_param	<i>Create a parameter called beta</i>
-------------------	---------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called beta

**Usage**

```
create_beta_param(id = NA, value = 1)
```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
value	value of the parameter

**Value**

a parameter called beta

**Note**

this parameter is used in a beta distribution (as returned by [create\\_beta\\_distr](#)) and gamma distribution (as returned by [create\\_gamma\\_distr](#)) and inverse-gamma distribution (as returned by [create\\_inv\\_gamma\\_distr](#)). It cannot be estimated (as a hyper parameter) yet.

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create the parameter  
  beta_param <- create_beta_param()  
  
  # Use the parameter in a distribution  
  gamma_distr <- create_gamma_distr(  
    beta = beta_param  
  )  
  
  # Use the distribution to create a BEAST2 input file  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = gamma_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_branch\_rate\_model\_xml

*Internal function to create the branchRateModel section of the XML as text.*

---

**Description**

Creates the branchRateModel section of the XML as text.

**Usage**

```
create_branch_rate_model_xml(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Details**

The distribution tag (with ID equals treeLikelihood) has these elements:

```
<branchRateModel[...]>
  [...]
</branchRateModel>
```

When there is a strict clock, [create\\_strict\\_clock\\_branch\\_rate\\_model\\_xml](#) is called. When there is an RLN clock, [create\\_rln\\_clock\\_branch\\_rate\\_model\\_xml](#) is called.

Zooming out:

```
<beast[...]>
  <run[...]>
    <distribution id="posterior" [...]>
      <distribution id="likelihood" [...]>
        <distribution id="treeLikelihood" [...]>
          [...]

          [this section]
        </distribution>
      </distribution>
    </distribution>
  </run>
</beast>
```

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

create\_b\_pop\_sizes\_param

*Create a parameter called 'b\_pop\_sizes'.*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called 'b\_pop\_sizes'.

**Usage**

```
create_b_pop_sizes_param(id = NA, value = 1, upper = "380000.0")
```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
value	value of the parameter
upper	upper value of the parameter

**Value**

a parameter called b\_pop\_sizes

**Note**

this parameter is used in a CBS model, as created by [create\\_cbs\\_tree\\_prior](#)

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
# Create the parameter
b_pop_sizes_param <- create_b_pop_sizes_param()
```

---

`create_cbs_tree_prior` *Create a Coalescent Bayesian Skyline tree prior*

---

**Description**

Create a Coalescent Bayesian Skyline tree prior

**Usage**

```
create_cbs_tree_prior(  
  id = NA,  
  group_sizes_dimension = 5,  
  b_pop_sizes_param = create_b_pop_sizes_param(),  
  pop_sizes_scaler_scale_factor = ""  
)
```

**Arguments**

`id` an alignment's IDs. An ID can be extracted from its FASTA filename with [get\\_alignment\\_ids\\_from\\_fasta\\_filenames](#))

`group_sizes_dimension` the group sizes' dimension, as used by the CBS tree prior (see [create\\_cbs\\_tree\\_prior](#))

`b_pop_sizes_param` a Bayesian population size parameter, as created by [create\\_b\\_pop\\_sizes\\_param](#)

`pop_sizes_scaler_scale_factor` the scale factor used by the population sizes scaler operator

**Value**

a Coalescent Bayesian Skyline tree\_prior

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

An alignment ID can be extracted from its FASTA filename using [get\\_alignment\\_id](#)

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  cbs_tree_prior <- create_cbs_tree_prior()

  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = get_beautier_path("test_output_6.fas"),
    beast2_input_file,
    tree_prior = cbs_tree_prior
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

`create_ccp_tree_prior` *Create a Coalescent Constant Population tree prior*

---

**Description**

Create a Coalescent Constant Population tree prior

**Usage**

```
create_ccp_tree_prior(  
  id = NA,  
  pop_size_distr = create_one_div_x_distr(value = 0.3)  
)
```

**Arguments**

`id` the ID of the alignment  
`pop_size_distr` the population distribution, as created by a [create\\_distr](#) function

**Value**

a Coalescent Constant Population tree\_prior

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

An alignment ID can be extracted from its FASTA filename using [get\\_alignment\\_id](#)

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  ccp_tree_prior <- create_ccp_tree_prior()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = ccp_tree_prior  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

`create_cep_tree_prior` *Create a Coalescent Exponential Population tree prior*

---

**Description**

Create a Coalescent Exponential Population tree prior

**Usage**

```
create_cep_tree_prior(  
  id = NA,  
  pop_size_distr = create_one_div_x_distr(),  
  growth_rate_distr = create_laplace_distr()  
)
```

**Arguments**

`id` the ID of the alignment

`pop_size_distr` the population distribution, as created by a [create\\_distr](#) function

`growth_rate_distr` the growth rate distribution, as created by a [create\\_distr](#) function

**Value**

a Coalescent Exponential Population tree\_prior

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

An alignment ID can be extracted from its FASTA filename using [get\\_alignment\\_id](#)

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  cep_tree_prior <- create_cep_tree_prior()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = cep_tree_prior  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_clock\_model      *General function to create a clock model*

---

**Description**

General function to create a clock model

**Usage**

```
create_clock_model(name, id, ...)
```

**Arguments**

name	the clock model name. Valid names can be found in <code>get_clock_model_names</code>
id	a clock model's ID
...	specific clock model parameters

**Value**

a valid clock model

**Note**

Prefer using the named function [create\\_rln\\_clock\\_model](#) and [create\\_strict\\_clock\\_model](#)

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

An alignment ID can be extracted from its FASTA filename using [get\\_alignment\\_id](#). For more examples about creating a relaxed log-normal clock model, see [create\\_rln\\_clock\\_model](#). For more examples about creating a strict clock model, see [create\\_strict\\_clock\\_model](#).

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  # Can use any of these models  
  strict_clock_model <- create_strict_clock_model()  
  rln_clock_model <- create_rln_clock_model()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    clock_model = strict_clock_model  
  )  
}
```

```
file.remove(beast2_input_file)
remove_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

create_clock_models	<i>Creates all supported clock models, which is a list of the types returned by <a href="#">create_rln_clock_model</a>, and <a href="#">create_strict_clock_model</a></i>
---------------------	---

---

### Description

Creates all supported clock models, which is a list of the types returned by [create\\_rln\\_clock\\_model](#), and [create\\_strict\\_clock\\_model](#)

### Usage

```
create_clock_models()
```

### Value

a list of site\_models

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

Use [create\\_clock\\_model](#) to create a clock model

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

clock_models <- create_clock_models()
is_rln_clock_model(clock_models[[1]])
is_strict_clock_model(clock_models[[2]])

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`create_clock_models_from_names`

*Create clock models from their names*

---

## Description

Create clock models from their names

## Usage

```
create_clock_models_from_names(clock_model_names)
```

## Arguments

`clock_model_names`

one or more names of a clock model, must be name among those returned by [get\\_clock\\_model\\_names](#)

## Value

a list of one or more clock models

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## See Also

Use [create\\_clock\\_models](#) to get all clock models

## Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
create_clock_models_from_names(get_clock_model_names())
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_clock\_model\_from\_name  
*Create a clock model from name*

---

**Description**

Create a clock model from name

**Usage**

```
create_clock_model_from_name(clock_model_name)
```

**Arguments**

clock\_model\_name  
name of a clock model, must be a name as returned by [get\\_clock\\_model\\_names](#)

**Value**

a clock model, as can be created by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_clock\\_model](#) to create a clock model

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
create_clock_model_from_name(get_clock_model_names()[1])  
  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`create_clock_rate_param`

*Create a parameter called `clock_rate`, as needed by [create\\_strict\\_clock\\_model](#)*

---

### Description

Create a parameter called `clock_rate`, as needed by [create\\_strict\\_clock\\_model](#)

### Usage

```
create_clock_rate_param(value = "1.0", estimate = FALSE, id = NA)
```

### Arguments

<code>value</code>	value of the parameter
<code>estimate</code>	TRUE if this parameter is to be estimated by BEAST2, FALSE otherwise
<code>id</code>	the parameter's ID

### Value

a parameter called rate

### Note

It cannot be estimated (as a hyper parameter) yet.

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

### Examples

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  clock_rate_param <- create_clock_rate_param(  
    id = "anthus_aco", value = 1.0  
  )  
  
  # Use the parameter in a clock model  
  strict_clock_model <- create_strict_clock_model(  
    clock_rate_param = clock_rate_param  
  )  
}
```

```
# Use the distribution to create a BEAST2 input file
beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
create_beast2_input_file(
  input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
  beast2_input_file,
  clock_model = strict_clock_model
)
file.remove(beast2_input_file)

remove_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

create\_clock\_rate\_state\_node\_parameter\_xml

*Internal function*

---

## Description

Creates the clockRate parameter with the name stateNode, such as: `<parameter id="uclDStdev.c:[id]" [...] name="stateNode">0.1</parameter>`

## Usage

```
create_clock_rate_state_node_parameter_xml(inference_model)
```

## Arguments

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

## Value

the following XML: `<parameter id="uclDStdev.c:[id]" lower="0.0" name="stateNode"> 0.1 </parameter>`

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

create_uclid_stdev_state_node_param_xml(
  create_inference_model(
    clock_model = create_rln_clock_model(id = 314)
  )
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create_data_xml	<i>Create the &lt;data ..&gt; XML</i>
-----------------	---------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Create the <data ..> XML

**Usage**

```
create_data_xml(id, beast2_version)
```

**Arguments**

`id` an alignment's IDs. An ID can be extracted from its FASTA filename with [get\\_alignment\\_ids\\_from\\_fasta\\_filenames](#))

`beast2_version` BEAST2 version, for example, "2.5"

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

create_distr	<i>General function to create a distribution.</i>
--------------	---

---

**Description**

General function to create a distribution.

**Usage**

```
create_distr(name, id, value = NA, lower = NA, upper = NA, ...)
```

**Arguments**

name	the distribution name. Valid names can be found in <code>get_distr_names</code>
id	the distribution's ID
value	the initial value for the MCMC
lower	the lower bound, the lowest possible value
upper	an upper limit of the uniform distribution. If the upper limits needs to be infinity, set upper to <code>Inf</code> .
...	specific distribution parameters

**Value**

a distribution

**Note**

Prefer using the named functions `create_beta_distr`, `create_exp_distr`, `create_gamma_distr`, `create_inv_gamma_distr`, `create_laplace_distr`, `create_log_normal_distr`, `create_normal_distr`, `create_one_div_x_distr`, `create_poisson_distr` and `create_uniform_distr`

See `create_beta_distr`, `create_exp_distr`, `create_gamma_distr`, `create_inv_gamma_distr`, `create_laplace_distr`, `create_log_normal_distr`, `create_normal_distr`, `create_one_div_x_distr`, `create_poisson_distr` and `create_uniform_distr` for examples how to use those distributions

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Use any distribution  
  distr <- create_beta_distr()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
}
```

```
create_beast2_input_file(  
  input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
  beast2_input_file,  
  tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
    birth_rate_distr = distr  
  )  
)  
file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_exp\_distr      *Create an exponential distribution*

---

### Description

Create an exponential distribution

### Usage

```
create_exp_distr(id = NA, mean = 1, value = NA, lower = NA, upper = NA)
```

### Arguments

id	the distribution's ID
mean	the mean parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_mean_param</a>
value	the initial value for the MCMC
lower	the lower bound, the lowest possible value
upper	an upper limit of the uniform distribution. If the upper limits needs to be infinity, set upper to Inf.

### Value

an exponential distribution

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

the function [create\\_distr](#) shows an overview of all supported distributions

**Examples**

```

if (is_on_ci()) {

  exp_distr <- create_exp_distr()

  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(
      birth_rate_distr = exp_distr
    )
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}

```

---

create_freq_param	<i>Create a parameter called freq</i>
-------------------	---------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called freq

**Usage**

```

create_freq_param(
  id = NA,
  lower = "0.0",
  upper = "1.0",
  value = "0.25",
  estimate = TRUE,
  dimension = 4
)

```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
lower	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value
upper	upper value of the parameter
value	value of the parameter
estimate	TRUE if this parameter is to be estimated by BEAST2, FALSE otherwise
dimension	the number of dimensions, for example, as used in <a href="#">create_freq_param</a>

**Value**

a parameter called freq

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

create\_gamma\_distr      *Create a gamma distribution*

---

**Description**

Create a gamma distribution

**Usage**

```
create_gamma_distr(  
  id = NA,  
  alpha = 0.5396,  
  beta = 0.3819,  
  value = NA,  
  lower = NA,  
  upper = NA  
)
```

**Arguments**

id	the distribution's ID
alpha	the alpha shape parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_alpha_param</a>
beta	the beta shape parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_beta_param</a>
value	the initial value for the MCMC
lower	the lower bound, the lowest possible value
upper	an upper limit of the uniform distribution. If the upper limits needs to be infinity, set upper to Inf.

**Value**

a gamma distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_distr](#) shows an overview of all supported distributions

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  gamma_distr <- create_gamma_distr(  
    alpha = 0.05,  
    beta = 10.0  
  )  
  
  gtr_site_model <- create_gtr_site_model(  
    rate_ac_prior_distr = gamma_distr  
  )  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    site_model = gtr_site_model  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_gamma\_site\_model

*Create a gamma site model, part of a site model*

---

**Description**

Create a gamma site model, part of a site model

**Usage**

```
create_gamma_site_model(  
  gamma_cat_count = "0",  
  gamma_shape = "1.0",  
  prop_invariant = "0.0",  
  gamma_shape_prior_distr = NA,  
  freq_equilibrium = "estimated",  
  freq_prior_uniform_distr_id = 1000  
)
```

**Arguments**

**gamma\_cat\_count** the number of gamma categories, must be an integer with value zero or more  
**gamma\_shape** gamma curve shape parameter  
**prop\_invariant** the proportion invariant, must be a value from 0.0 to 1.0  
**gamma\_shape\_prior\_distr** the distribution of the gamma shape prior. `gamma_shape_prior_distr` must be NA for a `gamma_cat_count` of zero or one. For a `gamma_cat_count` of two or more, leaving `gamma_shape_prior_distr` equal to its default value of NA, a default distribution is used. Else `gamma_shape_prior_distr` must be a distribution, as can be created by [create\\_distr](#)  
**freq\_equilibrium** the frequency in which the rates are at equilibrium are either estimated, empirical or all\_equal. `get_freq_equilibrium_names` returns the possible values for `freq_equilibrium`  
**freq\_prior\_uniform\_distr\_id** the ID of the ‘FrequenciesPrior’'s uniform distribution

**Value**

a gamma site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_gamma\\_site\\_model](#) to create a gamma site model

**Examples**

```

if (is_on_ci()) {

  gamma_site_model <- create_gamma_site_model(prop_invariant = 0.5)

  site_model <- create_hky_site_model(gamma_site_model = gamma_site_model)

  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    site_model = site_model
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}

```

---

create\_gtr\_site\_model *Create a GTR site model*

---

## Description

Create a GTR site model

## Usage

```
create_gtr_site_model(  
  id = NA,  
  gamma_site_model = create_gamma_site_model(),  
  rate_ac_prior_distr = create_gamma_distr(alpha = 0.05, beta = create_beta_param(value =  
    "10.0")),  
  rate_ag_prior_distr = create_gamma_distr(alpha = 0.05, beta = create_beta_param(value =  
    "20.0")),  
  rate_at_prior_distr = create_gamma_distr(alpha = 0.05, beta = create_beta_param(value =  
    "10.0")),  
  rate_cg_prior_distr = create_gamma_distr(alpha = 0.05, beta = create_beta_param(value =  
    "10.0")),  
  rate_gt_prior_distr = create_gamma_distr(alpha = 0.05, beta = create_beta_param(value =  
    "10.0")),  
  rate_ac_param = create_rate_ac_param(),  
  rate_ag_param = create_rate_ag_param(),  
  rate_at_param = create_rate_at_param(),  
  rate_cg_param = create_rate_cg_param(),  
  rate_ct_param = create_rate_ct_param(),  
  rate_gt_param = create_rate_gt_param(),  
  freq_equilibrium = "estimated",  
  freq_param = create_freq_param()  
)
```

## Arguments

**id** the IDs of the alignment (can be extracted from the FASTA filename using [get\\_alignment\\_id](#))

**gamma\_site\_model** a gamma site model, as created by [create\\_gamma\\_site\\_model](#)

**rate\_ac\_prior\_distr** the AC rate prior distribution, as returned by [create\\_distr](#)

**rate\_ag\_prior\_distr** the AG rate prior distribution, as returned by [create\\_distr](#)

**rate\_at\_prior\_distr** the AT rate prior distribution, as returned by [create\\_distr](#)

**rate\_cg\_prior\_distr** the CG rate prior distribution, as returned by [create\\_distr](#)

rate_gt_prior_distr	the GT rate prior distribution, as returned by <a href="#">create_distr</a>
rate_ac_param	the 'rate AC' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_rate_ac_param</a>
rate_ag_param	the 'rate AG' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_rate_ag_param</a>
rate_at_param	the 'rate AT' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_rate_at_param</a>
rate_cg_param	the 'rate CG' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_rate_cg_param</a>
rate_ct_param	the 'rate CT' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_rate_ct_param</a>
rate_gt_param	the 'rate GT' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_rate_gt_param</a>
freq_equilibrium	the frequency in which the rates are at equilibrium are either estimated, empirical or all_equal. <code>get_freq_equilibrium_names</code> returns the possible values for <code>freq_equilibrium</code>
freq_param	a 'freq' parameter, as created by <a href="#">create_freq_param</a>

**Value**

a GTR site\_model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  gtr_site_model <- create_gtr_site_model(
    rate_ac_param = 1.2,
    rate_ag_param = 2.3,
    rate_at_param = 3.4,
    rate_cg_param = 4.5,
    rate_ct_param = 5.6,
    rate_gt_param = 6.7
  )

  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    site_model = gtr_site_model
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)
}
```

```

    remove_beautier_folder()
  }

```

---

```

create_gtr_subst_model_xml

```

*Converts a GTR site model to XML, used in the substModel section*

---

### Description

Converts a GTR site model to XML, used in the substModel section

### Usage

```

create_gtr_subst_model_xml(site_model)

```

### Arguments

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

### Value

the site model as XML text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

```

create_hky_site_model    Create an HKY site model

```

---

### Description

Create an HKY site model

### Usage

```

create_hky_site_model(
  id = NA,
  kappa = "obsolete",
  kappa_param = create_kappa_param(value = "2.0"),
  gamma_site_model = create_gamma_site_model(),
  kappa_prior_distr = create_log_normal_distr(m = create_m_param(value = "1.0"), s =
    1.25),
  freq_equilibrium = "estimated",
  freq_param = create_freq_param()
)

```

**Arguments**

id	the IDs of the alignment (can be extracted from the FASTA filename using <a href="#">get_alignment_id</a> )
kappa	obsoleted parameter. It is the value in the ‘kappa_param’ argument
kappa_param	a ‘kappa’ parameter, as created by <a href="#">create_kappa_param</a>
gamma_site_model	a gamma site model, as created by <a href="#">create_gamma_site_model</a>
kappa_prior_distr	the distribution of the kappa prior, which is a log-normal distribution (as created by <a href="#">create_log_normal_distr</a> ) by default
freq_equilibrium	the frequency in which the rates are at equilibrium are either estimated, empirical or all_equal. <a href="#">get_freq_equilibrium_names</a> returns the possible values for freq_equilibrium
freq_param	a ‘freq’ parameter, as created by <a href="#">create_freq_param</a>

**Value**

an HKY site\_model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  hky_site_model <- create_hky_site_model()
  output_filename <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    output_filename = output_filename,
    site_model = hky_site_model
  )
  file.remove(output_filename)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

```
create_hky_subst_model_xml
```

*Converts a site model to XML, used in the substModel section*

---

**Description**

Converts a site model to XML, used in the substModel section

**Usage**

```
create_hky_subst_model_xml(site_model)
```

**Arguments**

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

the site model as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

```
create_inference_model
```

*Create a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model.*

---

**Description**

Create a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model, as can be done by BEAUti.

**Usage**

```
create_inference_model(
  site_model = create_jc69_site_model(),
  clock_model = create_strict_clock_model(),
  tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(),
  mrca_prior = NA,
  mcmc = create_mcmc(),
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options(),
  tipdates_filename = NA
)
```

**Arguments**

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

clock\_model     a clock model, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

tree\_prior      a tree priors, as returned by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)

mrca\_prior      a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#)

mcmc            one MCMC. Use [create\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC. Use [create\\_ns\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use [check\\_mcmc](#) to check if an MCMC is valid. Use [rename\\_mcmc\\_filenames](#) to rename the filenames in an MCMC.

beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

tipdates\_filename

name of the file containing the tip dates. This file is assumed to have two columns, separated by a tab. The first column contains the taxa names, the second column contains the date.

**Value**

an inference model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_test\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model with a short MCMC, to be used in testing. Use [create\\_ns\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model to estimate the marginal likelihood (aka evidence) using a nested sampling approach.

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
  # Create an MCMC chain with 50 states  
  inference_model <- create_inference_model(  
    mcmc = create_mcmc(chain_length = 50000, store_every = 1000)  
  )  
  
  output_filename <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file_from_model(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    output_filename = output_filename,  
    inference_model = inference_model  
  )  
  file.remove(output_filename)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
  check_empty_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_inv\_gamma\_distr

*Create an inverse-gamma distribution*

---

**Description**

Create an inverse-gamma distribution

**Usage**

```
create_inv_gamma_distr(  
  id = NA,  
  alpha = 0,  
  beta = 1,  
  value = NA,  
  lower = NA,  
  upper = NA  
)
```

**Arguments**

id	the distribution's ID
alpha	the alpha shape parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_alpha_param</a>
beta	the beta shape parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_beta_param</a>
value	the initial value for the MCMC
lower	the lower bound, the lowest possible value
upper	an upper limit of the uniform distribution. If the upper limits needs to be infinity, set upper to Inf.

**Value**

an inverse-gamma distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_distr](#) shows an overview of all supported distributions

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  inv_gamma_distr <- create_inv_gamma_distr()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = inv_gamma_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)
```

```
    remove_beautier_folder()
  }
```

---

```
create_jc69_site_model
```

*Create a JC69 site model*

---

### Description

Create a JC69 site model

### Usage

```
create_jc69_site_model(id = NA, gamma_site_model = create_gamma_site_model())
```

### Arguments

`id` the IDs of the alignment (can be extracted from the FASTA filename using [get\\_alignment\\_id](#))

`gamma_site_model` a gamma site model, as created by [create\\_gamma\\_site\\_model](#)

### Value

a JC69 site\_model

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  jc69_site_model <- create_jc69_site_model()

  output_filename <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    output_filename = output_filename,
    site_model = jc69_site_model
  )
  file.remove(output_filename)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

```
create_jc69_subst_model_xml
```

*Converts a JC69 site model to XML, used in the substModel section*

---

### Description

Converts a JC69 site model to XML, used in the substModel section

### Usage

```
create_jc69_subst_model_xml(site_model)
```

### Arguments

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

### Value

the site model as XML text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

```
create_kappa_1_param    Create a parameter called kappa 1
```

---

### Description

Create a parameter called kappa 1

### Usage

```
create_kappa_1_param(id = NA, lower = "0.0", value = "2.0", estimate = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

id	the parameter's ID
lower	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value
value	value of the parameter
estimate	TRUE if this parameter is to be estimated by BEAST2, FALSE otherwise

### Value

a parameter called kappa 1

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`create_kappa_2_param` *Create a parameter called kappa 2*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called kappa 2

**Usage**`create_kappa_2_param(id = NA, lower = "0.0", value = "2.0", estimate = TRUE)`**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	the parameter's ID
<code>lower</code>	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value
<code>value</code>	value of the parameter
<code>estimate</code>	TRUE if this parameter is to be estimated by BEAST2, FALSE otherwise

**Value**

a parameter called kappa 2

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`create_kappa_param` *Create a parameter called kappa*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called kappa

**Usage**`create_kappa_param(id = NA, lower = "0.0", value = "2.0", estimate = TRUE)`

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
lower	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value
value	value of the parameter
estimate	TRUE if this parameter is to be estimated by BEAST2, FALSE otherwise

**Value**

a parameter called kappa

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

create\_lambda\_param    *Create a parameter called lambda*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called lambda

**Usage**

```
create_lambda_param(id = NA, value = 0)
```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
value	value of the parameter

**Value**

a parameter called lambda

**Note**

this parameter is used in a Poisson distribution (as returned by [create\\_poisson\\_distr](#))

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

## Examples

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create the parameter  
  lambda_param <- create_lambda_param()  
  
  # Use the parameter in a distribution  
  poisson_distr <- create_poisson_distr(  
    lambda = lambda_param  
  )  
  
  # Use the distribution to create a BEAST2 input file  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = poisson_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_laplace\_distr *Create a Laplace distribution*

---

## Description

Create a Laplace distribution

## Usage

```
create_laplace_distr(  
  id = NA,  
  mu = 0,  
  scale = 1,  
  value = NA,  
  lower = NA,  
  upper = NA  
)
```

## Arguments

id	the distribution's ID
mu	the mu parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_mu_param</a>

scale	the scale parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_scale_param</a>
value	the initial value for the MCMC
lower	the lower bound, the lowest possible value
upper	an upper limit of the uniform distribution. If the upper limits needs to be infinity, set upper to Inf.

**Value**

a Laplace distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_distr](#) shows an overview of all supported distributions

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  laplace_distr <- create_laplace_distr()

  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(
      birth_rate_distr = laplace_distr
    )
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

create\_loggers\_xml      *Creates the three logger sections of a BEAST2 XML parameter file*

---

**Description**

The logger section has these elements:

```
<logger id="tracelog" [...]>
  [...]
</logger>
<logger id="screenlog" [...]>
  [...]
</logger>
<logger id="treelog.t:[alignment ID]" [...]>
  [...]
</logger>
```

### Usage

```
create_loggers_xml(input_filename, inference_model)
```

### Arguments

`input_filename` A FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Value

lines of XML text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

Use [create\\_tracelog\\_xml](#) to create the XML text of the logger with the tracelog ID. Use [create\\_screenlog\\_xml](#) to create the XML text of the logger with the screenlog ID. Use [create\\_treelog\\_xml](#) to create the XML text of the loggers with the treelog ID.

---

create\_log\_normal\_distr

*Create a log-normal distribution*

---

### Description

Create a log-normal distribution

**Usage**

```
create_log_normal_distr(
  id = NA,
  m = 0,
  s = 0,
  value = NA,
  lower = NA,
  upper = NA
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	the distribution's ID
<code>m</code>	the <code>m</code> parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_m_param</a>
<code>s</code>	the <code>s</code> parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_s_param</a>
<code>value</code>	the initial value for the MCMC
<code>lower</code>	the lower bound, the lowest possible value
<code>upper</code>	an upper limit of the uniform distribution. If the upper limits needs to be infinity, set <code>upper</code> to <code>Inf</code> .

**Value**

a log-normal distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_distr](#) shows an overview of all supported distributions

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  log_normal_distr <- create_log_normal_distr()

  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(
      birth_rate_distr = log_normal_distr
    )
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)
}
```

```

    remove_beautier_folder()
}

```

---

create\_mcmc                      *Create an MCMC configuration.*

---

### Description

Create an MCMC configuration, as in the BEAUti MCMC tab.

### Usage

```

create_mcmc(
  chain_length = 1e+07,
  store_every = -1,
  pre_burnin = 0,
  n_init_attempts = 10,
  sample_from_prior = FALSE,
  tracelog = create_tracelog(),
  screenlog = create_screenlog(),
  treelog = create_treelog()
)

```

### Arguments

chain_length	length of the MCMC chain
store_every	number of states the MCMC will process before the posterior's state will be saved to file. Use -1 or NA to use the default frequency.
pre_burnin	number of burn in samples taken before entering the main loop
n_init_attempts	number of initialization attempts before failing
sample_from_prior	set to <b>TRUE</b> to sample from the prior
tracelog	a tracelog, as created by <a href="#">create_tracelog</a>
screenlog	a screenlog, as created by <a href="#">create_screenlog</a>
treelog	a treelog, as created by <a href="#">create_treelog</a>

### Details

There are four things that can be saved: \* store\_every: saves the state of the MCMC to file, as a .state.xml file \* tracelog: stores the trace of the state of the MCMC to file. See [create\\_tracelog](#) how to specify the filename \* screenlog: stores the screen output to file. See [create\\_screenlog](#) how to specify the filename \* treelog: stores the estimated phylogenies to file. See [create\\_treelog](#) how to specify the filename

**Value**

an MCMC configuration

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_test\\_mcmc](#) to create a short regular MCMC, that can be used for testing runs. Use [create\\_ns\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use [check\\_mcmc](#) to check if an MCMC is valid. Use [rename\\_mcmc\\_filenames](#) to rename the filenames in an MCMC.

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create an MCMC chain with 50 states  
  mcmc <- create_mcmc(chain_length = 50000, store_every = 1000)  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    mcmc = mcmc  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create_mean_param	<i>Create a parameter called mean</i>
-------------------	---------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called mean

**Usage**

```
create_mean_param(id = NA, value = 0)
```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
value	value of the parameter

**Value**

a parameter called mean

**Note**

this parameter is used in an exponential distribution (as returned by [create\\_exp\\_distr](#)) and normal distribution (as returned by [create\\_normal\\_distr](#)). It cannot be estimated (as a hyper parameter) yet.

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create the parameter  
  mean_param <- create_mean_param(value = 1.0)  
  
  # Use the parameter in a distribution  
  exp_distr <- create_exp_distr(  
    mean = mean_param  
  )  
  
  # Use the distribution to create a BEAST2 input file  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = exp_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_mrca\_prior

*Create a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior*

---

**Description**

Create a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior

**Usage**

```
create_mrca_prior(
  alignment_id = NA,
  taxa_names = NA,
  is_monophyletic = FALSE,
  mrca_distr = NA,
  name = NA,
  clock_prior_distr_id = NA
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>alignment_id</code>	ID of the alignment, as returned by <a href="#">get_alignment_id</a> . Keep at NA to have it initialized automatically
<code>taxa_names</code>	names of the taxa, as returned by <a href="#">get_taxa_names</a> . Keep at NA to have it initialized automatically, using all taxa in the alignment
<code>is_monophyletic</code>	boolean to indicate monophyly is assumed in a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by <a href="#">create_mrca_prior</a>
<code>mrca_distr</code>	the distribution used by the MRCA prior. Can be NA (the default) or any distribution returned by <a href="#">create_distr</a>
<code>name</code>	the unique name of the MRCA prior, for example a genus, family, order or even class name. Leave at NA to have it named automatically.
<code>clock_prior_distr_id</code>	ID of an MRCA clock model's distribution. Keep at NA to have it initialized automatically

**Value**

an MRCA prior

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

fasta_filename <- get_beautier_path("anthus_aco.fas")

# The first two taxa are sister species
mrca_prior <- create_mrca_prior(
  taxa_names = get_taxa_names(filename = fasta_filename)[1:2]
)

# The taxa are monophyletic
mrca_prior <- create_mrca_prior(
```

```
    taxa_names = get_taxa_names(filename = fasta_filename),
    is_monophyletic = TRUE
  )

  # Set the crown age to 10
  mrca_prior <- create_mrca_prior(
    taxa_names = get_taxa_names(fasta_filename),
    mrca_distr = create_normal_distr(mean = 10, sigma = 0.1)
  )

  check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create_mu_param	<i>Create a parameter called mu</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------------

---

### Description

Create a parameter called mu

### Usage

```
create_mu_param(id = NA, value = 0)
```

### Arguments

id	the parameter's ID
value	value of the parameter

### Value

a parameter called mu

### Note

this parameter is used in a Laplace distribution (as returned by [create\\_laplace\\_distr](#)). It cannot be estimated (as a hyper parameter) yet.

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```

if (is_on_ci()) {

  # Create the parameter
  mu_param <- create_mu_param()

  # Use the parameter in a distribution
  laplace_distr <- create_laplace_distr(
    mu = mu_param
  )

  # Use the distribution to create a BEAST2 input file
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(
      birth_rate_distr = laplace_distr
    )
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}

```

---

create\_m\_param

*Create a parameter called m*


---

**Description**

Create a parameter called m

**Usage**

```
create_m_param(id = NA, estimate = FALSE, lower = NA, upper = NA, value = 0)
```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
estimate	TRUE if this parameter is to be estimated by BEAST2, FALSE otherwise
lower	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value
upper	upper value of the parameter
value	value of the parameter

**Value**

a parameter called m

**Note**

this parameter is used in a log-normal distribution (as returned by [create\\_log\\_normal\\_distr](#)) It cannot be estimated (as a hyper parameter) yet.

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create the parameter  
  m_param <- create_m_param()  
  
  # Use the parameter in a distribution  
  log_normal_distr <- create_log_normal_distr(  
    m = m_param  
  )  
  
  # Use the distribution to create a BEAST2 input file  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = log_normal_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
  
}
```

---

create\_normal\_distr    *Create an normal distribution*

---

**Description**

Create an normal distribution

**Usage**

```
create_normal_distr(  
  id = NA,  
  mean = 0,  
  sigma = 1,  
  value = NA,  
  lower = NA,  
  upper = NA  
)
```

**Arguments**

id	the distribution's ID
mean	the mean parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_mean_param</a>
sigma	the sigma parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_sigma_param</a>
value	the initial value for the MCMC
lower	the lower bound, the lowest possible value
upper	an upper limit of the uniform distribution. If the upper limits needs to be infinity, set upper to Inf.

**Value**

a normal distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_distr](#) shows an overview of all supported distributions

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  normal_distr <- create_normal_distr()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = normal_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)
```

```
    remove_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

```
create_ns_inference_model
```

*Create an inference model to measure the evidence of.*

---

## Description

Create an inference model to measure the evidence of. To do so, the inference model is created as usual (see [create\\_inference\\_model](#)), except for using a Nested Sampling MCMC (see [create\\_ns\\_mcmc](#))

## Usage

```
create_ns_inference_model(
  site_model = create_jc69_site_model(),
  clock_model = create_strict_clock_model(),
  tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(),
  mcmc = create_ns_mcmc()
)
```

## Arguments

site_model	a site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_site_model</a>
clock_model	a clock model, as returned by <a href="#">create_clock_model</a>
tree_prior	a tree priors, as returned by <a href="#">create_tree_prior</a>
mcmc	one MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_ns_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use <a href="#">check_mcmc</a> to check if an MCMC is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_mcmc_filenames</a> to rename the filenames in an MCMC.

## Value

an inference model

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## See Also

Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create a regular inference model. Use [create\\_test\\_ns\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model to estimate the marginal likelihood with a short MCMC, to be used in testing.

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

inference_model <- create_ns_inference_model()

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

create_ns_mcmc	<i>Create an MCMC object to estimate the marginal likelihood using Nested Sampling.</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

This will result in a BEAST run that estimates the marginal likelihood until convergence is achieved. In this context, `chain_length` is only an upper bound to the length of that run.

**Usage**

```

create_ns_mcmc(
  chain_length = 1e+07,
  store_every = -1,
  pre_burnin = 0,
  n_init_attempts = 3,
  particle_count = 1,
  sub_chain_length = 5000,
  epsilon = "1e-12",
  tracelog = create_tracelog(),
  screenlog = create_screenlog(),
  treelog = create_treelog()
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>chain_length</code>	upper bound to the length of the MCMC chain
<code>store_every</code>	number of states the MCMC will process before the posterior's state will be saved to file. Use -1 or NA to use the default frequency.
<code>pre_burnin</code>	number of burn in samples taken before entering the main loop
<code>n_init_attempts</code>	number of initialization attempts before failing
<code>particle_count</code>	number of particles
<code>sub_chain_length</code>	sub-chain length
<code>epsilon</code>	epsilon
<code>tracelog</code>	a tracelog, as created by <a href="#">create_tracelog</a>
<code>screenlog</code>	a screenlog, as created by <a href="#">create_screenlog</a>
<code>treelog</code>	a treelog, as created by <a href="#">create_treelog</a>

**Value**

an MCMC object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**References**

\* [1] Patricio Maturana Russel, Brendon J Brewer, Steffen Klaere, Remco R Bouckaert; Model Selection and Parameter Inference in Phylogenetics Using Nested Sampling, *Systematic Biology*, 2018, syy050, <https://doi.org/10.1093/sysbio/syy050>

**See Also**

Use [create\\_mcmc](#) to create a regular MCMC. Use [create\\_test\\_ns\\_mcmc](#) to create an NS MCMC for testing, with, among others, a short MCMC chain length. Use [check\\_ns\\_mcmc](#) to check that an NS MCMC object is valid.

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  mcmc <- create_ns_mcmc(  
    chain_length = 1e7,  
    store_every = 1000,  
    particle_count = 1,  
    sub_chain_length = 1000,  
    epsilon = 1e-12  
  )  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    mcmc = mcmc  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_one\_div\_x\_distr

*Create a 1/x distribution*

---

**Description**

Create a 1/x distribution

**Usage**

```
create_one_div_x_distr(id = NA, value = NA, lower = NA, upper = NA)
```

**Arguments**

id	the distribution's ID
value	the initial value for the MCMC
lower	the lower bound, the lowest possible value
upper	an upper limit of the uniform distribution. If the upper limits needs to be infinity, set upper to Inf.

**Value**

a 1/x distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_distr](#) shows an overview of all supported distributions

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  one_div_x_distr <- create_one_div_x_distr()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = one_div_x_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create_param	<i>General function to create a parameter.</i>
--------------	--

---

**Description**

General function to create a parameter.

**Usage**

```
create_param(name, id, value, ...)
```

**Arguments**

name	the parameters' name. Valid names can be found in <code>get_param_names</code>
id	the parameter's ID
value	value of the parameter
...	specific parameter parameters

**Value**

a parameter

**Note**

Prefer using the named functions `create_alpha_param`, `create_beta_param`, `create_clock_rate_param`, `create_kappa_1_param`, `create_kappa_2_param`, `create_lambda_param`, `create_m_param`, `create_mean_param`, `create_mu_param`, `create_rate_ac_param`, `create_rate_ag_param`, `create_rate_at_param`, `create_rate_cg_param`, `create_rate_ct_param`, `create_rate_gt_param`, `create_s_param`, `create_scale_param`, and `create_sigma_param`

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create an alpha parameter  
  alpha_param <- create_alpha_param()  
  
  # Use the parameter in a distribution  
  beta_distr <- create_beta_distr(  
    alpha = alpha_param  
  )  
  
  # Use the distribution to create a BEAST2 input file  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
```

```

create_beast2_input_file(
  input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
  beast2_input_file,
  tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(
    birth_rate_distr = beta_distr
  )
)
file.remove(beast2_input_file)

remove_beautier_folder()
}

```

---

create\_poisson\_distr *Create a Poisson distribution*

---

### Description

Create a Poisson distribution

### Usage

```
create_poisson_distr(id = NA, lambda = 0, value = NA, lower = NA, upper = NA)
```

### Arguments

id	the distribution's ID
lambda	the lambda parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_lambda_param</a>
value	the initial value for the MCMC
lower	the lower bound, the lowest possible value
upper	an upper limit of the uniform distribution. If the upper limits needs to be infinity, set upper to Inf.

### Value

a Poisson distribution

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

the function [create\\_distr](#) shows an overview of all supported distributions

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  poisson_distr <- create_poisson_distr()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = poisson_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_rate\_ac\_param *Create a parameter called 'rate AC'*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called 'rate AC'

**Usage**

```
create_rate_ac_param(id = NA, estimate = TRUE, value = "1.0", lower = "0.0")
```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
estimate	TRUE if this parameter is to be estimated by BEAST2, FALSE otherwise
value	value of the parameter
lower	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value

**Value**

a parameter called 'rate AC'

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```

if (is_on_ci()) {

  # Create parameter
  rate_ac_param <- create_rate_ac_param(value = 1, estimate = FALSE)

  # Use the parameter to create a BEAST2 input file
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    site_model = create_gtr_site_model(
      rate_ac_param = rate_ac_param
    )
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}

```

---

create\_rate\_ag\_param    *Create a parameter called 'rate AG'*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called 'rate AG'

**Usage**

```
create_rate_ag_param(id = NA, estimate = TRUE, value = "1.0", lower = "0.0")
```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
estimate	TRUE if this parameter is to be estimated by BEAST2, FALSE otherwise
value	value of the parameter
lower	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value

**Value**

a parameter called 'rate AG'

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  # Create parameter
  rate_ag_param <- create_rate_ag_param(value = 1, estimate = FALSE)

  # Use the parameter to create a BEAST2 input file
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    site_model = create_gtr_site_model(
      rate_ag_param = rate_ag_param
    )
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

create\_rate\_at\_param    *Create a parameter called 'rate AT'*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called 'rate AT'

**Usage**

```
create_rate_at_param(id = NA, estimate = TRUE, value = "1.0", lower = "0.0")
```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
estimate	TRUE if this parameter is to be estimated by BEAST2, FALSE otherwise
value	value of the parameter
lower	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value

**Value**

a parameter called 'rate AT'

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create parameter  
  rate_at_param <- create_rate_at_param(value = 1, estimate = FALSE)  
  
  # Use the parameter to create a BEAST2 input file  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    site_model = create_gtr_site_model(  
      rate_at_param = rate_at_param  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_rate\_categories\_state\_node\_xml

*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Creates the rateCategories state node, such as: "<stateNode id=\"rateCategories.c:[id]\" spec=\"parameter.IntegerParameter\" dimension=\"[dimension]\">1 </stateNode>"

**Usage**

```
create_rate_categories_state_node_xml(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

the following XML: "<stateNode id=\"rateCategories.c:[id]\" spec=\"parameter.IntegerParameter\" dimension=\"[dimension]\"> 1 </stateNode>"

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

create_rate_categories_state_node_xml(
  create_inference_model(
    clock_model = create_rln_clock_model(
      id = 314,
      dimension = 1
    )
  )
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_rate\_cg\_param *Create a parameter called 'rate CG'*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called 'rate CG'

**Usage**

```
create_rate_cg_param(id = NA, estimate = TRUE, value = "1.0", lower = "0.0")
```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
estimate	TRUE if this parameter is to be estimated by BEAST2, FALSE otherwise
value	value of the parameter
lower	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value

**Value**

a parameter called 'rate CG'

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create parameter  
  rate_cg_param <- create_rate_cg_param(value = 1, estimate = FALSE)  
  
  # Use the parameter to create a BEAST2 input file  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    site_model = create_gtr_site_model(  
      rate_cg_param = rate_cg_param  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_rate\_ct\_param *Create a parameter called 'rate CT'*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called 'rate CT'

**Usage**

```
create_rate_ct_param(id = NA, value = "1.0", lower = "0.0")
```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
value	value of the parameter
lower	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value

**Value**

a parameter called 'rate CT'

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  # Create parameter
  rate_ct_param <- create_rate_ct_param(value = 1)

  # Use the parameter to create a BEAST2 input file
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    site_model = create_gtr_site_model(
      rate_ct_param = rate_ct_param
    )
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

create\_rate\_gt\_param *Create a parameter called 'rate GT'*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called 'rate GT'

**Usage**

```
create_rate_gt_param(id = NA, estimate = TRUE, value = "1.0", lower = "0.0")
```

**Arguments**

id	the parameter's ID
estimate	TRUE if this parameter is to be estimated by BEAST2, FALSE otherwise
value	value of the parameter
lower	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value

**Value**

a parameter called 'rate GT'

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create parameter  
  rate_gt_param <- create_rate_gt_param(value = 1, estimate = FALSE)  
  
  # Use the parameter to create a BEAST2 input file  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    site_model = create_gtr_site_model(  
      rate_gt_param = rate_gt_param  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_rln\_clock\_branch\_rate\_model\_xml

*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Internal function to call [create\\_branch\\_rate\\_model\\_xml](#) for a relaxed log-normal clock.

**Usage**

```
create_rln_clock_branch_rate_model_xml(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

 create\_rln\_clock\_model

*Create a relaxed log-normal clock model*

---

**Description**

Create a relaxed log-normal clock model

**Usage**

```
create_rln_clock_model(
  id = NA,
  mean_rate_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(),
  ucldstdev_distr = create_gamma_distr(),
  mparam_id = NA,
  mean_clock_rate = "1.0",
  n_rate_categories = -1,
  normalize_mean_clock_rate = FALSE,
  dimension = NA,
  rate_scaler_factor = 0.75
)
```

**Arguments**

**id** an alignment's IDs. An ID can be extracted from its FASTA filename with [get\\_alignment\\_ids\\_from\\_fasta\\_filenames](#))

**mean\_rate\_prior\_distr** the mean clock rate prior distribution, as created by a [create\\_distr](#) function

**ucldstdev\_distr** the standard deviation of the uncorrelated log-normal distribution, as created by a [create\\_distr](#) function

mparam_id	the ID of the M parameter in the branchRateModel, set to NA to have it initialized
mean_clock_rate	the mean clock rate, 1.0 by default (is called uclid_stdev in XML, where uclid_stdev is always 0.1)
n_rate_categories	the number of rate categories. -1 is default, 0 denotes as much rates as branches
normalize_mean_clock_rate	normalize the mean clock rate
dimension	the dimensionality of the relaxed clock model. Leave NA to let beautier calculate it. Else, the dimensionality of the clock equals twice the number of taxa minus two.
rate_scaler_factor	the strict clock model's operator scaler for the rate. Use an empty string to indicate the default.

**Value**

a relaxed log-normal clock\_model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  rln_clock_model <- create_rln_clock_model()
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    clock_model = rln_clock_model
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)
  remove_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

create\_scale\_param      *Create a parameter called scale*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called scale

**Usage**

```
create_scale_param(id = NA, value = 0)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	the parameter's ID
<code>value</code>	value of the parameter

**Value**

a parameter called `scale`

**Note**

this parameter is used in a Laplace distribution (as returned by [create\\_laplace\\_distr](#))

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  # Create the parameter  
  scale_param <- create_scale_param()  
  
  # Use the parameter in a distribution  
  laplace_distr <- create_laplace_distr(  
    scale = scale_param  
  )  
  
  # Use the distribution to create a BEAST2 input file  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = laplace_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_screenlog      *Create a screenlog object*

---

### Description

Create a screenlog object

### Usage

```
create_screenlog(  
  filename = "",  
  log_every = 1000,  
  mode = "autodetect",  
  sanitise_headers = FALSE,  
  sort = "none"  
)
```

### Arguments

filename	name of the file to store the posterior screens phylogenies to. By default, this is <code>\$(screen).screens</code>
log_every	number of MCMC states between writing to file
mode	mode how to log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_modes</a>
sanitise_headers	set to <b>TRUE</b> to sanitise the headers of the log file
sort	how to sort the log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_sorts</a>

### Value

a screenlog object

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
create_screenlog()  
  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_screenlog\_xml *Creates the screenlog section of the logger section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file*

---

**Description**

Creates the screenlog section of the logger section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file

**Usage**

```
create_screenlog_xml(inference_model = create_inference_model())
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

the XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

create\_sigma\_param *Create a parameter called sigma*

---

**Description**

Create a parameter called sigma

**Usage**

```
create_sigma_param(id = NA, value = 1)
```

**Arguments**

id                    the parameter's ID  
value                value of the parameter

**Value**

a parameter called sigma

**Note**

this parameter is used in a normal distribution (as returned by [create\\_normal\\_distr](#))

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create the parameter  
  sigma_param <- create_sigma_param()  
  
  # Use the parameter in a distribution  
  normal_distr <- create_normal_distr(  
    sigma = sigma_param  
  )  
  
  # Use the distribution to create a BEAST2 input file  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = normal_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_site\_model

*General function to create a site model.*

---

**Description**

General function to create a site model.

**Usage**

```
create_site_model(name, id, gamma_site_model = create_gamma_site_model(), ...)
```

**Arguments**

name	the site model name. Valid names can be found in <code>get_site_model_names</code>
id	the IDs of the alignment (can be extracted from the FASTA filename using <a href="#">get_alignment_id</a> )
gamma_site_model	a gamma site model, as created by <a href="#">create_gamma_site_model</a>
...	specific site model parameters

**Value**

a site\_model

**Note**

Prefer using the named functions [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#), [create\\_hky\\_site\\_model](#), [create\\_jc69\\_site\\_model](#), and [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#)

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

See [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#) for more examples with a GTR site model. See [create\\_hky\\_site\\_model](#) for more examples with an HKY site model. See [create\\_jc69\\_site\\_model](#) for more examples with a JC69 site model. See [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#) for more examples with a TN93 site model

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
  input_filename <- get_fasta_filename()  
  gtr_site_model <- create_gtr_site_model()  
  hk_site_model <- create_hky_site_model()  
  jc69_site_model <- create_jc69_site_model()  
  tn93_site_model <- create_tn93_site_model()  
  
  # Can use any site model  
  output_filename <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = input_filename,  
    output_filename = output_filename,  
    site_model = jc69_site_model  
  )  
}
```

```
file.remove(output_filename)

remove_beautier_folder()
check_empty_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

`create_site_models` *Creates all supported site models which is a list of the types returned by [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#), [create\\_hky\\_site\\_model](#), [create\\_jc69\\_site\\_model](#) and [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#)*

---

### Description

Creates all supported site models which is a list of the types returned by [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#), [create\\_hky\\_site\\_model](#), [create\\_jc69\\_site\\_model](#) and [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#)

### Usage

```
create_site_models()
```

### Value

a list of `site_models`

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

Use [create\\_site\\_model](#) to create a site model

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# All created site models are a kind of site model
site_models <- create_site_models()

# TRUE
is_gtr_site_model(site_models[[1]])
is_hky_site_model(site_models[[2]])
is_jc69_site_model(site_models[[3]])
is_tn93_site_model(site_models[[4]])

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_site\_models\_from\_names

*Create site models from their names*

---

## Description

Create site models from their names

## Usage

```
create_site_models_from_names(site_model_names)
```

## Arguments

site\_model\_names

one or more names of a site model, must be name among those returned by [get\\_site\\_model\\_names](#)

## Value

one or more site models

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## See Also

Use [create\\_site\\_model](#) to create a site model

## Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

create_site_models_from_names(get_site_model_names())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_site\_model\_from\_name  
*Create a site model from name*

---

**Description**

Create a site model from name

**Usage**

```
create_site_model_from_name(site_model_name)
```

**Arguments**

site\_model\_name  
name of a site model, must be a name as returned by [get\\_site\\_model\\_names](#)

**Value**

a site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_site\\_model](#) to create a site model

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

site_model <- create_site_model_from_name(get_site_model_names()[1])

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`create_site_model_parameters_xml`

*Internal function to creates the XML text for the parameters within the siteModel section of a BEAST2 parameter file.*

---

## Description

Internal function to creates the XML text for the parameters within the siteModel section, which is part of the siteModel section of a BEAST2 parameter file.

## Usage

```
create_site_model_parameters_xml(inference_model)
```

## Arguments

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

## Details

The parameters sections has these elements:

```
[parameters]
```

[parameters] can be a combination of these:

```
<parameter id="mutationRate.s[...]>  
<parameter id="gammaShape.s[...]>  
<parameter id="proportionInvariant.s[...]>
```

## Value

the site model as XML text

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_site\_model\_xml *Internal function to creates the XML text for the siteModel tag of a BEAST2 parameter file.*

---

### Description

Creates the XML text for the siteModel tag of a BEAST2 parameter file, which is part of the distribution node for the treeLikelihood ID.

### Usage

```
create_site_model_xml(inference_model)
```

### Arguments

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Details

The siteModel tag has these elements:

```
<siteModel[...]>
  [parameters]
  <substModel[...]>
    [...]
  </substModel>
</siteModel>
```

The parameter section is created by [create\\_site\\_model\\_parameters\\_xml](#) The substModel section is created by [create\\_subst\\_model\\_xml](#)

### Value

the site model as XML text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
# <distribution id="posterior"[...]>
#   <distribution id="likelihood" [...]>
#     <siteModel...>
#       [parameters]
#     </siteModel>
#   </distribution>
# </distribution>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_strict\_clock\_branch\_rate\_model\_xml

*Internal function.*

---

## Description

Internal function to create the branchRateModel section of the XML as text, for a strict clock model

## Usage

```
create_strict_clock_branch_rate_model_xml(inference_model)
```

## Arguments

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

## Value

a character vector of XML strings

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`create_strict_clock_model`*Create a strict clock model*

---

**Description**

Create a strict clock model

**Usage**

```
create_strict_clock_model(  
  id = NA,  
  clock_rate_param = create_clock_rate_param(),  
  clock_rate_distr = create_uniform_distr(),  
  rate_scaler_factor = 0.75  
)
```

**Arguments**

`id` an alignment's IDs. An ID can be extracted from its FASTA filename with [get\\_alignment\\_ids\\_from\\_fasta\\_filenames](#))

`clock_rate_param` the clock rate's parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by the [create\\_clock\\_rate\\_param](#) function

`clock_rate_distr` the clock rate's distribution, as created by a [create\\_distr](#) function

`rate_scaler_factor` the strict clock model's operator scaler for the rate. Use an empty string to indicate the default.

**Value**

a strict clock\_model

**Note**

I am unsure about the relationship between 'clock\_rate\_param' and 'clock\_rate\_distr'. Please contact me if you know the most natural architecture

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## Examples

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  strict_clock_model <- create_strict_clock_model(
    clock_rate_param = 1.0,
    clock_rate_distr = create_uniform_distr()
  )

  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    clock_model = strict_clock_model
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

create\_strict\_clock\_rate\_scaler\_operator\_xml

*Internal function*

---

## Description

Creates the StrictClockRateScaler operator such as: ...

## Usage

```
create_strict_clock_rate_scaler_operator_xml(inference_model)
```

## Arguments

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

## Value

the following XML: ...

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

create_strict_clock_rate_scaler_operator_xml(
  create_inference_model(
    clock_model = create_strict_clock_model(id = 314)
  )
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_subst\_model\_xml

*Internal function to create the substModel section*

---

**Description**

Internal function to create the substModel section

**Usage**

```
create_subst_model_xml(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

the substModel section as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# Inference model must be initialized
inference_model <- create_inference_model(
  site_model = create_jc69_site_model(id = 123)
)
create_subst_model_xml(
```

```
    inference_model = inference_model
  )
  check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create_s_param	<i>Create a parameter called s</i>
----------------	------------------------------------

---

### Description

Create a parameter called s

### Usage

```
create_s_param(id = NA, value = 0, lower = 0, upper = Inf)
```

### Arguments

id	the parameter's ID
value	value of the parameter
lower	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value
upper	upper value of the parameter

### Value

a parameter called s

### Note

this parameter is used in a log-normal distribution (as returned by [create\\_log\\_normal\\_distr](#))

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

the function [create\\_param](#) contains a list of all parameters that can be created

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create the parameter  
  s_param <- create_s_param()  
  
  # Use the parameter in a distribution  
  log_normal_distr <- create_log_normal_distr(  
    s = s_param  
  )  
  
  # Use the distribution to create a BEAST2 input file  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = log_normal_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_temp\_screenlog\_filename

*Create a filename for a temporary 'screenlog' file*

---

**Description**

Create a filename for a temporary 'screenlog' file

**Usage**

```
create_temp_screenlog_filename()
```

**Value**

a filename for a temporary 'screenlog' file

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [create\\_screenlog](#) to create a screenlog.

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

create_temp_screenlog_filename()

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`create_temp_tracelog_filename`  
*Create a filename for a temporary 'tracelog' file*

---

### Description

Create a filename for a temporary 'tracelog' file

### Usage

```
create_temp_tracelog_filename()
```

### Value

a filename for a temporary 'tracelog' file

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

use [create\\_tracelog](#) to create a tracelog.

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

create_temp_tracelog_filename()

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

create\_temp\_treelog\_filename

*Create a filename for a temporary 'treelog' file*

---

**Description**

Create a filename for a temporary 'treelog' file

**Usage**

```
create_temp_treelog_filename()
```

**Value**

a filename for a temporary 'treelog' file

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [create\\_treelog](#) to create a treelog.

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
create_temp_treelog_filename()
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_test\_inference\_model

*Create a testing inference model.*

---

**Description**

Creates a simple inference model with a short MCMC chain, to be used in testing.

**Usage**

```
create_test_inference_model(
  site_model = create_jc69_site_model(),
  clock_model = create_strict_clock_model(),
  tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(),
  mrca_prior = NA,
  mcmc = create_test_mcmc(),
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options(),
  tipdates_filename = NA
)
```

**Arguments**

site_model	a site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_site_model</a>
clock_model	a clock model, as returned by <a href="#">create_clock_model</a>
tree_prior	a tree priors, as returned by <a href="#">create_tree_prior</a>
mrca_prior	a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by <a href="#">create_mrca_prior</a>
mcmc	one MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_ns_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use <a href="#">check_mcmc</a> to check if an MCMC is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_mcmc_filenames</a> to rename the filenames in an MCMC.
beauti_options	one BEAUti options object, as returned by <a href="#">create_beauti_options</a>
tipdates_filename	name of the file containing the tip dates. This file is assumed to have two columns, separated by a tab. The first column contains the taxa names, the second column contains the date.

**Value**

an inference model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create a regular inference model. Use [create\\_test\\_ns\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model to estimate the marginal likelihood with a short MCMC, to be used in testing

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  check_empty_beautier_folder()

  inference_model <- create_test_inference_model()
```

```

beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
create_beast2_input_file_from_model(
  get_fasta_filename(),
  beast2_input_file,
  inference_model = inference_model
)
file.remove(beast2_input_file)

remove_beautier_folder()
check_empty_beautier_folder()
}

```

---

create\_test\_mcmc      *Create an MCMC configuration for testing.*

---

### Description

Create an MCMC configuration for testing.

### Usage

```

create_test_mcmc(
  chain_length = 3000,
  store_every = 1000,
  pre_burnin = 0,
  n_init_attempts = 10,
  sample_from_prior = FALSE,
  tracelog = create_test_tracelog(),
  screenlog = create_test_screenlog(),
  treelog = create_test_treelog()
)

```

### Arguments

chain_length	length of the MCMC chain
store_every	number of states the MCMC will process before the posterior's state will be saved to file. Use -1 or NA to use the default frequency.
pre_burnin	number of burn in samples taken before entering the main loop
n_init_attempts	number of initialization attempts before failing
sample_from_prior	set to <b>TRUE</b> to sample from the prior
tracelog	a tracelog, as created by <a href="#">create_tracelog</a>
screenlog	a screenlog, as created by <a href="#">create_screenlog</a>
treelog	a treelog, as created by <a href="#">create_treelog</a>

**Value**

an MCMC configuration

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_mcmc](#) to create a default BEAST2 MCMC

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  # Create an MCMC chain with 50 states  
  mcmc <- create_test_mcmc()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    mcmc = mcmc  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_test\_ns\_inference\_model

*Create an inference model to be tested by Nested Sampling*

---

**Description**

Create an inference model to be tested by Nested Sampling

**Usage**

```
create_test_ns_inference_model(  
  site_model = create_jc69_site_model(),  
  clock_model = create_strict_clock_model(),  
  tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(),  
  mcmc = create_test_ns_mcmc()  
)
```

**Arguments**

site_model	a site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_site_model</a>
clock_model	a clock model, as returned by <a href="#">create_clock_model</a>
tree_prior	a tree priors, as returned by <a href="#">create_tree_prior</a>
mcmc	one MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_ns_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use <a href="#">check_mcmc</a> to check if an MCMC is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_mcmc_filenames</a> to rename the filenames in an MCMC.

**Value**

an inference model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_test\\_inference\\_model](#) to create a regular inference model with a short MCMC, to be used in testing. Use [create\\_ns\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model to estimate the marginal likelihood.

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

inference_model <- create_test_ns_inference_model()

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`create_test_ns_mcmc`    *Create an NS MCMC object for testing*

---

**Description**

Create an NS MCMC object for testing

**Usage**

```
create_test_ns_mcmc(
  chain_length = 2000,
  store_every = 1000,
  pre_burnin = 0,
  n_init_attempts = 3,
  particle_count = 1,
  sub_chain_length = 500,
```

```

    epsilon = 1e-12,
    tracelog = create_test_tracelog(),
    screenlog = create_test_screenlog(),
    treelog = create_test_treelog()
  )

```

### Arguments

chain_length	upper bound to the length of the MCMC chain
store_every	number of states the MCMC will process before the posterior's state will be saved to file. Use -1 or NA to use the default frequency.
pre_burnin	number of burn in samples taken before entering the main loop
n_init_attempts	number of initialization attempts before failing
particle_count	number of particles
sub_chain_length	sub-chain length
epsilon	epsilon
tracelog	a tracelog, as created by <a href="#">create_tracelog</a>
screenlog	a screenlog, as created by <a href="#">create_screenlog</a>
treelog	a treelog, as created by <a href="#">create_treelog</a>

### Value

an MCMC object

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

Use [create\\_ns\\_mcmc](#) to create a default nested sampling MCMC

### Examples

```

if (is_on_ci()) {

  mcmc <- create_test_ns_mcmc()
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()
  create_beast2_input_file(
    get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    mcmc = mcmc
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)

  remove_beautier_folder()
}

```

---

create\_test\_screenlog *Create a screenlog object, to be used in testing*

---

### Description

Create a screenlog object, to be used in testing

### Usage

```
create_test_screenlog(  
  filename = create_temp_screenlog_filename(),  
  log_every = 1000,  
  mode = "autodetect",  
  sanitise_headers = FALSE,  
  sort = "none"  
)
```

### Arguments

filename	name of the file to store the posterior screens phylogenies to. By default, this is <code>\$(screen).screens</code>
log_every	number of MCMC states between writing to file
mode	mode how to log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_modes</a>
sanitise_headers	set to <a href="#">TRUE</a> to sanitise the headers of the log file
sort	how to sort the log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_sorts</a>

### Value

a screenlog object

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
create_test_screenlog()
```

---

create\_test\_tracelog *Create a tracelog object, as used for testing*

---

## Description

Create a tracelog object, as used for testing

## Usage

```
create_test_tracelog(  
  filename = create_temp_tracelog_filename(),  
  log_every = 1000,  
  mode = "autodetect",  
  sanitise_headers = TRUE,  
  sort = "smart"  
)
```

## Arguments

filename	name of the file to store the posterior traces. Use <a href="#">NA</a> to use the filename <code>[alignment_id].log</code> , where <code>alignment_id</code> is obtained using <a href="#">get_alignment_id</a>
log_every	number of MCMC states between writing to file
mode	mode how to log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_modes</a>
sanitise_headers	set to <a href="#">TRUE</a> to sanitise the headers of the log file
sort	how to sort the log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_sorts</a>

## Value

a tracelog object

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## Examples

```
create_test_tracelog()
```

---

create\_test\_treelog    *Create a treelog object to be used in testing*

---

### Description

Create a treelog object to be used in testing

### Usage

```
create_test_treelog(  
  filename = create_temp_treelog_filename(),  
  log_every = 1000,  
  mode = "tree",  
  sanitise_headers = FALSE,  
  sort = "none"  
)
```

### Arguments

filename	name of the file to store the posterior trees
log_every	number of MCMC states between writing to file
mode	mode how to log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_modes</a>
sanitise_headers	set to <b>TRUE</b> to sanitise the headers of the log file
sort	how to sort the log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_sorts</a>

### Value

a treelog object

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
create_test_treelog()
```

---

```
create_tn93_site_model
```

*Create a TN93 site model*

---

**Description**

Create a TN93 site model

**Usage**

```
create_tn93_site_model(
  id = NA,
  gamma_site_model = create_gamma_site_model(),
  kappa_1_param = create_kappa_1_param(),
  kappa_2_param = create_kappa_2_param(),
  kappa_1_prior_distr = create_log_normal_distr(m = 1, s = 1.25),
  kappa_2_prior_distr = create_log_normal_distr(m = 1, s = 1.25),
  freq_equilibrium = "estimated",
  freq_param = create_freq_param()
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	the IDs of the alignment (can be extracted from the FASTA filename using <a href="#">get_alignment_id</a> )
<code>gamma_site_model</code>	a gamma site model, as created by <a href="#">create_gamma_site_model</a>
<code>kappa_1_param</code>	the 'kappa 1' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_kappa_1_param</a>
<code>kappa_2_param</code>	the 'kappa 2' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as returned by <a href="#">create_kappa_2_param</a>
<code>kappa_1_prior_distr</code>	the distribution of the kappa 1 prior, which is a log-normal distribution (as created by <a href="#">create_log_normal_distr</a> ) by default
<code>kappa_2_prior_distr</code>	the distribution of the kappa 2 prior, which is a log-normal distribution (as created by <a href="#">create_log_normal_distr</a> ) by default
<code>freq_equilibrium</code>	the frequency in which the rates are at equilibrium are either estimated, empirical or all_equal. <a href="#">get_freq_equilibrium_names</a> returns the possible values for <code>freq_equilibrium</code>
<code>freq_param</code>	a 'freq' parameter, as created by <a href="#">create_freq_param</a>

**Value**

a TN93 site\_model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  tn93_site_model <- create_tn93_site_model(  
    kappa_1_param = 2.0,  
    kappa_2_param = 2.0  
  )  
  
  output_filename <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    output_filename = output_filename,  
    site_model = tn93_site_model  
  )  
  file.remove(output_filename)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_tn93\_subst\_model\_xml

*Converts a TN93 site model to XML, used in the substModel section*

---

**Description**

Converts a TN93 site model to XML, used in the substModel section

**Usage**

```
create_tn93_subst_model_xml(site_model)
```

**Arguments**

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

the site model as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

create_tracelog	<i>Create a tracelog object</i>
-----------------	---------------------------------

---

## Description

Create a tracelog object

## Usage

```
create_tracelog(  
  filename = NA,  
  log_every = 1000,  
  mode = "autodetect",  
  sanitise_headers = TRUE,  
  sort = "smart"  
)
```

## Arguments

filename	name of the file to store the posterior traces. Use <a href="#">NA</a> to use the filename <code>[alignment_id].log</code> , where <code>alignment_id</code> is obtained using <a href="#">get_alignment_id</a>
log_every	number of MCMC states between writing to file
mode	mode how to log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_modes</a>
sanitise_headers	set to <a href="#">TRUE</a> to sanitise the headers of the log file
sort	how to sort the log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_sorts</a>

## Value

a tracelog object

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## Examples

```
create_tracelog()
```

---

create\_tracelog\_xml    *Internal function*

---

### Description

Creates the tracelog section of the logger section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file

### Usage

```
create_tracelog_xml(input_filename, inference_model)
```

### Arguments

input\_filename    A FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.

inference\_model    a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Value

lines of XML text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

create\_trait\_set\_string  
*Create a trait set string.*

---

### Description

For example, a data frame with row A 1 and another row B 2, the trait set string will be A=1 ,B=2

### Usage

```
create_trait_set_string(df)
```

### Arguments

df                    a data frame with two columns

**Value**

the trait set string

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

create_treelog	<i>Create a treelog object</i>
----------------	--------------------------------

---

**Description**

Create a treelog object

**Usage**

```
create_treelog(  
  filename = "$(tree).trees",  
  log_every = 1000,  
  mode = "tree",  
  sanitise_headers = FALSE,  
  sort = "none"  
)
```

**Arguments**

filename	name of the file to store the posterior trees
log_every	number of MCMC states between writing to file
mode	mode how to log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_modes</a>
sanitise_headers	set to <b>TRUE</b> to sanitise the headers of the log file
sort	how to sort the log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_sorts</a>

**Value**

a 'treelog', as can be checked by [check\\_treelog](#)

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
create_treelog()  
  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

```
create_treelog_xml    Creates the XML text for the 'logger' tag with ID 'treelog'. This
                      section has these elements: ““ <logger id="treelog.t:test_output_0"
                      spec="Logger" fileName="my_treelog.trees" logEvery="345000"
                      mode="tree" sanitiseHeaders="true" sort="smart"> # nolint in-
                      deed long <log id="TreeWithMetaDataLogger.t:test_output_0"
                      spec="beast.evolution.tree.TreeWithMetaDataLogger"
                      tree="@Tree.t:test_output_0"/> # nolint indeed long </logger>
                      ““
```

---

### Description

Creates the XML text for the ‘logger’ tag with ID ‘treelog’. This section has these elements: ““ <logger id="treelog.t:test\_output\_0" spec="Logger" fileName="my\_treelog.trees" logEvery="345000" mode="tree" sanitiseHeaders="true" sort="smart"> # nolint indeed long <log id="TreeWithMetaDataLogger.t:test\_output\_0" spec="beast.evolution.tree.TreeWithMetaDataLogger" tree="@Tree.t:test\_output\_0"/> # nolint indeed long </logger> ““

### Usage

```
create_treelog_xml(inference_model)
```

### Arguments

```
inference_model
```

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Value

```
lines of XML text
```

### Author(s)

```
Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek
```

---

```
create_tree_likelihood_distr_xml
```

*Creates the XML text for the distribution tag with the treeLikelihood ID, of a BEAST2 parameter file.*

---

### Description

Creates the XML text for the distribution tag with the treeLikelihood ID, of a BEAST2 parameter file, in an unindented form

### Usage

```
create_tree_likelihood_distr_xml(inference_model)
```

### Arguments

```
inference_model
```

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Details

The distribution tag (with ID equals treeLikelihood) has these elements:

```
<distribution id="treeLikelihood"[...]>
  <siteModel[...]>
    [...]
  </siteModel>
  <branchRateModel[...]>
    [...]
  </branchRateModel>
</distribution>
```

The siteModel section is created by [create\\_site\\_model\\_xml](#). The branchRateModel section is created by [create\\_branch\\_rate\\_model\\_xml](#).

Zooming out:

```
<beast[...]>
  <run[...]>
    <distribution id="posterior"[...]>
      <distribution id="likelihood"[...]>
        [this section]
      </distribution>
    </distribution>
  </run>
</beast>
```

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Note**

this function is not intended for regular use, thus its long name length is accepted

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

this function is called by create\_beast2\_input\_distr, together with create\_beast2\_input\_distr\_prior

---

create\_tree\_prior      *Internal function to create a tree prior*

---

**Description**

Internal function to create a tree prior

**Usage**

```
create_tree_prior(name, id, ...)
```

**Arguments**

name	the tree prior name. Can be any name in get_tree_prior_names
id	the ID of the alignment
...	specific tree prior parameters

**Value**

a tree\_prior

**Note**

Prefer the use the named functions [create\\_bd\\_tree\\_prior](#), [create\\_cbs\\_tree\\_prior](#), [create\\_ccp\\_tree\\_prior](#), [create\\_cep\\_tree\\_prior](#) and [create\\_yule\\_tree\\_prior](#) instead

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

See [create\\_bd\\_tree\\_prior](#), [create\\_cbs\\_tree\\_prior](#), [create\\_ccp\\_tree\\_prior](#), [create\\_cep\\_tree\\_prior](#) and [create\\_yule\\_tree\\_prior](#) for more examples using those functions

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  check_empty_beautier_folder()

  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()

  bd_tree_prior <- create_bd_tree_prior()
  cbs_tree_prior <- create_cbs_tree_prior()
  ccp_tree_prior <- create_ccp_tree_prior()
  cep_tree_prior <- create_cep_tree_prior()
  yule_tree_prior <- create_yule_tree_prior()

  # Use any of the above tree priors
  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),
    beast2_input_file,
    tree_prior = bd_tree_prior
  )
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)

  remove_beautier_folder()
  check_empty_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

create_tree_priors	<i>Creates all supported tree priors, which is a list of the types returned by <a href="#">create_bd_tree_prior</a>, <a href="#">create_cbs_tree_prior</a>, <a href="#">create_ccp_tree_prior</a>, <a href="#">create_cep_tree_prior</a> and <a href="#">create_yule_tree_prior</a></i>
--------------------	---

---

**Description**

Creates all supported tree priors, which is a list of the types returned by [create\\_bd\\_tree\\_prior](#), [create\\_cbs\\_tree\\_prior](#), [create\\_ccp\\_tree\\_prior](#), [create\\_cep\\_tree\\_prior](#) and [create\\_yule\\_tree\\_prior](#)

**Usage**

```
create_tree_priors()
```

**Value**

a list of tree\_priors

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

tree_priors <- create_tree_priors()
# TRUE
is_bd_tree_prior(tree_priors[[1]])
is_cbs_tree_prior(tree_priors[[2]])
is_ccp_tree_prior(tree_priors[[3]])
is_cep_tree_prior(tree_priors[[4]])
is_yule_tree_prior(tree_priors[[5]])

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_uclid\_mean\_state\_node\_param\_xml  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Creates the uclidMean.c parameter with the name stateNode, such as: `<parameter id="uclidMean.c:[id]" spec="parameter.RealParameter" name="stateNode">1.0</parameter>`

**Usage**

```
create_uclid_mean_state_node_param_xml(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

the XML `<parameter id="uclidMean.c:[id]" spec="parameter.RealParameter" name="stateNode">1.0</pa`

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

create_uclid_mean_state_node_param_xml(
  create_inference_model(
    clock_model = create_rln_clock_model(id = 314),
    beauti_options = create_beauti_options_v2_6()
  )
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_uclid\_stdev\_state\_node\_param\_xml  
*Internal function*

---

## Description

Creates the uclidStdev parameter with the name stateNode, such as: `<parameter id="uclidStdev.c:[id]" [...] name="stateNode">0.1</parameter>`

## Usage

```
create_uclid_stdev_state_node_param_xml(inference_model)
```

## Arguments

`inference_model`  
a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

## Value

the following XML: `<parameter id="uclidStdev.c:[id]" lower="0.0" name="stateNode"> 0.1 </parameter>`

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

create_uclid_stdev_state_node_param_xml(
  create_inference_model(
    clock_model = create_rln_clock_model(id = 314)
  )
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

create\_uniform\_distr *Create a uniform distribution*

---

**Description**

Create a uniform distribution

**Usage**

```
create_uniform_distr(id = NA, value = NA, lower = NA, upper = Inf)
```

**Arguments**

id	the distribution's ID
value	the initial value for the MCMC
lower	the lower bound, the lowest possible value
upper	an upper limit of the uniform distribution. If the upper limits needs to be infinity, set upper to Inf.

**Value**

a uniform distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the function [create\\_distr](#) shows an overview of all supported distributions

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  uniform_distr <- create_uniform_distr()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = create_yule_tree_prior(  
      birth_rate_distr = uniform_distr  
    )  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

create\_xml\_declaration

*Create the XML declaration of the BEAST2 XML input file*

---

**Description**

Create the XML declaration of the BEAST2 XML input file

**Usage**

```
create_xml_declaration()
```

**Value**

one line of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
create_xml_declaration()  
  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`create_yule_tree_prior`*Create a Yule tree prior*

---

**Description**

Create a Yule tree prior

**Usage**

```
create_yule_tree_prior(  
  id = NA,  
  birth_rate_distr = create_uniform_distr()  
)
```

**Arguments**

`id` the ID of the alignment  
`birth_rate_distr` the birth rate distribution, as created by a [create\\_distr](#) function

**Value**

a Yule tree\_prior

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

An alignment ID can be extracted from its FASTA filename using [get\\_alignment\\_id](#)

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  
  yule_tree_prior <- create_yule_tree_prior()  
  
  beast2_input_file <- get_beautier_tempfilename()  
  create_beast2_input_file(  
    input_filename = get_fasta_filename(),  
    beast2_input_file,  
    tree_prior = yule_tree_prior  
  )  
  file.remove(beast2_input_file)  
  
  remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

default\_parameters\_doc

*Documentation of parameters (for example, create\_param. This function does nothing. It is intended to inherit documentation from.*

---

### Description

Documentation of parameters (for example, create\_param. This function does nothing. It is intended to inherit documentation from.

### Usage

```
default_parameters_doc(dimension, estimate, id, lower, name, upper, value, ...)
```

### Arguments

dimension	the number of dimensions, for example, as used in <a href="#">create_freq_param</a>
estimate	TRUE if this parameter is to be estimated by BEAST2, FALSE otherwise
id	the parameter's ID
lower	lowest possible value of the parameter. If the parameter is estimated, lower must be less than value
name	the parameters' name. Valid names can be found in <code>get_param_names</code>
upper	upper value of the parameter
value	value of the parameter
...	specific parameter parameters

### Note

This is an internal function, so it should be marked with `@export`. This is not done, as this will disallow all functions to find the documentation parameters

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

default_params_doc	<i>Documentation of general function arguments. This function does nothing. It is intended to inherit function argument documentation.</i>
--------------------	--

---

### Description

Documentation of general function arguments. This function does nothing. It is intended to inherit function argument documentation.

### Usage

```
default_params_doc(  
    alignment_id,  
    allow_empty_str,  
    allow_na,  
    alpha_parameter,  
    b_pop_sizes_param,  
    b_pop_sizes_parameter,  
    bd_tree_prior,  
    beautier_folder,  
    cbs_tree_prior,  
    beast2_version,  
    beauti_options,  
    beta_parameter,  
    ccp_tree_prior,  
    cep_tree_prior,  
    chain_length,  
    clock_model,  
    clock_model_name,  
    clock_model_names,  
    clock_models,  
    clock_prior_distr_id,  
    clock_rate_param,  
    crown_age,  
    crown_ages,  
    distr_id,  
    fasta_filename,  
    fasta_filenames,  
    filename,  
    fixed_crown_age,  
    fixed_crown_ages,  
    freq_param,  
    gamma_distr,  
    gamma_site_model,  
    group_sizes_dimension,  
    gtr_site_model,  
    has_non_strict_clock_model,
```

has\_tip\_dating,  
hky\_site\_model,  
id,  
ids,  
inference\_model,  
inference\_models,  
initial\_phylogenies,  
input\_filename,  
input\_filenames,  
is\_monophyletic,  
jc69\_site\_model,  
kappa\_param,  
log\_every,  
m\_param,  
mcmc,  
mode,  
mrca\_prior,  
mrca\_priors,  
mrca\_prior\_name,  
n\_init\_attempts,  
output\_filename,  
param,  
param\_id,  
phylogeny,  
pop\_sizes\_scaler\_scale\_factor,  
pre\_burnin,  
rate\_scaler\_factor,  
rename\_fun,  
rln\_clock\_model,  
sample\_from\_prior,  
sanitise\_headers,  
screenlog,  
sequence\_length,  
site\_model,  
site\_model\_name,  
site\_model\_names,  
site\_models,  
sort,  
store\_every,  
strict\_clock\_model,  
taxa\_names,  
tipdates\_filename,  
tn93\_site\_model,  
tracelog,  
treelog,  
tree\_prior,  
tree\_prior\_name,  
tree\_prior\_names,

```

    tree_priors,
    verbose,
    yule_tree_prior
)

```

### Arguments

`alignment_id` ID of the alignment, as returned by [get\\_alignment\\_id](#). Keep at NA to have it initialized automatically

`allow_empty_str` allow a string to be empty

`allow_na` allow NA

`alpha_parameter` an alpha parameter, as created by [create\\_alpha\\_param](#)

`b_pop_sizes_param` a Bayesian population size parameter, as created by [create\\_b\\_pop\\_sizes\\_param](#)

`b_pop_sizes_parameter` a Bayesian population size parameter, as created by [create\\_b\\_pop\\_sizes\\_param](#)

`bd_tree_prior` a Birth-Death tree prior, as created by [create\\_bd\\_tree\\_prior](#)

`beautier_folder` the path to the [beautier](#) temporary files folder

`cbs_tree_prior` a Coalescent Bayesian Skyline tree prior, as returned by [create\\_cbs\\_tree\\_prior](#)

`beast2_version` BEAST2 version, for example, "2.5"

`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

`beta_parameter` a beta parameter, as created by [create\\_beta\\_param](#)

`ccp_tree_prior` a Coalescent Constant Population tree prior, as returned by [create\\_ccp\\_tree\\_prior](#)

`cep_tree_prior` a Coalescent Exponential Population tree prior, as returned by [create\\_cep\\_tree\\_prior](#)

`chain_length` length of the MCMC chain

`clock_model` a clock model, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

`clock_model_name` name of a clock model, must be a name as returned by [get\\_clock\\_model\\_names](#)

`clock_model_names` one or more names of a clock model, must be name among those returned by [get\\_clock\\_model\\_names](#)

`clock_models` a list of one or more clock models, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

`clock_prior_distr_id` ID of an MRCA clock model's distribution. Keep at NA to have it initialized automatically

`clock_rate_param` a `clockRate` parameter, a numeric value, as created by [create\\_clock\\_rate\\_param](#)

`crown_age` the crown age of the phylogeny

`crown_ages` the crown ages of the phylogenies. Set to NA if the crown age needs to be estimated

distr_id	a distributions' ID
fasta_filename	a FASTA filename. Use <a href="#">get_fasta_filename</a> to obtain a testing FASTA filename. Note that BEAST2 also supports missing data, by using a dash (-) or question mark (?) as a sequence.
fasta_filenames	One or more FASTA filenames. Use <a href="#">get_fasta_filename</a> to obtain a testing FASTA filename.
filename	a filename, as can be checked by <a href="#">check_filename</a>
fixed_crown_age	determines if the phylogeny's crown age is fixed. If FALSE, crown age is estimated by BEAST2. If TRUE, the crown age is fixed to the crown age of the initial phylogeny.
fixed_crown_ages	one or more booleans to determine if the phylogenies' crown ages are fixed. If FALSE, crown age is estimated by BEAST2. If TRUE, the crown age is fixed to the crown age of the initial phylogeny.
freq_param	a 'freq' parameter, as created by <a href="#">create_freq_param</a>
gamma_distr	a gamma distribution, as created by <a href="#">create_gamma_distr</a>
gamma_site_model	a site model's gamma site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_gamma_site_model</a>
group_sizes_dimension	the group sizes' dimension, as used by the CBS tree prior (see <a href="#">create_cbs_tree_prior</a> )
gtr_site_model	a GTR site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_gtr_site_model</a>
has_non_strict_clock_model	boolean to indicate that there is already at least one non-strict (i.e. relaxed log-normal) clock model
has_tip_dating	TRUE if the user has supplied tip dates, FALSE otherwise
hky_site_model	an HKY site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_hky_site_model</a>
id	an alignment's IDs. An ID can be extracted from its FASTA filename with <a href="#">get_alignment_ids_from_fasta_filenames</a>
ids	one or more alignments' IDs. IDs can be extracted from their FASTA filenames with <a href="#">get_alignment_ids_from_fasta_filenames</a>
inference_model	a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use <a href="#">create_inference_model</a> to create an inference model. Use <a href="#">check_inference_model</a> to check if an inference model is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_inference_model_filenames</a> to rename the files in an inference model.
inference_models	a list of one or more inference models, as can be created by <a href="#">create_inference_model</a>
initial_phylogenies	one or more MCMC chain's initial phylogenies. Each one set to NA will result in BEAST2 using a random phylogeny. Else the phylogeny is assumed to be of class phylo from the ape package

input_filename	A FASTA filename. Use <a href="#">get_fasta_filename</a> to obtain a testing FASTA filename.
input_filenames	One or more FASTA filenames. Use <a href="#">get_fasta_filename</a> to obtain a testing FASTA filename.
is_monophyletic	boolean to indicate monophyly is assumed in a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by <a href="#">create_mrca_prior</a>
jc69_site_model	a JC69 site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_jc69_site_model</a>
kappa_param	a kappa parameter, as created by <a href="#">create_kappa_param</a>
log_every	number of MCMC states between writing to file
m_param	an m parameter, as created by <a href="#">create_m_param</a>
mcmc	one MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_ns_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use <a href="#">check_mcmc</a> to check if an MCMC is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_mcmc_filenames</a> to rename the filenames in an MCMC.
mode	mode how to log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_modes</a>
mrca_prior	a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by <a href="#">create_mrca_prior</a>
mrca_priors	a list of one or more Most Recent Common Ancestor priors, as returned by <a href="#">create_mrca_prior</a>
mrca_prior_name	the unique name of the MRCA prior, for example a genus, family, order or even class name. Leave at <a href="#">NA</a> to have it named automatically.
n_init_attempts	number of initialization attempts before failing
output_filename	Name of the XML parameter file created by this function. BEAST2 uses this file as input.
param	a parameter, as can be created by <a href="#">create_param</a> .
param_id	a parameter's ID
phylogeny	a phylogeny of type phylo from the ape package
pop_sizes_scaler_scale_factor	the scale factor used by the population sizes scaler operator
pre_burnin	number of burn in samples taken before entering the main loop
rate_scaler_factor	the strict clock model's operator scaler for the rate. Use an empty string to indicate the default.
rename_fun	a function to rename a filename, as can be checked by <a href="#">check_rename_fun</a> . This function should have one argument, which will be a filename or <a href="#">NA</a> . The function should <a href="#">return</a> one filename (when passed one filename) or one <a href="#">NA</a> (when passed one <a href="#">NA</a> ). Example rename functions are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <a href="#">get_remove_dir_fun</a> get a function that removes the directory paths from the filenames, in effect turning these into local files</li> </ul>

- [get\\_replace\\_dir\\_fun](#) get a function that replaces the directory paths from the filenames
- [get\\_remove\\_hex\\_fun](#) get a function that removes the hex string from filenames. For example, `tracelog_82c1a522040.log` becomes `tracelog.log`

<code>rln_clock_model</code>	a Relaxed Log-Normal clock model, as returned by <a href="#">create_rln_clock_model</a>
<code>sample_from_prior</code>	set to <a href="#">TRUE</a> to sample from the prior
<code>sanitise_headers</code>	set to <a href="#">TRUE</a> to sanitise the headers of the log file
<code>screenlog</code>	a screenlog, as created by <a href="#">create_screenlog</a>
<code>sequence_length</code>	a DNA sequence length, in base pairs
<code>site_model</code>	a site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_site_model</a>
<code>site_model_name</code>	name of a site model, must be a name as returned by <a href="#">get_site_model_names</a>
<code>site_model_names</code>	one or more names of a site model, must be name among those returned by <a href="#">get_site_model_names</a>
<code>site_models</code>	one or more site models, as returned by <a href="#">create_site_model</a>
<code>sort</code>	how to sort the log. Valid values are the ones returned by <a href="#">get_log_sorts</a>
<code>store_every</code>	number of states the MCMC will process before the posterior's state will be saved to file. Use -1 or NA to use the default frequency.
<code>strict_clock_model</code>	a strict clock model, as returned by <a href="#">create_strict_clock_model</a>
<code>taxa_names</code>	names of the taxa, as returned by <a href="#">get_taxa_names</a> . Keep at NA to have it initialized automatically, using all taxa in the alignment
<code>tipdates_filename</code>	name of the file containing the tip dates. This file is assumed to have two columns, separated by a tab. The first column contains the taxa names, the second column contains the date.
<code>tn93_site_model</code>	a TN93 site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_tn93_site_model</a>
<code>tracelog</code>	a tracelog, as created by <a href="#">create_tracelog</a>
<code>treelog</code>	a treelog, as created by <a href="#">create_treelog</a>
<code>tree_prior</code>	a tree priors, as returned by <a href="#">create_tree_prior</a>
<code>tree_prior_name</code>	name of a tree prior, must be a name as returned by <a href="#">get_tree_prior_names</a>
<code>tree_prior_names</code>	one or more names of a tree prior, must be a name among those returned by <a href="#">get_tree_prior_names</a>
<code>tree_priors</code>	one or more tree priors, as returned by <a href="#">create_tree_prior</a>
<code>verbose</code>	if <a href="#">TRUE</a> , additional information is displayed, that is potentially useful in debugging
<code>yule_tree_prior</code>	a Yule tree_prior, as created by <a href="#">create_yule_tree_prior</a>

**Note**

This is an internal function, so it should be marked with `@export`. This is not done, as this will disallow all functions to find the documentation parameters

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

distr_to_xml	<i>Internal function</i>
--------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

Converts a distribution to XML

**Usage**

```
distr_to_xml(distr, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

`distr` a distribution, as created by [create\\_distr](#))  
`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the distribution as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
distr_to_xml(  
  create_uniform_distr(id = 1),  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)  
  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

distr\_to\_xml\_beta      *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a beta distribution to XML

**Usage**

```
distr_to_xml_beta(distr, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

distr                    a beta distribution, as created by [create\\_beta\\_distr](#))  
beauti\_options    one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the distribution as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

distr\_to\_xml\_exp      *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts an exponential distribution to XML

**Usage**

```
distr_to_xml_exp(distr, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

distr                    an exponential distribution, as created by [create\\_exp\\_distr](#))  
beauti\_options    one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the distribution as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

distr\_to\_xml\_inv\_gamma

*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts an inverse-gamma distribution to XML

**Usage**

```
distr_to_xml_inv_gamma(distr, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

distr                    an inverse-gamma distribution, as created by [create\\_inv\\_gamma\\_distr](#)  
beauti\_options    one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the distribution as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

distr\_to\_xml\_laplace    *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a Laplace distribution to XML

**Usage**

```
distr_to_xml_laplace(distr, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

distr                    a Laplace distribution as created by [create\\_laplace\\_distr](#)  
beauti\_options    one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the distribution as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

distr\_to\_xml\_log\_normal  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a log-normal distribution to XML

**Usage**

```
distr_to_xml_log_normal(distr, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

distr                    a log-normal distribution, as created by [create\\_log\\_normal\\_distr](#))  
beauti\_options    one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the distribution as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

distr\_to\_xml\_normal    *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a normal distribution to XML

**Usage**

```
distr_to_xml_normal(distr, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

distr                    a normal distribution, as created by [create\\_normal\\_distr](#))  
beauti\_options    one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the distribution as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

distr\_to\_xml\_one\_div\_x

*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a  $1/x$  distribution to XML

**Usage**

```
distr_to_xml_one_div_x(distr, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

distr                    a  $1/x$  distribution, as created by [create\\_one\\_div\\_x\\_distr](#))  
beauti\_options    one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the distribution as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

distr\_to\_xml\_poisson    *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a Poisson distribution to XML

**Usage**

```
distr_to_xml_poisson(distr, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

distr                    a Poisson distribution, as created by [create\\_poisson\\_distr](#))  
beauti\_options    one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the distribution as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

distr\_to\_xml\_uniform *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a uniform distribution to XML

**Usage**

```
distr_to_xml_uniform(distr, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

distr                    a uniform distribution, as created by [create\\_uniform\\_distr](#))  
beauti\_options    one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the distribution as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

extract\_xml\_loggers\_from\_lines  
*Extract everything between first loggers and last loggers line*

---

**Description**

Extract everything between first loggers and last loggers line

**Usage**

```
extract_xml_loggers_from_lines(lines)
```

**Arguments**

lines                    lines of text

**Value**

lines of text from the first to and including the last operators line

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

extract\_xml\_operators\_from\_lines

*Extract everything between first operators and last operators line*

---

**Description**

Extract everything between first operators and last operators line

**Usage**

```
extract_xml_operators_from_lines(lines)
```

**Arguments**

lines            lines of text

**Value**

lines of text from the first to and including the last operators line

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

extract\_xml\_section\_from\_lines

*Get the lines of an XML section, including the section tags*

---

**Description**

Get the lines of an XML section, including the section tags

**Usage**

```
extract_xml_section_from_lines(lines, section)
```

**Arguments**

lines            lines of the XML text  
section          the XML section name

**Value**

the section's lines of XML text, including the tags

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`fasta_file_to_sequences`*Convert a FASTA file to a table of sequences*

---

**Description**

Convert a FASTA file to a table of sequences

**Usage**

```
fasta_file_to_sequences(fasta_filename)
```

**Arguments**

`fasta_filename` One existing FASTA filenames

**Value**

a table of sequences

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
fasta_file_to_sequences(fasta_filename = get_fasta_filename())
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`find_clock_model`*Finds a clock model with a certain ID*

---

**Description**

Finds a clock model with a certain ID

**Usage**

```
find_clock_model(clock_models, id)
```

**Arguments**

`clock_models` a list of one or more clock models, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

`id` the ID of the clock model

**Value**

the clock models with the desired ID, NULL if such a clock model is absent

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`find_first_regex_line` *Find the first line that satisfies a regex*

---

**Description**

Find the first line that satisfies a regex

**Usage**

```
find_first_regex_line(lines, regex)
```

**Arguments**

<code>lines</code>	lines of text
<code>regex</code>	the regex as text

**Value**

index of the line

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`find_first_xml_opening_tag_line`  
*Find the line number of the first section's opening tag*

---

**Description**

Find the line number of the first section's opening tag

**Usage**

```
find_first_xml_opening_tag_line(lines, section)
```

**Arguments**

lines	the lines of an XML text
section	the name of the XML section

**Value**

the line number's index (which is 1 for the first line) if the opening tag is found, else NA

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

*find\_last\_regex\_line* Find the index of the last line that matches a regex

---

**Description**

Find the index of the last line that matches a regex

**Usage**

```
find_last_regex_line(lines, regex)
```

**Arguments**

lines	lines of text
regex	regex string

**Value**

index of the line

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

find\_last\_xml\_closing\_tag\_line

*Find the highest line number of a section's closing tag*

---

**Description**

Find the highest line number of a section's closing tag

**Usage**

```
find_last_xml_closing_tag_line(lines, section)
```

**Arguments**

lines	the lines of an XML text
section	the name of the XML section

**Value**

the line number's index (which is 1 for the first line) if the opening tag is found, else NA

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

freq\_equilibrium\_to\_xml

*Creates the freq\_equilibrium as XML*

---

**Description**

Creates the freq\_equilibrium as XML

**Usage**

```
freq_equilibrium_to_xml(freq_equilibrium, id)
```

**Arguments**

freq_equilibrium	
id	a freq_equilibrium name
	a site model's name

**Value**

the freq\_equilibrium as XML

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

freq_equilibrium_to_xml(freq_equilibrium = "estimated", id = "my_id")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

freq\_param\_to\_xml      *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a 'freq' parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
freq_param_to_xml(freq_param, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

**Arguments**

freq\_param      a 'freq' parameter, as created by [create\\_freq\\_param](#)  
beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# The freq parameter must be initialized, i.e. have an ID
freq_param_to_xml(freq_param = create_freq_param(id = "1"))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

gamma\_distr\_to\_xml     *Internal function*

---

### Description

Converts a gamma distribution to XML

### Usage

```
gamma_distr_to_xml(gamma_distr, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

### Arguments

`gamma_distr`     a gamma distribution, as created by [create\\_gamma\\_distr](#))  
`beauti_options`   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

### Value

the distribution as XML text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# gamma distribution must be initialized
gamma_distr_to_xml(
  gamma_distr = create_gamma_distr(
    id = "0",
    alpha = create_alpha_param(id = "2", value = "0.5396"),
    beta = create_beta_param(id = "3", value = "0.3819")
  )
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

gamma\_site\_models\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr  
*Deprecated function*

---

**Description**

Internal function to creates the gamma site models section in the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file

**Usage**

```
gamma_site_models_to_xml_prior_distr(  
  site_models,  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)
```

**Arguments**

site\_models     one or more site models, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)  
beauti\_options  one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

gamma\_site\_model\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr  
*Internal function.*

---

**Description**

Creates the gamma site models section in the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file

**Usage**

```
gamma_site_model_to_xml_prior_distr(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`gamma_site_model_to_xml_state`

*Converts a gamma site model to XML, used in the state section*

---

**Description**

Converts a gamma site model to XML, used in the state section

**Usage**

```
gamma_site_model_to_xml_state(gamma_site_model, id)
```

**Arguments**

`gamma_site_model`

a gamma site model, as created by [create\\_gamma\\_site\\_model](#))

`id`

the site model's ID

**Value**

the `gamma_site` model as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

get\_alignment\_id      *Conclude the ID from a FASTA filename.*

---

### Description

This is done in the same way as BEAST2 will do so.

### Usage

```
get_alignment_id(fasta_filename, capitalize_first_char_id = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

`fasta_filename` a FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename. Note that BEAST2 also supports missing data, by using a dash (-) or question mark (?) as a sequence.

`capitalize_first_char_id`  
if TRUE, the first character will be capitalized

### Value

an alignment's ID

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

Use [check\\_alignment\\_id](#) to check if an alignment ID is valid.

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# Path need not exist, use UNIX path as example
# anthus_aco_sub
alignment_id <- get_alignment_id("/home/homer/anthus_aco_sub.fas")
check_alignment_id(alignment_id)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_alignment\_ids      *Get the alignment IDs from one or more files.*

---

### Description

This is done in the same way as BEAST2 does by default. The file extension will be used to determine which type of file is worked on.

### Usage

```
get_alignment_ids(filenamees)
```

### Arguments

filenamees      names of the files to be checked

### Value

the IDs extracted from the one or more files

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

Use [get\\_alignment\\_ids\\_from\\_fasta\\_filenames](#) to get the alignment IDs from files known to be FASTA files

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

get_alignment_ids(
  get_beautier_paths(c("anthus_aco.fas", "anthus_nd2.fas"))
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`get_alignment_ids_from_fasta_filenames`*Get the alignment ID from one or more FASTA filenames.*

---

**Description**

This is done in the same way as BEAST2 does by default. The files are assumed to be FASTA. If this is not the case, there may be any kind of error message when calling this function.

**Usage**

```
get_alignment_ids_from_fasta_filenames(fasta_filenames)
```

**Arguments**

`fasta_filenames`

One or more FASTA filenames. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.

**Value**

the IDs from one or more FASTA files

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [get\\_alignment\\_ids](#) to get the alignment IDs from multiple kinds of files. Use [are\\_fasta\\_filenames](#) to see if the filenames all have a common FASTA filename extension.

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

get_alignment_ids_from_fasta_filenames(
  get_beautier_paths(c("anthus_aco.fas", "anthus_nd2.fas"))
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_beautier\_folder     *Get the path to the **beautier** temporary files folder*

---

**Description**

Get the path to the **beautier** temporary files folder

**Usage**

```
get_beautier_folder()
```

**Value**

the path to the **beautier** temporary files folder

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
get_beautier_folder()
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_beautier\_path     *Get the full path of a file in the inst/extdata folder*

---

**Description**

Get the full path of a file in the inst/extdata folder

**Usage**

```
get_beautier_path(filename)
```

**Arguments**

filename     the file's name, without the path

**Value**

the full path of the filename

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

for more files, use [get\\_beautier\\_paths](#)

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

get_beautier_path("test_output_0.fas")
get_beautier_path("anthus_aco.fas")
get_beautier_path("anthus_nd2.fas")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`get_beautier_paths`      *Get the full paths of files in the inst/extdata folder*

---

**Description**

Get the full paths of files in the inst/extdata folder

**Usage**

```
get_beautier_paths(filenamees)
```

**Arguments**

filenamees      the files' names, without the path

**Value**

the filenamees' full paths

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [get\\_beautier\\_path](#) to get the path of one file  
for one file, use [get\\_beautier\\_path](#)

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

get_beautier_paths(
  c("test_output_0.fas", "anthus_aco.fas", "anthus_nd2.fas")
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

```

get_beautier_tempfilename
Get a temporary filename

```

---

**Description**

Get a temporary filename, similar to [tempfile](#), except that it always writes to a temporary folder named [beautier](#).

**Usage**

```
get_beautier_tempfilename(pattern = "file", fileext = "")
```

**Arguments**

pattern	a non-empty character vector giving the initial part of the name.
fileext	a non-empty character vector giving the file extension

**Value**

name for a temporary file

**Note**

this function is added to make sure no temporary cache files are left undeleted

---

```

get_clock_models_ids Collect the IDs of the list of clock models

```

---

**Description**

Collect the IDs of the list of clock models

**Usage**

```
get_clock_models_ids(clock_models)
```

**Arguments**

`clock_models` a list of one or more clock models, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

**Value**

IDs of the clock models

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`get_clock_model_name` *Get the BEAUti name for a clock model*

---

**Description**

Will [stop](#) if the clock model is an invalid clock model

**Usage**

```
get_clock_model_name(clock_model)
```

**Arguments**

`clock_model` a clock model, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

**Value**

name of the clock model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# StrictClock
get_clock_model_name(create_strict_clock_model())

# RelaxedClock
get_clock_model_name(create_rln_clock_model())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_clock\_model\_names *Get the clock model names*

---

**Description**

Get the clock model names

**Usage**

```
get_clock_model_names()
```

**Value**

the clock model names

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_clock\\_models](#) to create a list with all clock models

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
get_clock_model_names()
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_crown\_age *Obtain the crown age of a phylogeny.*

---

**Description**

The crown age of a phylogeny is the time between the present and the moment of at which the first diversification (resulting in two lineages) happened.

**Usage**

```
get_crown_age(phylogeny)
```

**Arguments**

phylogeny      The phylogeny to obtain the crown age of

**Value**

the crown age of the phylogeny

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

phylogeny <- ape::read.tree(text = "(a:15,b:15):1;")
get_crown_age(phylogeny = phylogeny)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`get_default_beast_namespace`

*Get the default 'namespace' element value of the 'beast' XML tag.*

---

**Description**

Get the default 'namespace' element value of the 'beast' XML tag.

**Usage**

```
get_default_beast_namespace()
```

**Value**

the default 'namespace' element value of the 'beast' XML tag.

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

\* For BEAST2 v2.4, use [get\\_default\\_beast\\_namespace\\_v2\\_4](#) \* For BEAST2 v2.6, use [get\\_default\\_beast\\_namespace\\_v2\\_6](#)

**Examples**

```
get_default_beast_namespace()
```

---

```
get_default_beast_namespace_v2_4
```

*Get the default 'namespace' element value of the 'beast' XML tag for BEAST 2.4*

---

**Description**

Get the default 'namespace' element value of the 'beast' XML tag for BEAST 2.4

**Usage**

```
get_default_beast_namespace_v2_4()
```

**Value**

the default 'namespace' element value of the 'beast' XML tag for BEAST 2.4

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
get_default_beast_namespace_v2_4()
```

---

```
get_default_beast_namespace_v2_6
```

*Get the default 'namespace' element value of the 'beast' XML tag for BEAST 2.6*

---

**Description**

Get the default 'namespace' element value of the 'beast' XML tag for BEAST 2.6

**Usage**

```
get_default_beast_namespace_v2_6()
```

**Value**

the default 'namespace' element value of the 'beast' XML tag for BEAST 2.6

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
get_default_beast_namespace_v2_6()
```

---

get_distr_names	<i>Get the distribution names</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Get the distribution names

**Usage**

```
get_distr_names()
```

**Value**

the distribution names

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
get_distr_names()
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get_distr_n_params	<i>Get the number of parameters a distribution uses</i>
--------------------	---

---

**Description**

Get the number of parameters a distribution uses

**Usage**

```
get_distr_n_params(distr)
```

**Arguments**

distr            a distribution, as created by [create\\_distr](#) or (preferable) its named functions

**Value**

the number of parameters that distribution uses

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

get_distr_n_params(create_beta_distr())
get_distr_n_params(create_exp_distr())
get_distr_n_params(create_gamma_distr())
get_distr_n_params(create_inv_gamma_distr())
get_distr_n_params(create_laplace_distr())
get_distr_n_params(create_log_normal_distr())
get_distr_n_params(create_normal_distr())
get_distr_n_params(create_one_div_x_distr())
get_distr_n_params(create_poisson_distr())
get_distr_n_params(create_uniform_distr())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_fasta\_filename      *Get the path of a FASTA file used in testing*

---

**Description**

Get the path of a FASTA file used in testing

**Usage**

```
get_fasta_filename()
```

**Value**

the path of a FASTA file used in testing

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {

  input_filename <- get_fasta_filename()
  output_filename <- get_beautier_tempfilename()

  create_beast2_input_file(
    input_filename = input_filename,
    output_filename = output_filename
```

```
)  
file.remove(output_filename)  
  
remove_beautier_folder()  
}
```

---

`get_file_base_sans_ext`

*Get the base of the filename base without extension*

---

### **Description**

The path need not to actually exist

### **Usage**

```
get_file_base_sans_ext(filename)
```

### **Arguments**

filename      A filename

### **Value**

That filename without its full path and extension

### **Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### **Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
# Path need not exist, use UNIX path as example  
# test  
get_file_base_sans_ext("/home/homer/test.txt")  
  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`get_freq_equilibrium_names`*Returns valid values for the freq\_equilibrium argument*

---

**Description**

Returns valid values for the freq\_equilibrium argument

**Usage**

```
get_freq_equilibrium_names()
```

**Value**

the valid values for the freq\_equilibrium argument

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the freq\_equilibrium argument is used in [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#), [create\\_hky\\_site\\_model](#), and [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#)

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
get_freq_equilibrium_names()
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`get_gamma_site_model_n_distrs`*Get the number of distributions in a gamma site model*

---

**Description**

Get the number of distributions in a gamma site model

**Usage**

```
get_gamma_site_model_n_distrs(gamma_site_model)
```

**Arguments**

gamma\_site\_model  
a site model's gamma site model, as returned by [create\\_gamma\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

the number of distributions a gamma site model has

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_gamma\\_site\\_model](#) to create a gamma site model

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# zero distributions
gamma_site_model <- create_gamma_site_model()
get_gamma_site_model_n_distrs(
  gamma_site_model
)

gamma_site_model <- create_gamma_site_model(
  gamma_cat_count = 2,
  gamma_shape_prior_distr = create_exp_distr()
)

# one distribution
get_gamma_site_model_n_distrs(gamma_site_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_gamma\_site\_model\_n\_params

*Get the number of distributions a site model has*

---

**Description**

Get the number of distributions a site model has

**Usage**

```
get_gamma_site_model_n_params(gamma_site_model)
```

**Arguments**

`gamma_site_model`  
 a site model's gamma site model, as returned by [create\\_gamma\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

the number of parameters a site model has

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# 0 parameters
get_gamma_site_model_n_params(
  create_gamma_site_model(gamma_cat_count = 0)
)

# 0 parameters
get_gamma_site_model_n_params(
  create_gamma_site_model(gamma_cat_count = 1)
)

# 1 parameter
get_gamma_site_model_n_params(
  create_gamma_site_model(
    gamma_cat_count = 2,
    gamma_shape_prior_distr = create_exp_distr()
  )
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

```
get_has_non_strict_clock_model
```

*Determines if there is at least one non-strict clock model in the list of one or more clock models*

---

**Description**

Determines if there is at least one non-strict clock model in the list of one or more clock models

**Usage**

```
get_has_non_strict_clock_model(clock_models)
```

**Arguments**

clock\_models a list of one or more clock models, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

**Value**

TRUE if there is at least one non-strict clock model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

get\_inference\_model\_filenames

*Get the filenames stored in an inference model.*

---

**Description**

If there is no name for a tipdates file specified (as done by setting `inference_model$tipdates_filename` to `NA`, there will be one filename less returned

**Usage**

```
get_inference_model_filenames(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

the filenames stored in an inference model

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

inference_model <- create_inference_model()
filenames <- get_inference_model_filenames(inference_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get_log_modes	<i>Get the possible log modes</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Get the possible log modes

**Usage**

```
get_log_modes()
```

**Value**

the possible log modes

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
get_log_modes()
```

---

get_log_sorts	<i>Get the possible log sorts</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Get the possible log sorts

**Usage**

```
get_log_sorts()
```

**Value**

the possible log sorts

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
get_log_sorts()
```

---

get\_mcmc\_filenames      *Get the filenames stored in an MCMC.*

---

## Description

If a filename is set to an empty string, to indicate a certain log file need not be created, this (non-)filename will not be returned.

## Usage

```
get_mcmc_filenames(mcmc)
```

## Arguments

mcmc                    one MCMC. Use [create\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC. Use [create\\_ns\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use [check\\_mcmc](#) to check if an MCMC is valid. Use [rename\\_mcmc\\_filenames](#) to rename the filenames in an MCMC.

## Value

the filenames stored in an MCMC

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

mcmc <- create_mcmc()
mcmc$tracelog$filename <- "/home/john/trace.log"
mcmc$screenlog$filename <- "/home/john/screen.log"
mcmc$treelog$filename <- "/home/john/tree.log"

# 3 filenames
filenames <- get_mcmc_filenames(mcmc)

# If there is no need to write to the screenlog file ...
mcmc$screenlog$filename <- ""

# 2 filenames
# ... one file less will be created
filenames <- get_mcmc_filenames(mcmc)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

get\_n\_taxa                    *Extract the number of taxa from a file*

---

**Description**

Extract the number of taxa from a file

**Usage**

```
get_n_taxa(filename)
```

**Arguments**

filename                    name of a FASTA file

**Value**

the number of taxa

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

fasta_filename <- get_beautier_path("test_output_5.fas")
# 5
get_n_taxa(fasta_filename)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_operator\_id\_pre        *Get the prefix of operator IDs*

---

**Description**

Get the prefix of operator IDs

**Usage**

```
get_operator_id_pre(tree_prior)
```

**Arguments**

tree\_prior                  a tree priors, as returned by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)

**Value**

the prefix of operator IDs, similar to the name of a tree prior

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# BirthDeath
get_operator_id_pre(
  tree_prior = create_bd_tree_prior()
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

<code>get_param_names</code>	<i>Get the parameter names</i>
------------------------------	--------------------------------

---

**Description**

Get the parameter names

**Usage**

```
get_param_names()
```

**Value**

the parameter names

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

names <- get_param_names()

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_remove\_dir\_fun     *Get a function that, from a filename, returns the part without the directory.*

---

**Description**

Or: get a function that returns the local version of a filename. Also, the function will return [NA](#) if the filename is [NA](#)

**Usage**

```
get_remove_dir_fun()
```

**Value**

a function to remove the folder name from a path

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

see [check\\_rename\\_fun](#) for an overview of file renaming functions

---

get\_remove\_hex\_fun     *Get a function that removes the hex string from filenames.*

---

**Description**

The default filenames created by [beautier](#) are temporary files, such as `/home/john/.cache/trace_log_82c5888db98.log` (on Linux), where `/home/john/.cache` is the location to a temporary folder (on Linux) and `trace_log_82c5888db98.log` the filename. The filename ends with a hex string (as is common for temporary files, as [tempfile](#) does so). Because [beautier](#) puts an underscore between the filename description (`trace_log`) and the hex string, this function removes both.

**Usage**

```
get_remove_hex_fun()
```

**Value**

a function to remove the hex string from filenames

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

f <- get_remove_hex_fun()
# /home/john/beast2.xml.state
f("/home/john/beast2_186c7404208c.xml.state")

# beast2.xml.state
f("beast2_186c7404208c.xml.state")

# NA
f(NA)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_replace\_dir\_fun    *Get a function to replace the directory of a filename*

---

**Description**

Get a function to replace the directory of a filename

**Usage**

```
get_replace_dir_fun(new_dir_name = "")
```

**Arguments**

new\_dir\_name    the new directory name

**Value**

a function to replace the directory of a filename

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`get_site_models_n_distrs`*Get the number of distributions a site model has*

---

**Description**

Get the number of distributions a site model has

**Usage**

```
get_site_models_n_distrs(site_models)
```

**Arguments**

`site_models`     one or more site models, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

the number of distributions the site models have

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# 5
get_site_models_n_distrs(list(create_gtr_site_model()))
# 1
get_site_models_n_distrs(list(create_hky_site_model()))
# 0
get_site_models_n_distrs(list(create_jc69_site_model()))
# 2
get_site_models_n_distrs(list(create_tn93_site_model()))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`get_site_models_n_params`*Get the number of distributions one or more site models have*

---

**Description**

Get the number of distributions one or more site models have

**Usage**

```
get_site_models_n_params(site_models)
```

**Arguments**

`site_models` one or more site models, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

the number of parameters the site models have

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# Ten
get_site_models_n_params(list(create_gtr_site_model()))

# Two
get_site_models_n_params(list(create_hky_site_model()))

# Zero
get_site_models_n_params(list(create_jc69_site_model()))

# Four
get_site_models_n_params(list(create_tn93_site_model()))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`get_site_model_names` *Get the site models' names*

---

**Description**

Get the site models' names

**Usage**

```
get_site_model_names()
```

**Value**

the site model names

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_site\\_models](#) to get all site models

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
get_site_model_names()
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`get_site_model_n_distrs`

*Get the number of distributions a site model has*

---

**Description**

Get the number of distributions a site model has

**Usage**

```
get_site_model_n_distrs(site_model)
```

**Arguments**

`site_model` a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

the number of distributions a site model has

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# 5: rates AC, AG, AT, CG and GT
get_site_model_n_distrs(create_gtr_site_model())

# 1: kappa
get_site_model_n_distrs(create_hky_site_model())

# 0: npne
get_site_model_n_distrs(create_jc69_site_model())

# 2: kappa 1 and kappa 2
get_site_model_n_distrs(create_tn93_site_model())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`get_site_model_n_params`

*Get the number of distributions a site model has*

---

**Description**

Get the number of distributions a site model has

**Usage**

```
get_site_model_n_params(site_model)
```

**Arguments**

`site_model` a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

the number of parameters a site model has

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# Ten
get_site_model_n_params(create_gtr_site_model())

# Two
get_site_model_n_params(create_hky_site_model())

# Zero
get_site_model_n_params(create_jc69_site_model())

# Four
get_site_model_n_params(create_tn93_site_model())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get_taxa_names	<i>Extract the names of taxa from a file</i>
----------------	--

---

**Description**

Extract the names of taxa from a file

**Usage**

```
get_taxa_names(filename)
```

**Arguments**

filename	name of a FASTA file
----------	----------------------

**Value**

the taxa names

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

get_taxa_names(get_beautier_path("anthus_aco_sub.fas"))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`get_tree_priors_n_distrs`*Get the number of distributions a tree prior has*

---

**Description**

Get the number of distributions a tree prior has

**Usage**

```
get_tree_priors_n_distrs(tree_priors)
```

**Arguments**

`tree_priors` one or more tree priors, as returned by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)

**Value**

the number of distributions a tree prior has

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# Three distributions
get_tree_priors_n_distrs(
  list(
    create_bd_tree_prior(), # has two distributions
    create_ccp_tree_prior() # has one distribution
  )
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`get_tree_priors_n_params`*Get the number of parameters a list of tree priors has*

---

**Description**

Get the number of parameters a list of tree priors has

**Usage**

```
get_tree_priors_n_params(tree_priors)
```

**Arguments**

tree\_priors     one or more tree priors, as returned by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)

**Value**

the number of parameters the tree priors have

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# Two
get_tree_priors_n_params(
  list(
    create_bd_tree_prior(), # zero
    create_cep_tree_prior() # two
  )
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_tree\_prior\_names     *Get the tree prior names*

---

**Description**

Get the tree prior names

**Usage**

```
get_tree_prior_names()
```

**Value**

the tree prior names

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_tree\\_priors](#) to get all tree priors

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
get_tree_prior_names()
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_tree\_prior\_n\_distrs

*Get the number of distributions a tree prior has*

---

**Description**

Get the number of distributions a tree prior has

**Usage**

```
get_tree_prior_n_distrs(tree_prior)
```

**Arguments**

tree\_prior      a tree priors, as returned by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)

**Value**

the number of distributions a tree prior has

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# 2: birth_rate_distr and death_rate_distr
get_tree_prior_n_distrs(create_bd_tree_prior())

# 0:none
get_tree_prior_n_distrs(create_cbs_tree_prior())

# 1: pop_size_distr
get_tree_prior_n_distrs(create_ccp_tree_prior())

# 2:pop_size_distr and growth_rate_distr
```

```
get_tree_prior_n_distrs(create_cep_tree_prior())  
  
# 1: birth_rate_distr  
get_tree_prior_n_distrs(create_yule_tree_prior())  
  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

get\_tree\_prior\_n\_params

*Get the number of parameters a tree prior has*

---

### Description

Get the number of parameters a tree prior has

### Usage

```
get_tree_prior_n_params(tree_prior)
```

### Arguments

tree\_prior      a tree\_prior, as created by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)

### Value

the number of parameters a tree prior has

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
# birth_rate_distr is uniform, which has zero parameters  
# death_rate_distr is uniform, which has zero parameters  
get_tree_prior_n_params(create_bd_tree_prior())  
  
# no distributions, no parameters  
get_tree_prior_n_params(create_cbs_tree_prior())  
  
# pop_size_distr is 1/x, which has zero parameters  
get_tree_prior_n_params(create_ccp_tree_prior())  
  
# pop_size_distr is 1/x, which has zero parameters  
# growth_rate_distr is Laplace, which has two parameters  
get_tree_prior_n_params(create_cep_tree_prior())  
  
# birth_rate_distr is uniform, which has zero parameters
```

```
get_tree_prior_n_params(create_yule_tree_prior())  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

*get\_xml\_closing\_tag*    *Get the XML closing tag*

---

### **Description**

Get the XML closing tag

### **Usage**

```
get_xml_closing_tag(text)
```

### **Arguments**

text                    lines of XML to extract the XML closing tag from

### **Value**

the closing tag if found, else NA

### **Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### **Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
# my_tag  
get_xml_closing_tag("<my_tag text=something></my_tag>")  
  
# Will return NA  
get_xml_closing_tag("<my_tag text=something/>")  
get_xml_closing_tag("no_xml")  
  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

get\_xml\_opening\_tag *Get the XML opening tag*

---

**Description**

Get the XML opening tag

**Usage**

```
get_xml_opening_tag(text)
```

**Arguments**

text                    text to be determined to be valid

**Value**

the opening tag if found, else NA

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# my_tag
get_xml_opening_tag("<my_tag text=something/>")

# NA when there is no opening tag
get_xml_opening_tag("no_xml")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

gtr\_site\_model\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a GTR site model to XML, used in the prior section

**Usage**

```
gtr_site_model_to_xml_prior_distr(site_model, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)  
 beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the site model as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
gtr_site_model_to_xml_prior_distr(
  site_model = create_gtr_site_model(
    id = 1,
    rate_ac_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 2),
    rate_ag_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 3),
    rate_at_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 4),
    rate_cg_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 5),
    rate_gt_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 6)
  ),
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()
)
```

---

gtr\_site\_model\_to\_xml\_state

*Converts a site model to XML, used in the state section*

---

**Description**

Converts a site model to XML, used in the state section

**Usage**

```
gtr_site_model_to_xml_state(
  site_model,
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()
)
```

**Arguments**

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)  
 beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the site model as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

has_mrca_prior	<i>Determines if the inference model has an MRCA prior.</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

Will [stop](#) if the inference model is invalid

**Usage**

```
has_mrca_prior(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

TRUE if the inference model has an MRCA prior, FALSE otherwise

**Note**

MRCA: 'Most Recent Common Ancestor'

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

- [create\\_inference\\_model](#): create an inference model
- [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#): create an MRCA prior

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# No MRCA prior
inference_model <- create_inference_model(
  mrca_prior = NA
)
has_mrca_prior(inference_model) # Returns FALSE

# A default MRCA prior
inference_model <- create_inference_model(
  mrca_prior = create_mrca_prior()
)
has_mrca_prior(inference_model) # Returns TRUE

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

has\_mrca\_prior\_with\_distr

*See if the inference model has one MRCA prior with a distribution*

---

**Description**

See if the inference model has one MRCA prior with a distribution

**Usage**

```
has_mrca_prior_with_distr(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

TRUE if the inference model has one MRCA prior with a distribution, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

has\_rln\_clock\_model *Determine if the inference\_model uses a relaxed log-normal clock model.*

---

### Description

Determine if the `inference_model` uses a relaxed log-normal clock model.

### Usage

```
has_rln_clock_model(inference_model)
```

### Arguments

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Value

TRUE if the `inference_model` uses a relaxed log-normal clock model, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  check_empty_beautier_folder()

  # Yes, has a RLN clock model
  has_rln_clock_model(
    create_inference_model(clock_model = create_rln_clock_model())
  )

  # No RLN clock model
  has_rln_clock_model(
    create_inference_model(clock_model = create_strict_clock_model())
  )

  check_empty_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

`has_strict_clock_model`*Determine if the inference\_model uses a strict clock model.*

---

**Description**

Determine if the inference\_model uses a strict clock model

**Usage**

```
has_strict_clock_model(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

TRUE if the inference\_model uses a strict clock model, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# Yes, has a strict clock model
has_strict_clock_model(
  create_inference_model(clock_model = create_strict_clock_model())
)

# No strict clock model
has_strict_clock_model(
  create_inference_model(clock_model = create_rln_clock_model())
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

has_tip_dating	<i>Determine if the inference_model uses tip dating.</i>
----------------	--

---

**Description**

Determine if the inference\_model uses tip dating

**Usage**

```
has_tip_dating(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

TRUE if the inference\_model uses tip dating, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# Yes, has tip dating
has_strict_clock_model(
  create_inference_model(
    tipdates_filename = get_beautier_path("test_output_0_tipdates.tsv")
  )
)

# No tip dating
has_strict_clock_model(
  create_inference_model()
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

has\_xml\_closing\_tag *Is an XML closing tag with the value of section present among the lines of the text?*

---

**Description**

Is an XML closing tag with the value of section present among the lines of the text?

**Usage**

```
has_xml_closing_tag(lines, section)
```

**Arguments**

lines	lines of the XML text
section	the XML section

**Value**

TRUE if there is an XML closing tag with the value of section present. FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

has\_xml\_opening\_tag *Is an XML opening tag with value 'section' present among the lines of the text?*

---

**Description**

Is an XML opening tag with value 'section' present among the lines of the text?

**Usage**

```
has_xml_opening_tag(lines, section = NA)
```

**Arguments**

lines	lines of an XML text
section	if NA, this function returns TRUE if there is any XML opening tag. If section is set to a certain word, this function returns TRUE if that tag matches section

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

has\_xml\_short\_closing\_tag

*Is an XML closing tag with short closing text in one of the lines of the text?*

---

**Description**

Is an XML closing tag with short closing text in one of the lines of the text?

**Usage**

```
has_xml_short_closing_tag(lines)
```

**Arguments**

lines            lines of an XML text

**Value**

TRUE if there is an XML tag that also closes present in the lines of text, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
has_xml_short_closing_tag("<my_tag id=1/>")
# FALSE
has_xml_short_closing_tag("<my_tag id=1>text</my_tag>")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

hky\_site\_model\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts an HKY site model to XML, used in the prior section

**Usage**

```
hky_site_model_to_xml_prior_distr(site_model, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)  
beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the site model as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
hky_site_model_to_xml_prior_distr(  
  site_model = create_hky_site_model(  
    id = 1,  
    kappa_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 2)  
  ),  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)
```

---

hky\_site\_model\_to\_xml\_state  
*Converts a site model to XML, used in the state section*

---

**Description**

Converts a site model to XML, used in the state section

**Usage**

```
hky_site_model_to_xml_state(  
    site_model,  
    beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)
```

**Arguments**

`site_model` a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)  
`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the site model as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

indent	<i>Indent text for a certain number of spaces. If the text is only whitespace, leave it as such</i>
--------	---

---

**Description**

Indent text for a certain number of spaces. If the text is only whitespace, leave it as such

**Usage**

```
indent(text, n_spaces = 4)
```

**Arguments**

`text` the text to indent  
`n_spaces` the number of spaces to add before the text. BEAUti uses four spaces by default

**Value**

the indented text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_bd\_tree\_prior      *Initializes a Birth-Death tree prior*

---

**Description**

Initializes a Birth-Death tree prior

**Usage**

```
init_bd_tree_prior(bd_tree_prior, distr_id, param_id)
```

**Arguments**

bd\_tree\_prior      a Birth-Death tree prior, as created by [create\\_bd\\_tree\\_prior](#)  
distr\_id            a distributions' ID  
param\_id            a parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized Birth-Death tree prior

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_beta\_distr          *Initializes a beta distribution*

---

**Description**

Initializes a beta distribution

**Usage**

```
init_beta_distr(beta_distr, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

beta\_distr          a beta distribution, using [create\\_beta\\_distr](#)  
distr\_id            the first distribution's ID  
param\_id            the first parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized beta distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_ccp\_tree\_prior    *Initializes a Coalescent Constant Population tree prior*

---

**Description**

Initializes a Coalescent Constant Population tree prior

**Usage**

```
init_ccp_tree_prior(ccp_tree_prior, distr_id, param_id)
```

**Arguments**

ccp\_tree\_prior    a Coalescent Constant Population tree prior, as returned by [create\\_ccp\\_tree\\_prior](#)  
distr\_id            a distributions' ID  
param\_id            a parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized Coalescent Constant Population tree prior

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_cep\_tree\_prior    *Initializes a Coalescent Exponential Population tree prior*

---

**Description**

Initializes a Coalescent Exponential Population tree prior

**Usage**

```
init_cep_tree_prior(cep_tree_prior, distr_id, param_id)
```

**Arguments**

cep\_tree\_prior    a Coalescent Exponential Population tree prior, as returned by [create\\_cep\\_tree\\_prior](#)  
distr\_id            a distributions' ID  
param\_id            a parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized Coalescent Exponential Population tree prior

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

*init\_clock\_models*      *Initializes all clock models*

---

**Description**

Initializes all clock models

**Usage**

```
init_clock_models(fasta_filenames, clock_models, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

- `fasta_filenames`      One or more FASTA filenames. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.
- `clock_models`      a list of one or more clock models, as returned by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)
- `distr_id`            the first distributions' ID
- `param_id`            the first parameter's ID

**Value**

a list of initialized clock models

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init_distr	<i>Initializes a distribution</i>
------------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Initializes a distribution

**Usage**

```
init_distr(distr, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

distr	a distribution, using <a href="#">create_distr</a>
distr_id	the first distribution's ID
param_id	the first parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init_exp_distr	<i>Initializes an exponential distribution</i>
----------------	--

---

**Description**

Initializes an exponential distribution

**Usage**

```
init_exp_distr(exp_distr, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

exp_distr	a exponential distribution, using <a href="#">create_exp_distr</a>
distr_id	the first distribution's ID
param_id	the first parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized exponential distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_gamma\_distr      *Initializes a gamma distribution*

---

**Description**

Initializes a gamma distribution

**Usage**

```
init_gamma_distr(gamma_distr, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

gamma_distr	a gamma distribution, using <a href="#">create_gamma_distr</a>
distr_id	the first distribution's ID
param_id	the first parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized gamma distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_gamma\_site\_model      *Initializes a gamma site model*

---

**Description**

Initializes a gamma site model

**Usage**

```
init_gamma_site_model(gamma_site_model, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

gamma_site_model	a site model's gamma site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_gamma_site_model</a>
distr_id	the first distributions' ID
param_id	the first parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized gamma site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

gamma_site_model <- create_gamma_site_model(
  gamma_cat_count = 2,
  gamma_shape_prior_distr = create_one_div_x_distr(id = NA)
)
# FALSE: not yet initialized
is_init_gamma_site_model(gamma_site_model)
gamma_site_model <- init_gamma_site_model(gamma_site_model)
# TRUE: now it is initialized
is_init_gamma_site_model(gamma_site_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

init\_gtr\_site\_model *Initializes a GTR site model*

---

**Description**

Initializes a GTR site model

**Usage**

```
init_gtr_site_model(gtr_site_model, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

gtr\_site\_model a GTR site model, as returned by [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#)  
distr\_id a distributions' ID  
param\_id a parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized GTR site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

gtr_site_model <- create_gtr_site_model()
# FALSE
is_init_gtr_site_model(gtr_site_model)
gtr_site_model <- init_gtr_site_model(gtr_site_model)
# TRUE
is_init_gtr_site_model(gtr_site_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

init\_hky\_site\_model     *Initializes an HKY site model*

---

**Description**

Initializes an HKY site model

**Usage**

```
init_hky_site_model(hky_site_model, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

hky\_site\_model    an HKY site model, as returned by [create\\_hky\\_site\\_model](#)  
distr\_id            a distributions' ID  
param\_id            a parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized HKY site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

hky_site_model <- create_hky_site_model()
is_init_hky_site_model(hky_site_model)
hky_site_model <- init_hky_site_model(hky_site_model)
is_init_hky_site_model(hky_site_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

init\_inference\_model *Initialize an inference model*

---

### Description

Initialize an inference model

### Usage

```
init_inference_model(input_filename, inference_model)
```

### Arguments

input\_filename A FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.

inference\_model a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Value

an initialized inference model

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_inv\_gamma\_distr *Initializes an inverse gamma distribution*

---

### Description

Initializes an inverse gamma distribution

### Usage

```
init_inv_gamma_distr(inv_gamma_distr, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

### Arguments

inv\_gamma\_distr an inverse gamma distribution, using [create\\_inv\\_gamma\\_distr](#)

distr\_id the first distribution's ID

param\_id the first parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized inverse gamma distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`init_jc69_site_model` *Initializes a JC69 site model*

---

**Description**

Initializes a JC69 site model

**Usage**

```
init_jc69_site_model(jc69_site_model, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

<code>jc69_site_model</code>	a JC69 site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_jc69_site_model</a>
<code>distr_id</code>	a distributions' ID
<code>param_id</code>	a parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized HKY site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

hky_site_model <- create_hky_site_model()
is_init_hky_site_model(hky_site_model)
hky_site_model <- init_hky_site_model(hky_site_model)
is_init_hky_site_model(hky_site_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

init\_laplace\_distr     *Initializes an Laplace distribution*

---

**Description**

Initializes an Laplace distribution

**Usage**

```
init_laplace_distr(laplace_distr, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

laplace\_distr     a Laplace distribution, using [create\\_laplace\\_distr](#)  
distr\_id           the first distribution's ID  
param\_id          the first parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized Laplace distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_log\_normal\_distr     *Initializes an log-normal distribution*

---

**Description**

Initializes an log-normal distribution

**Usage**

```
init_log_normal_distr(log_normal_distr, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

log\_normal\_distr     a log-normal distribution, using [create\\_log\\_normal\\_distr](#)  
distr\_id           the first distribution's ID  
param\_id           the first parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized log-normal distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_mrca\_prior      *Initialize the MRCA prior.*

---

**Description**

Initialized by

- if no alignment ID is set, it is set by reading it from the alignment file
- if no taxa names are set, these are set by reading these from the alignment file

**Usage**

```
init_mrca_prior(input_filename, inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

`input_filename` A FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.

`inference_model` a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

an initialized MRCA prior

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_mrca\_priors      *Initializes all MRCA priors*

---

**Description**

Initializes all MRCA priors

**Usage**

```
init_mrca_priors(mrca_priors, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

mrca\_priors      a list of one or more Most Recent Common Ancestor priors, as returned by [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#)

distr\_id          the first distributions' ID

param\_id          the first parameter's ID

beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

a list of initialized MRCA priors

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_normal\_distr      *Initializes an normal distribution*

---

**Description**

Initializes an normal distribution

**Usage**

```
init_normal_distr(normal_distr, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

normal\_distr      a normal distribution, using [create\\_normal\\_distr](#)

distr\_id          the first distribution's ID

param\_id          the first parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized normal distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`init_one_div_x_distr`    *Initializes an one-divided-by-x distribution*

---

**Description**

Initializes an one-divided-by-x distribution

**Usage**

```
init_one_div_x_distr(one_div_x_distr, distr_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

`one_div_x_distr`    a one-divided-by-x distribution, using [create\\_one\\_div\\_x\\_distr](#)  
`distr_id`    the first distribution's ID

**Value**

an initialized one-divided-by-x distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`init_param`    *Initializes a parameter*

---

**Description**

Initializes a parameter

**Usage**

```
init_param(param, id)
```

**Arguments**

param	a parameter, using <a href="#">create_param</a>
id	the parameter's ID. Will be ignored if the parameter already has an ID

**Value**

an initialized parameter

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_poisson\_distr     *Initializes an Poisson distribution*

---

**Description**

Initializes an Poisson distribution

**Usage**

```
init_poisson_distr(poisson_distr, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

poisson_distr	a Poisson distribution, using <a href="#">create_poisson_distr</a>
distr_id	the first distribution's ID
param_id	the first parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized Poisson distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_rln\_clock\_model *Initializes a Relaxed Log-Normal clock model*

---

### Description

Initializes a Relaxed Log-Normal clock model

### Usage

```
init_rln_clock_model(rln_clock_model, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

### Arguments

rln_clock_model	a Relaxed Log-Normal clock model, as returned by <a href="#">create_rln_clock_model</a>
distr_id	a distributions' ID
param_id	a parameter's ID

### Value

an initialized Relaxed Log-Normal clock model

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

rln_clock_model <- create_rln_clock_model()
# FALSE: not yet initialized
is_init_rln_clock_model(rln_clock_model)
rln_clock_model <- init_rln_clock_model(rln_clock_model)
# Dimension is set to NA by default, for unknown reasons.
# Because 'init_rln_clock_model' does not initialize it (for
# unknown reasons), set it manually
rln_clock_model$dimension <- 42
# TRUE: now it is initialized
is_init_rln_clock_model(rln_clock_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

init\_site\_models      *Initializes all site models*

---

**Description**

Initializes all site models

**Usage**

```
init_site_models(site_models, ids, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

site_models	one or more site models, as returned by <a href="#">create_site_model</a>
ids	one or more alignments' IDs. IDs can be extracted from their FASTA filenames with <a href="#">get_alignment_ids_from_fasta_filenames</a> )
distr_id	the first distributions' ID
param_id	the first parameter's ID

**Value**

a list of initialized site models

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_strict\_clock\_model  
*Initializes a strict clock model*

---

**Description**

Initializes a strict clock model

**Usage**

```
init_strict_clock_model(strict_clock_model, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

strict_clock_model	a strict clock model, as returned by <a href="#">create_strict_clock_model</a>
distr_id	a distributions' ID
param_id	a parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized strict clock model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

strict_clock_model <- create_strict_clock_model()
# FALSE: not yet initialized
is_init_strict_clock_model(strict_clock_model)
strict_clock_model <- init_strict_clock_model(strict_clock_model)
# TRUE: initialized
is_init_strict_clock_model(strict_clock_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

init\_tn93\_site\_model *Initializes a TN93 site model*

---

**Description**

Initializes a TN93 site model

**Usage**

```
init_tn93_site_model(tn93_site_model, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

tn93_site_model	a TN93 site model, as returned by <a href="#">create_tn93_site_model</a>
distr_id	a distributions' ID
param_id	a parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized TN93 site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

tn93_site_model <- create_tn93_site_model()
is_init_tn93_site_model(tn93_site_model)
tn93_site_model <- init_tn93_site_model(tn93_site_model)
is_init_tn93_site_model(tn93_site_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

init_tree_priors	<i>Initializes all tree priors</i>
------------------	------------------------------------

---

## Description

Initializes all tree priors

## Usage

```
init_tree_priors(tree_priors, ids, distr_id = 0, param_id = 0)
```

## Arguments

tree_priors	one or more tree priors, as returned by <a href="#">create_tree_prior</a>
ids	one or more alignments' IDs. IDs can be extracted from their FASTA filenames with <a href="#">get_alignment_ids_from_fasta_filenames</a> )
distr_id	the first distributions' ID
param_id	the first parameter's ID

## Value

a list of initialized tree priors

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_uniform\_distr     *Initializes a uniform distribution*

---

**Description**

Initializes a uniform distribution

**Usage**

```
init_uniform_distr(uniform_distr, distr_id = 0)
```

**Arguments**

uniform\_distr     a uniform distribution, using [create\\_uniform\\_distr](#)  
distr\_id           the first distribution's ID

**Value**

an initialized uniform distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

init\_yule\_tree\_prior     *Initializes a Yule tree prior*

---

**Description**

Initializes a Yule tree prior

**Usage**

```
init_yule_tree_prior(yule_tree_prior, distr_id, param_id)
```

**Arguments**

yule\_tree\_prior     a Yule tree\_prior, as created by [create\\_yule\\_tree\\_prior](#)  
distr\_id             a distributions' ID  
param\_id             a parameter's ID

**Value**

an initialized Yule tree prior

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

interspace	<i>Puts spaces in between the lines</i>
------------	---

---

**Description**

Puts spaces in between the lines

**Usage**

interspace(lines)

**Arguments**

lines            lines of text

**Value**

interspaced lines of text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is_alpha_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid alpha parameter</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid alpha parameter

**Usage**

is\_alpha\_param(x)

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid alpha parameter

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid alpha parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_alpha_param(create_alpha_param())
is_alpha_param(create_beta_param())
is_alpha_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_alpha_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_alpha_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_alpha_param(create_lambda_param())
is_alpha_param(create_m_param())
is_alpha_param(create_mean_param())
is_alpha_param(create_mu_param())
is_alpha_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_alpha_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_alpha_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_alpha_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_alpha_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_alpha_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_alpha_param(create_s_param())
is_alpha_param(create_scale_param())
is_alpha_param(create_sigma_param())

is_alpha_param(NA)
is_alpha_param(NULL)
is_alpha_param("nonsense")
is_alpha_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_alpha_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_alpha_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_alpha_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is\_bd\_tree\_prior

*Determine if the object is a valid Birth Death tree prior*


---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid Birth Death tree prior

**Usage**

```
is_bd_tree_prior(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid birth death tree prior

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid birth death tree prior, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_bd\\_tree\\_prior](#) to create a valid Birth-Death tree prior

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_bd_tree_prior(create_bd_tree_prior())
!is_bd_tree_prior(create_cbs_tree_prior())
!is_bd_tree_prior(create_ccp_tree_prior())
!is_bd_tree_prior(create_cep_tree_prior())
!is_bd_tree_prior(create_yule_tree_prior())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_beauti\_options      *Determine if the object is a valid beauti\_options*

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid beauti\_options

**Usage**

```
is_beauti_options(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      an object, to be determined if it is a beauti\_options

**Value**

TRUE if the object is a valid beauti\_options, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [create\\_beauti\\_options](#) to create a valid beauti\_options object

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_beauti_options(create_beauti_options())

# FALSE
is_beauti_options("nonsense")
is_beauti_options(NA)
is_beauti_options(NULL)
is_beauti_options("")
is_beauti_options(c())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_beta_distr	<i>Determine if the object is a valid beta distribution, as created by <a href="#">create_beta_distr</a></i>
---------------	--

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid beta distribution, as created by [create\\_beta\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_beta_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid beta distribution,

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid beta distribution, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [is\\_distr](#) to see if x is any distribution

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_beta_distr(create_beta_distr())
# FALSE
is_beta_distr(create_exp_distr())
is_beta_distr(NA)
is_beta_distr(NULL)
is_beta_distr("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is_beta_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid beta parameter</i>
---------------	--

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid beta parameter

**Usage**

```
is_beta_param(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid beta parameter

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid beta parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_beta_param(create_alpha_param())
is_beta_param(create_beta_param())
is_beta_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_beta_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_beta_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_beta_param(create_lambda_param())
is_beta_param(create_m_param())
is_beta_param(create_mean_param())
is_beta_param(create_mu_param())

```

```

is_beta_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_beta_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_beta_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_beta_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_beta_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_beta_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_beta_param(create_s_param())
is_beta_param(create_scale_param())
is_beta_param(create_sigma_param())

is_beta_param(NA)
is_beta_param(NULL)
is_beta_param("nonsense")
is_beta_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_beta_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_beta_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_beta_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is\_b\_pop\_sizes\_param *Determine if the object is a valid b\_pop\_sizes parameter*

---

### Description

Determine if the object is a valid b\_pop\_sizes parameter

### Usage

```
is_b_pop_sizes_param(x)
```

### Arguments

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid b\_pop\_sizes parameter

### Value

TRUE if x is a valid b\_pop\_sizes parameter, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_alpha_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_b_pop_sizes_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_beta_param())

```

```

is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_lambda_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_m_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_mean_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_mu_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_s_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_scale_param())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_sigma_param())

is_b_pop_sizes_param(NA)
is_b_pop_sizes_param(NULL)
is_b_pop_sizes_param("nonsense")
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_b_pop_sizes_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is_cbs_tree_prior	<i>Determine if the object is a valid constant coalescent Bayesian skyline prior</i>
-------------------	--

---

## Description

Determine if the object is a valid constant coalescent Bayesian skyline prior

## Usage

```
is_cbs_tree_prior(x)
```

## Arguments

x	an object, to be determined if it is a valid constant coalescent Bayesian skyline prior
---	---

## Value

‘TRUE’ if ‘x’ is a valid constant coalescent Bayesian skyline prior, ‘FALSE’ otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**Use [create\\_cbs\\_tree\\_prior](#) to create a valid coalescent Bayes skyline tree prior**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_cbs_tree_prior(create_cbs_tree_prior())

# FALSE
is_cbs_tree_prior(create_bd_tree_prior())
is_cbs_tree_prior(create_ccp_tree_prior())
is_cbs_tree_prior(create_cep_tree_prior())
is_cbs_tree_prior(create_yule_tree_prior())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_ccp_tree_prior	<i>Determine if the object is a valid constant coalescence population tree prior</i>
-------------------	--

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid constant coalescence population tree prior

**Usage**

```
is_ccp_tree_prior(x)
```

**Arguments**

x	an object, to be determined if it is a valid constant coalescence population tree prior
---	---

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid constant coalescence population tree prior, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_ccp\\_tree\\_prior](#) to create a valid constant coalescence population tree prior

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
!is_ccp_tree_prior(create_bd_tree_prior())
!is_ccp_tree_prior(create_cbs_tree_prior())
is_ccp_tree_prior(create_ccp_tree_prior())
!is_ccp_tree_prior(create_cep_tree_prior())
!is_ccp_tree_prior(create_yule_tree_prior())
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_cep_tree_prior	<i>Determine if the object is a valid coalescent exponential population tree prior</i>
-------------------	--

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid coalescent exponential population tree prior

**Usage**

```
is_cep_tree_prior(x)
```

**Arguments**

x	an object, to be determined if it is a valid constant coalescent exponential population tree prior
---	--

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid coalescent exponential population tree prior, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_cep\\_tree\\_prior](#) to create a valid coalescent exponential population tree prior

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

!is_cep_tree_prior(create_bd_tree_prior())
!is_cep_tree_prior(create_cbs_tree_prior())
!is_cep_tree_prior(create_ccp_tree_prior())
is_cep_tree_prior(create_cep_tree_prior())
!is_cep_tree_prior(create_yule_tree_prior())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is_clock_model	<i>Determine if the object is a valid clock_model</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid clock\_model

**Usage**

```
is_clock_model(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a clock\_model

**Value**

TRUE if the clock\_model is a valid clock\_model, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

see [create\\_clock\\_model](#) for an overview of functions to create valid clock model

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_clock_model(create_strict_clock_model())
is_clock_model(create_rln_clock_model())

# FALSE
is_clock_model(NA)
is_clock_model(NULL)

```

```
is_clock_model("nonsense")
is_clock_model(create_jc69_site_model())
is_clock_model(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_clock\_model\_name     *Determines if the name is a valid clock model name*

---

### **Description**

Determines if the name is a valid clock model name

### **Usage**

```
is_clock_model_name(name)
```

### **Arguments**

name                    the name to be tested

### **Value**

TRUE if the name is a valid clock\_model name, FALSE otherwise

### **Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### **Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_clock_model_name("relaxed_log_normal")
is_clock_model_name("strict")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_clock\_rate\_param *Determine if the object is a valid clock\_rate parameter*

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid clock\_rate parameter

**Usage**

```
is_clock_rate_param(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid clock\_rate parameter

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid clock\_rate parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_clock_rate_param(create_alpha_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_beta_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_lambda_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_m_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_mean_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_mu_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_s_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_scale_param())
is_clock_rate_param(create_sigma_param())

is_clock_rate_param(NA)
is_clock_rate_param(NULL)
is_clock_rate_param("nonsense")
is_clock_rate_param(create_jc69_site_model())
```

```

is_clock_rate_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_clock_rate_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_clock_rate_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is_default_mcmc	<i>Determine if the MCMC is a default MCMC</i>
-----------------	--

---

### Description

Determine if the MCMC is a default MCMC

### Usage

```
is_default_mcmc(mcmc)
```

### Arguments

mcmc	one MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_ns_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use <a href="#">check_mcmc</a> to check if an MCMC is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_mcmc_filenames</a> to rename the filenames in an MCMC.
------	---

### Value

TRUE if the MCMC is a default MCMC

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```

if (is_on_ci()) {

  check_empty_beautier_folder()

  # TRUE: An MCMC created by 'create_mcmc' is default.
  is_default_mcmc(create_mcmc())

  # FALSE: An MCMC created by 'create_ns_mcmc' is not
  is_default_mcmc(create_ns_mcmc())

  check_empty_beautier_folder()
}

```

---

is_distr	<i>Determine if the object is a valid distribution</i>
----------	--

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid distribution

**Usage**

```
is_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid distribution

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid distribution, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [is\\_beta\\_distr](#), [is\\_exp\\_distr](#), [is\\_gamma\\_distr](#), [is\\_inv\\_gamma\\_distr](#), [is\\_laplace\\_distr](#), [is\\_log\\_normal\\_distr](#), [is\\_normal\\_distr](#), [is\\_one\\_div\\_x\\_distr](#), [is\\_poisson\\_distr](#), or [is\\_uniform\\_distr](#), to check for more specific distribution

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_distr(create_beta_distr())
is_distr(create_exp_distr())
is_distr(create_gamma_distr())
is_distr(create_inv_gamma_distr())
is_distr(create_laplace_distr())
is_distr(create_log_normal_distr())
is_distr(create_normal_distr())
is_distr(create_one_div_x_distr())
is_distr(create_poisson_distr())
is_distr(create_uniform_distr())

# FALSE
is_distr(NA)
is_distr(NULL)
is_distr("nonsense")
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_distr_name	<i>Determines if the name is a valid distribution name</i>
---------------	--

---

### Description

Determines if the name is a valid distribution name

### Usage

```
is_distr_name(name)
```

### Arguments

name            the name to be tested

### Value

TRUE if the name is a valid distribution name, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_distr_name("uniform")
is_distr_name("normal")
is_distr_name("one_div_x")
is_distr_name("log_normal")
is_distr_name("exponential")
is_distr_name("gamma")
is_distr_name("beta")
is_distr_name("laplace")
is_distr_name("inv_gamma")
is_distr_name("poisson")
# FALSE
is_distr_name("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_exp_distr	<i>Determine if the object is a valid exponential distribution as created by <a href="#">create_exp_distr</a></i>
--------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid exponential distribution as created by [create\\_exp\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_exp_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid exponential distribution

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid exponential distribution, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [is\\_distr](#) to see if x is any distribution

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_exp_distr(create_exp_distr())
# FALSE
is_exp_distr(create_gamma_distr())
is_exp_distr(NA)
is_exp_distr(NULL)
is_exp_distr("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

is\_freq\_equilibrium\_name

*Checks if name is a valid freq\_equilibrium argument value*

---

### **Description**

Checks if name is a valid freq\_equilibrium argument value

### **Usage**

```
is_freq_equilibrium_name(name)
```

### **Arguments**

name                    the name to check if it is a valid freq\_equilibrium argument value

### **Value**

TRUE if the name is a valid freq\_equilibrium value

### **Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### **See Also**

the freq\_equilibrium argument is used by [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#), [create\\_hky\\_site\\_model](#), and [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#)

### **Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_freq_equilibrium_name("estimated")
is_freq_equilibrium_name("empirical")
is_freq_equilibrium_name("all_equal")
# FALSE
is_freq_equilibrium_name("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_freq_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid freq parameter</i>
---------------	--

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid freq parameter

**Usage**

```
is_freq_param(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid freq parameter

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid freq parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

freq parameters are returned by [create\\_freq\\_param](#)

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_freq_param(create_alpha_param())
is_freq_param(create_beta_param())
is_freq_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_freq_param(create_freq_param())
is_freq_param(create_freq_param())
is_freq_param(create_kappa_param())
is_freq_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_freq_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_freq_param(create_lambda_param())
is_freq_param(create_m_param())
is_freq_param(create_mean_param())
is_freq_param(create_mu_param())
is_freq_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_freq_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_freq_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_freq_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_freq_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_freq_param(create_rate_gt_param())
```

```
is_freq_param(create_s_param())
is_freq_param(create_scale_param())
is_freq_param(create_sigma_param())

is_freq_param(NA)
is_freq_param(NULL)
is_freq_param("nonsense")
is_freq_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_freq_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_freq_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_freq_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_gamma_distr	<i>Determine if the object is a valid gamma distribution, as created by <a href="#">create_gamma_distr</a></i>
----------------	--

---

### Description

Determine if the object is a valid gamma distribution, as created by [create\\_gamma\\_distr](#)

### Usage

```
is_gamma_distr(x)
```

### Arguments

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid gamma distribution

### Value

TRUE if x is a valid gamma distribution, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

use [is\\_distr](#) to see if x is any distribution

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_gamma_distr(create_gamma_distr())
# FALSE
is_gamma_distr(create_inv_gamma_distr())
```

```
is_gamma_distr(NA)
is_gamma_distr(NULL)
is_gamma_distr("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`is_gamma_site_model` *Is object x a gamma site model?*

---

**Description**

Is object x a gamma site model?

**Usage**

```
is_gamma_site_model(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to be determined if it is a valid gamma site object

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid gamma site object, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_gamma_site_model(create_gamma_site_model())

# FALSE
is_gamma_site_model("nonsense")
is_gamma_site_model(NA)
is_gamma_site_model(NULL)
is_gamma_site_model("")
is_gamma_site_model(c())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_gtr_site_model	<i>Determine if the object is a valid GTR site model, as created by <a href="#">create_gtr_site_model</a></i>
-------------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid GTR site model, as created by [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#)

**Usage**

```
is_gtr_site_model(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid GTR site model

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid GTR site model, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# site models
is_gtr_site_model(create_gtr_site_model())
is_gtr_site_model(create_hky_site_model())
is_gtr_site_model(create_jc69_site_model())
is_gtr_site_model(create_tn93_site_model())

# other models
is_gtr_site_model(NA)
is_gtr_site_model(NULL)
is_gtr_site_model("nonsense")
is_gtr_site_model(create_strict_clock_model())
is_gtr_site_model(create_bd_tree_prior())
is_gtr_site_model(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_hky_site_model	Determine if the object is a valid HKY site model, as created by <a href="#">create_hky_site_model</a>
-------------------	--

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid HKY site model, as created by [create\\_hky\\_site\\_model](#)

**Usage**

```
is_hky_site_model(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid HKY site model

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid HKY site model, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# site models
is_hky_site_model(create_hky_site_model())
is_hky_site_model(create_gtr_site_model())
is_hky_site_model(create_jc69_site_model())
is_hky_site_model(create_tn93_site_model())

# other models
is_hky_site_model(NA)
is_hky_site_model(NULL)
is_hky_site_model("nonsense")
is_hky_site_model(create_strict_clock_model())
is_hky_site_model(create_bd_tree_prior())
is_hky_site_model(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`is_id`*Determine if the object is a valid ID*

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid ID

**Usage**

```
is_id(x)
```

**Arguments**

`x` an object, to be determined if it is a valid ID

**Value**

TRUE if `x` is a valid ID, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

to check multiple IDs, use [are\\_ids](#)

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_id("anthus_aco")
is_id(3)

# FALSE
is_id(ape::rcoal(3))
is_id(NULL)
is_id(NA)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_inference\_model     *Determine if the input is an inference model*

---

**Description**

Determine if the input is an inference model

**Usage**

```
is_inference_model(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    object to be determined of if it is an inference model

**Value**

TRUE if the object is an inference model

---

is\_init\_bd\_tree\_prior     *Determine if x is an initialized Birth-Death tree\_prior object*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized Birth-Death tree\_prior object

**Usage**

```
is_init_bd_tree_prior(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized Birth-Death tree prior object

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized Birth-Death tree\_prior object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is_init_beta_distr	<i>Determine if x is an initialized beta distribution object as created by <a href="#">create_beta_distr</a></i>
--------------------	--

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized beta distribution object as created by [create\\_beta\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_beta_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized beta distribution object

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized beta distribution object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is_init_cbs_tree_prior	<i>Determine if x is an initialized Coalescent Bayesian Skyline tree_prior object</i>
------------------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized Coalescent Bayesian Skyline tree\_prior object

**Usage**

```
is_init_cbs_tree_prior(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized Coalescent Bayesian Skyline tree prior object

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized Coalescent Bayesian Skyline tree prior object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_init\_ccp\_tree\_prior

*Determine if x is an initialized Coalescent Constant Population tree\_prior object*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized Coalescent Constant Population tree\_prior object

**Usage**

is\_init\_ccp\_tree\_prior(x)

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized Coalescent Constant Population tree prior object

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized Coalescent Constant Population tree prior object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_init\_cep\_tree\_prior

*Determine if x is an initialized Coalescent Exponential Population tree\_prior object*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized Coalescent Exponential Population tree\_prior object

**Usage**

is\_init\_cep\_tree\_prior(x)

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized Coalescent Exponential Population tree prior object

**Value**

TRUE if *x* is an initialized Coalescent Exponential Population tree prior object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_init\_clock\_model     *Determine if *x* is an initialized clock\_model object, as created by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if *x* is an initialized clock\_model object, as created by [create\\_clock\\_model](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_clock_model(x)
```

**Arguments**

*x*                     the object to check if it is an initialized clock\_models object

**Value**

TRUE if *x* is an initialized clock\_model object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_init\_distr             *Determine if *x* is an initialized distribution object as created by [create\\_distr](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if *x* is an initialized distribution object as created by [create\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

*x*                     the object to check if it is an initialized distribution object

**Value**

TRUE if  $x$  is an initialized distribution object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_init\_exp\_distr     *Determine if  $x$  is an initialized exponential distribution object as created by [create\\_exp\\_distr](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if  $x$  is an initialized exponential distribution object as created by [create\\_exp\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_exp_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

$x$                     the object to check if it is an initialized exponential distribution object

**Value**

TRUE if  $x$  is an initialized exponential distribution object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_init\_gamma\_distr     *Determine if  $x$  is an initialized gamma distribution object*

---

**Description**

Determine if  $x$  is an initialized gamma distribution object

**Usage**

```
is_init_gamma_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

$x$                     the object to check if it is an initialized gamma distribution object

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized gamma distribution object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_init\_gamma\_site\_model

*Determine if x is an initialized gamma site model, as created by [create\\_gamma\\_site\\_model](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized gamma site model, as created by [create\\_gamma\\_site\\_model](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_gamma_site_model(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized gamma site\_models object

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized gamma site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_init\_gtr\_site\_model

*Determine if x is an initialized GTR site model as created by [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized GTR site model as created by [create\\_gtr\\_site\\_model](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_gtr_site_model(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized GTR site model

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized GTR site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

gtr_site_model <- create_gtr_site_model()
# FALSE: not yet initialized
is_init_gtr_site_model(gtr_site_model)
gtr_site_model <- init_gtr_site_model(gtr_site_model)
# TRUE: now it is initialized
is_init_gtr_site_model(gtr_site_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

*is\_init\_hky\_site\_model*

*Determine if x is an initialized HKY site model as created by*  
[create\\_hky\\_site\\_model](#)

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized HKY site model as created by [create\\_hky\\_site\\_model](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_hky_site_model(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized HKY site model

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized HKY site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

hky_site_model <- create_hky_site_model()
# FALSE: not yet initialized
is_init_hky_site_model(hky_site_model)
hky_site_model <- init_hky_site_model(hky_site_model)
# TRUE: now it is initialized
is_init_hky_site_model(hky_site_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_init\_inv\_gamma\_distr

*Determine if x is an initialized inverse-gamma distribution as created by [create\\_inv\\_gamma\\_distr](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized inverse-gamma distribution as created by [create\\_inv\\_gamma\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_inv_gamma_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized inverse-gamma distribution

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized inverse-gamma distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

```
is_init_jc69_site_model
```

*Determine if x is an initialized JC69 site model as created by [create\\_jc69\\_site\\_model](#)*

---

### Description

Determine if x is an initialized JC69 site model as created by [create\\_jc69\\_site\\_model](#)

### Usage

```
is_init_jc69_site_model(x)
```

### Arguments

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized JC69 site model

### Value

TRUE if x is an initialized JC69 site model

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

jc69_site_model <- create_jc69_site_model(
  gamma_site_model = create_gamma_site_model(
    gamma_cat_count = 2,
    gamma_shape_prior_distr = create_normal_distr()
  )
)
# FALSE: not yet initialized
is_init_jc69_site_model(jc69_site_model)
jc69_site_model <- init_jc69_site_model(jc69_site_model)
# TRUE: now it is initialized
is_init_jc69_site_model(jc69_site_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`is_init_laplace_distr` *Determine if  $x$  is an initialized Laplace distribution as created by [create\\_laplace\\_distr](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if  $x$  is an initialized Laplace distribution as created by [create\\_laplace\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_laplace_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

$x$  the object to check if it is an initialized Laplace distribution

**Value**

TRUE if  $x$  is an initialized Laplace distribution

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`is_init_log_normal_distr` *Determine if  $x$  is an initialized log\_normal distribution object as created by [create\\_log\\_normal\\_distr](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if  $x$  is an initialized log\_normal distribution object as created by [create\\_log\\_normal\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_log_normal_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

$x$  the object to check if it is an initialized log\_normal distribution object

**Value**

TRUE if  $x$  is an initialized log\_normal distribution object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_init\_mrca\_prior     *Determine if x is an initialized MRCA prior*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized MRCA prior

**Usage**

```
is_init_mrca_prior(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized MRCA prior

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized MRCA prior

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_init\_normal\_distr     *Determine if x is an initialized normal distribution object as created by [create\\_normal\\_distr](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized normal distribution object as created by [create\\_normal\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_normal_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized normal distribution object

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized normal distribution object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

is\_init\_one\_div\_x\_distr

*Determine if x is an initialized one\_div\_x distribution object as created by [create\\_one\\_div\\_x\\_distr](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized one\_div\_x distribution object as created by [create\\_one\\_div\\_x\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_one_div_x_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized one\_div\_x distribution object

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized one\_div\_x distribution object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_init\_param

*Determine if x is an initialized parameter, as created by [create\\_param](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized parameter, as created by [create\\_param](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_param(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized parameter

**Value**

[TRUE](#) if x is an initialized parameter, [FALSE](#) otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`is_init_poisson_distr` *Determine if  $x$  is an initialized Poisson distribution object as created by [create\\_poisson\\_distr](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if  $x$  is an initialized Poisson distribution object as created by [create\\_poisson\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_poisson_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

$x$  the object to check if it is an initialized Poisson distribution object

**Value**

TRUE if  $x$  is an initialized Poisson distribution object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`is_init_rln_clock_model` *Determine if  $x$  is an initialized relaxed log-normal clock\_model object*

---

**Description**

Determine if  $x$  is an initialized relaxed log-normal clock\_model object

**Usage**

```
is_init_rln_clock_model(rln_clock_model)
```

**Arguments**

`rln_clock_model`  
a Relaxed Log-Normal clock model, as returned by [create\\_rln\\_clock\\_model](#)

**Value**

TRUE if  $x$  is an initialized relaxed log-normal clock\_model object, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is_init_site_model	<i>Determine if x is an initialized site model, as created by <a href="#">create_site_model</a></i>
--------------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized site model, as created by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_site_model(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized site\_models object

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is_init_strict_clock_model	<i>Determine if x is an initialized strict clock_model object</i>
----------------------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized strict clock\_model object

**Usage**

```
is_init_strict_clock_model(strict_clock_model)
```

**Arguments**

strict\_clock\_model  
                    a strict clock model, as returned by [create\\_strict\\_clock\\_model](#)

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized strict clock\_model object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

```
is_init_tn93_site_model
```

*Determine if x is an initialized tn93 site model as created by [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized tn93 site model as created by [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_tn93_site_model(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized TN93 site model

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized TN93 site model

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

tn93_site_model <- create_tn93_site_model()
# FALSE: not yet initialized
is_init_tn93_site_model(tn93_site_model)
tn93_site_model <- init_tn93_site_model(tn93_site_model)
# TRUE: now it is initialized
is_init_tn93_site_model(tn93_site_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

```
is_init_tree_prior      Determine if x is an initialized tree_prior objects
```

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized tree\_prior objects

**Usage**

```
is_init_tree_prior(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized tree\_priors object

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized tree\_prior object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_init\_uniform\_distr *Determine if x is an initialized uniform distribution object as created by [create\\_uniform\\_distr](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized uniform distribution object as created by [create\\_uniform\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_init_uniform_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized uniform distribution object

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized uniform distribution object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`is_init_yule_tree_prior`*Determine if x is an initialized Yule tree\_prior object*

---

**Description**

Determine if x is an initialized Yule tree\_prior object

**Usage**

```
is_init_yule_tree_prior(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to check if it is an initialized Yule tree prior object

**Value**

TRUE if x is an initialized Yule tree\_prior object

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`is_inv_gamma_distr`*Determine if the object is a valid inverse-gamma distribution as created by [create\\_inv\\_gamma\\_distr](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid inverse-gamma distribution as created by [create\\_inv\\_gamma\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_inv_gamma_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid inverse-gamma distribution

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid inverse-gamma distribution, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use `is_distr` to see if x is any distribution

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_inv_gamma_distr(create_inv_gamma_distr())
# FALSE
is_inv_gamma_distr(create_laplace_distr())
is_inv_gamma_distr(NA)
is_inv_gamma_distr(NULL)
is_inv_gamma_distr("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_in_patterns	<i>Is there at least one regular expression having a match with the line?</i>
----------------	---

---

**Description**

Is there at least one regular expression having a match with the line?

**Usage**

```
is_in_patterns(line, patterns)
```

**Arguments**

line	a line of text
patterns	one or more regular expression patterns

**Value**

TRUE if there is at least one match found

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_jc69\_site\_model      *Determine if the object is a valid JC69 site model*

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid JC69 site model

**Usage**

```
is_jc69_site_model(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      an object, to be determined if it is a valid JC69 site model

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid JC69 site model, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# site models
is_jc69_site_model(create_gtr_site_model())
is_jc69_site_model(create_hky_site_model())
is_jc69_site_model(create_jc69_site_model())
is_jc69_site_model(create_tn93_site_model())

# other models
is_jc69_site_model(NA)
is_jc69_site_model(NULL)
is_jc69_site_model("nonsense")
is_jc69_site_model(create_strict_clock_model())
is_jc69_site_model(create_bd_tree_prior())
is_jc69_site_model(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_kappa_1_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid kappa 1 parameter</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid kappa 1 parameter

**Usage**

```
is_kappa_1_param(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid kappa 1 parameter

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid kappa 1 parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

kappa 1 parameters are returned by [create\\_kappa\\_1\\_param](#)

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_kappa_1_param(create_alpha_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_beta_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_kappa_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_lambda_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_m_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_mean_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_mu_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_s_param())
is_kappa_1_param(create_scale_param())
```

```

is_kappa_1_param(create_sigma_param())

is_kappa_1_param(NA)
is_kappa_1_param(NULL)
is_kappa_1_param("nonsense")
is_kappa_1_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_kappa_1_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_kappa_1_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_kappa_1_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is_kappa_2_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid kappa 2 parameter</i>
------------------	---

---

### Description

Determine if the object is a valid kappa 2 parameter

### Usage

```
is_kappa_2_param(x)
```

### Arguments

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid kappa 2 parameter

### Value

TRUE if x is a valid kappa\_2 parameter, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

kappa 2 parameters are returned by [create\\_kappa\\_2\\_param](#)

### Examples

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_kappa_2_param(create_alpha_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_beta_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_lambda_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_m_param())

```

```
is_kappa_2_param(create_mean_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_mu_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_s_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_scale_param())
is_kappa_2_param(create_sigma_param())

is_kappa_2_param(NA)
is_kappa_2_param(NULL)
is_kappa_2_param("nonsense")
is_kappa_2_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_kappa_2_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_kappa_2_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_kappa_2_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_kappa\_param

*Determine if the object is a valid kappa parameter*

---

### **Description**

Determine if the object is a valid kappa parameter

### **Usage**

```
is_kappa_param(x)
```

### **Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid kappa parameter

### **Value**

TRUE if x is a valid kappa parameter, FALSE otherwise

### **Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### **See Also**

kappa parameters are returned by [create\\_kappa\\_param](#)

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_kappa_param(create_alpha_param())
is_kappa_param(create_beta_param())
is_kappa_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_kappa_param(create_kappa_param())
is_kappa_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_kappa_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_kappa_param(create_lambda_param())
is_kappa_param(create_m_param())
is_kappa_param(create_mean_param())
is_kappa_param(create_mu_param())
is_kappa_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_kappa_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_kappa_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_kappa_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_kappa_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_kappa_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_kappa_param(create_s_param())
is_kappa_param(create_scale_param())
is_kappa_param(create_sigma_param())

is_kappa_param(NA)
is_kappa_param(NULL)
is_kappa_param("nonsense")
is_kappa_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_kappa_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_kappa_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_kappa_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is_lambda_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid lambda parameter</i>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid lambda parameter

**Usage**

```
is_lambda_param(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid lambda parameter

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid lambda parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

lambda parameters are returned by [create\\_lambda\\_param](#)

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_lambda_param(create_alpha_param())
is_lambda_param(create_beta_param())
is_lambda_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_lambda_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_lambda_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_lambda_param(create_lambda_param())
is_lambda_param(create_m_param())
is_lambda_param(create_mean_param())
is_lambda_param(create_mu_param())
is_lambda_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_lambda_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_lambda_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_lambda_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_lambda_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_lambda_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_lambda_param(create_s_param())
is_lambda_param(create_scale_param())
is_lambda_param(create_sigma_param())

is_lambda_param(NA)
is_lambda_param(NULL)
is_lambda_param("nonsense")
is_lambda_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_lambda_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_lambda_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_lambda_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is\_laplace\_distr

*Determine if the object is a valid Laplace distribution, as created by*  
[create\\_laplace\\_distr](#)

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid Laplace distribution, as created by [create\\_laplace\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_laplace_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid Laplace distribution

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid Laplace distribution, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [is\\_distr](#) to see if x is any distribution

**Examples**

```
# TRUE
is_laplace_distr(create_laplace_distr())
# FALSE
is_laplace_distr(create_log_normal_distr())
is_laplace_distr(NA)
is_laplace_distr(NULL)
is_laplace_distr("nonsense")
```

---

is\_log\_normal\_distr    *Determine if the object is a valid log-normal distribution, as created by [create\\_log\\_normal\\_distr](#)*

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid log-normal distribution, as created by [create\\_log\\_normal\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_log_normal_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid log-normal distribution

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid log-normal distribution, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [is\\_distr](#) to see if x is any distribution

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_log_normal_distr(create_log_normal_distr())
# FALSE
is_log_normal_distr(create_normal_distr())
is_distr(NA)
is_distr(NULL)
is_distr("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_mcmc

*Determine if the object is a valid MCMC*

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid MCMC

**Usage**

```
is_mcmc(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid MCMC

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid MCMC, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use `create_mcmc` to create an MCMC

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  check_empty_beautier_folder()

  # Returns TRUE
  is_mcmc(create_mcmc())
  is_mcmc(create_ns_mcmc())

  # Returns FALSE
  is_mcmc("nonsense")
  is_mcmc(NULL)
  is_mcmc(NA)
  is_mcmc("")
  is_mcmc(c())

  check_empty_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

`is_mcmc_nested_sampling`

*Determine if the object is a valid Nested-Sampling MCMC, as used in [1]*

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid Nested-Sampling MCMC, as used in [1]

**Usage**

```
is_mcmc_nested_sampling(x)
```

**Arguments**

`x` an object, to be determined if it is a valid MCMC

**Value**

TRUE if `x` is a valid Nested-Sampling MCMC, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## References

\* [1] Patricio Maturana Russel, Brendon J Brewer, Steffen Klaere, Remco R Bouckaert; Model Selection and Parameter Inference in Phylogenetics Using Nested Sampling, Systematic Biology, 2018, syy050, <https://doi.org/10.1093/sysbio/syy050>

## See Also

Use [create\\_ns\\_mcmc](#) to create an NS MCMC

## Examples

```
if (is_on_ci()) {
  check_empty_beautier_folder()

  # TRUE
  is_nested_sampling_mcmc(create_ns_mcmc())
  # FALSE
  is_nested_sampling_mcmc(create_mcmc())
  is_nested_sampling_mcmc("nonsense")

  check_empty_beautier_folder()
}
```

---

is\_mean\_param

*Determine if the object is a valid mean parameter*

---

## Description

Determine if the object is a valid mean parameter

## Usage

```
is_mean_param(x)
```

## Arguments

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid mean parameter, as created by [create\\_mean\\_param](#))

## Value

TRUE if x is a valid mean parameter, FALSE otherwise

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_mean_param(create_alpha_param())
is_mean_param(create_beta_param())
is_mean_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_mean_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_mean_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_mean_param(create_lambda_param())
is_mean_param(create_m_param())
is_mean_param(create_mean_param())
is_mean_param(create_mu_param())
is_mean_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_mean_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_mean_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_mean_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_mean_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_mean_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_mean_param(create_s_param())
is_mean_param(create_scale_param())
is_mean_param(create_sigma_param())

is_mean_param(NA)
is_mean_param(NULL)
is_mean_param("nonsense")
is_mean_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_mean_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_mean_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_mean_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

```
is_mrca_align_ids_in_fastas
```

*Determine if an MRCA prior's alignment IDs are present in the FASTA files*

---

**Description**

Determine if an MRCA prior's alignment IDs are present in the FASTA files

**Usage**

```
is_mrca_align_ids_in_fastas(mrca_prior, fasta_filenames)
```

**Arguments**

`mrca_prior` a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#)

fasta\_filenames

One or more FASTA filenames. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename.

**Value**

TRUE if the MRCA prior's alignment IDs is present in the FASTA files. Returns FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

*is\_mrca\_align\_id\_in\_fasta*

*Determine if an MRCA prior's alignment IDs is present in the FASTA file*

---

**Description**

Determine if an MRCA prior's alignment IDs is present in the FASTA file

**Usage**

```
is_mrca_align_id_in_fasta(mrca_prior, fasta_filename)
```

**Arguments**

**mrca\_prior** a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#)

**fasta\_filename** a FASTA filename. Use [get\\_fasta\\_filename](#) to obtain a testing FASTA filename. Note that BEAST2 also supports missing data, by using a dash (-) or question mark (?) as a sequence.

**Value**

TRUE if the MRCA prior's alignment IDs is present in the FASTA file. Returns FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is_mrca_prior	<i>Determine of the object is an empty (NA) or valid MRCA prior.</i>
---------------	--

---

### Description

Determine of the object is an empty (NA) or valid MRCA prior.

### Usage

```
is_mrca_prior(mrca_prior)
```

### Arguments

mrca\_prior      a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#)

### Value

TRUE if x is an MRCA prior, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_mrca_prior(create_mrca_prior())
# Also 'NA' is a valid MRCA prior,
# denoting that there no MRCA priors
is_mrca_prior(NA)

# FALSE
is_mrca_prior(NULL)
is_mrca_prior("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_mrca\_prior\_with\_distr

*See if x is one MRCA prior with a distribution*

---

**Description**

See if x is one MRCA prior with a distribution

**Usage**

is\_mrca\_prior\_with\_distr(x)

**Arguments**

x                    the object to be tested

**Value**

TRUE if x is one MRCA prior with a distribution, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_mu\_param

*Determine if the object is a valid mu parameter*

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid mu parameter

**Usage**

is\_mu\_param(x)

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid mu parameter

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid mu parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

[create\\_mu\\_param](#) creates a mu parameter

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_mu_param(create_alpha_param())
is_mu_param(create_beta_param())
is_mu_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_mu_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_mu_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_mu_param(create_lambda_param())
is_mu_param(create_m_param())
is_mu_param(create_mean_param())
is_mu_param(create_mu_param())
is_mu_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_mu_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_mu_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_mu_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_mu_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_mu_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_mu_param(create_s_param())
is_mu_param(create_scale_param())
is_mu_param(create_sigma_param())

is_mu_param(NA)
is_mu_param(NULL)
is_mu_param("nonsense")
is_mu_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_mu_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_mu_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_mu_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is\_m\_param

*Determine if the object is a valid m parameter*


---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid m parameter

**Usage**

```
is_m_param(m_param)
```

**Arguments**

m\_param            an m parameter, as created by [create\\_m\\_param](#)

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid m parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_m_param(create_alpha_param())
is_m_param(create_beta_param())
is_m_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_m_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_m_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_m_param(create_lambda_param())
is_m_param(create_m_param())
is_m_param(create_mean_param())
is_m_param(create_mu_param())
is_m_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_m_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_m_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_m_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_m_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_m_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_m_param(create_s_param())
is_m_param(create_scale_param())
is_m_param(create_sigma_param())

is_m_param(NA)
is_m_param(NULL)
is_m_param("nonsense")
is_m_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_m_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_m_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_m_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is_normal_distr	<i>Determine if the object is a valid normal distribution as created by</i> <a href="#">create_normal_distr</a>
-----------------	--

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid normal distribution as created by [create\\_normal\\_distr](#)



**Value**

TRUE if the argument is one boolean, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_one_bool(TRUE)
is_one_bool(FALSE)

# FALSE
is_one_bool(NULL)
is_one_bool(NA)
is_one_bool(c())
is_one_bool("nonsense")
is_one_bool(is_one_bool)
is_one_bool(c(TRUE, FALSE))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_one\_div\_x\_distr     *Determine if the object is a valid 1/x distribution, as created by*  
[create\\_one\\_div\\_x\\_distr](#)

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid 1/x distribution, as created by [create\\_one\\_div\\_x\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_one_div_x_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid 1/x distribution

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid 1/x distribution, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [is\\_distr](#) to see if x is any distribution

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_one_div_x_distr(create_one_div_x_distr())
# FALSE
is_one_div_x_distr(create_poisson_distr())
is_one_div_x_distr(NA)
is_one_div_x_distr(NULL)
is_one_div_x_distr("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_one_double	<i>Determines if the argument is a double</i>
---------------	---

---

**Description**

Determines if the argument is a double

**Usage**

```
is_one_double(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object to be determined of if it is one double

**Value**

TRUE if the argument is one floating point value, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_one_double(314)
is_one_double(0)
is_one_double(-314)
is_one_double(3.14)
```

```
# FALSE
is_one_double(NULL)
is_one_double(NA)
is_one_double(Inf)
is_one_double("nonsense")
is_one_double(is_one_double)
is_one_double(c())
is_one_double(c(1, 2))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_one\_empty\_string    *Determine if an object is one empty string*

---

### **Description**

Determine if an object is one empty string

### **Usage**

```
is_one_empty_string(x)
```

### **Arguments**

x                    the object that may be one string that may be empty

### **Value**

TRUE is 'x' is one string that is empty

### **Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### **Examples**

```
# TRUE
is_one_empty_string("")

# FALSE
is_one_empty_string("3.14")
is_one_empty_string(c("", ""))
is_one_empty_string(42)
is_one_empty_string("nonsense")
```

---

`is_one_int`*Determines if the argument is a whole number*

---

**Description**

Determines if the argument is a whole number

**Usage**

```
is_one_int(x, tolerance = .Machine$double.eps^0.5)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	the object to be determined of if it is one integer
<code>tolerance</code>	tolerance to rounding errors

**Value**

TRUE if the argument is one int, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_one_int(314)
is_one_int(0)
is_one_int(-314)
# FALSE
is_one_int(3.14)
is_one_int(NULL)
is_one_int(NA)
is_one_int(Inf)
is_one_int("nonsense")
is_one_int(c())
is_one_int(c(1, 2))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_one\_na                      *Determines if x is one NA*

---

**Description**

Determines if x is one NA

**Usage**

```
is_one_na(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      the object to be determined if it is one NA

**Value**

TRUE if x is one NA, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_one\_string                      *Determines if the argument is one string*

---

**Description**

Determines if the argument is one string

**Usage**

```
is_one_string(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      the object to be determined of if it is one string

**Value**

TRUE if the argument is one string, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_one_string("This is one string")

# FALSE
is_one_string(NULL)
is_one_string(NA)
is_one_string(Inf)
is_one_string(314)
is_one_string(0)
is_one_string(-314)
is_one_string(3.14)
is_one_string(c("a", "b"))
is_one_string(is_one_string)
is_one_string(c())
is_one_string(c(1, 2))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

*is\_one\_string\_that\_is\_a\_number*  
*General function to create a distribution.*

---

**Description**

General function to create a distribution.

**Usage**

```
is_one_string_that_is_a_number(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    the object that may be one string that may be a number

**Value**

TRUE is 'x' is one string that is a number

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
# TRUE
is_one_string_that_is_a_number("3.14")

# FALSE
is_one_string_that_is_a_number(c("3.14", "42"))
is_one_string_that_is_a_number("")
is_one_string_that_is_a_number(42)
is_one_string_that_is_a_number("nonsense")
```

---

is_on_appveyor	<i>Determines if the environment is AppVeyor</i>
----------------	--

---

**Description**

Determines if the environment is AppVeyor

**Usage**

```
is_on_appveyor()
```

**Value**

**TRUE** if run on AppVeyor, **FALSE** otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_appveyor()) {
  message("Running on AppVeyor")
}
```

---

is\_on\_ci                      *Determines if the environment is a continuous integration service*

---

**Description**

Determines if the environment is a continuous integration service

**Usage**

```
is_on_ci()
```

**Value**

**TRUE** if run on AppVeyor or Travis CI, **FALSE** otherwise

**Note**

It is possible to fake being on continuous integration service, in this case GitHub Actions, using:

```
“r Sys.setenv(GITHUB_ACTIONS = "I fake being on GitHub Actions") is_on_ci() # Will be true  
“
```

To undo this, do

```
“r Sys.setenv(GITHUB_ACTIONS = "") is_on_ci() # Will be false “
```

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
is_on_ci()
```

---

is\_on\_github\_actions      *Determines if the environment is GitHub Actions*

---

**Description**

Determines if the environment is GitHub Actions

**Usage**

```
is_on_github_actions()
```

**Value**

**TRUE** if run on GitHub Actions, **FALSE** otherwise

**Note**

It is possible to fake being on GitHub Actions, using:

```
““r Sys.setenv(GITHUB_ACTIONS = "I fake being on GitHub Actions") is_on_github_actions() #  
Will be true ““
```

To undo this, do

```
““r Sys.setenv(GITHUB_ACTIONS = "") is_on_github_actions() # Will be false ““
```

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_github_actions()) {  
  message("Running on GitHub Actions")  
}
```

---

is\_on\_travis

*Determines if the environment is Travis CI*

---

**Description**

Determines if the environment is Travis CI

**Usage**

```
is_on_travis()
```

**Value**

**TRUE** if run on Travis CI, **FALSE** otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
if (is_on_ci()) {  
  message("Running on Travis CI")  
}
```

---

is_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid parameter</i>
----------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid parameter

**Usage**

```
is_param(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid parameter, as created by [create\\_param](#))

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_param(create_alpha_param())
is_param(create_beta_param())
is_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_param(create_lambda_param())
is_param(create_m_param())
is_param(create_mean_param())
is_param(create_mu_param())
is_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_param(create_s_param())
is_param(create_scale_param())
is_param(create_sigma_param())

# FALSE
is_param(NA)
is_param(NULL)
```

```
is_param("nonsense")
is_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_param\_name

*Determines if the name is a valid parameter name*

---

### Description

Determines if the name is a valid parameter name

### Usage

```
is_param_name(name)
```

### Arguments

name                    the name to be tested

### Value

TRUE if the name is a valid parameter name, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_param_name("alpha")
is_param_name("beta")
is_param_name("clock_rate")
is_param_name("kappa_1")
is_param_name("kappa_2")
is_param_name("lambda")
is_param_name("m")
is_param_name("mean")
is_param_name("mu")
is_param_name("rate_ac")
is_param_name("rate_ag")
is_param_name("rate_at")
is_param_name("rate_cg")
is_param_name("rate_ct")
```

```
is_param_name("rate_gt")
is_param_name("s")
is_param_name("scale")
is_param_name("sigma")

# FALSE
is_param_name("nonsense")
is_param_name(NA)
is_param_name(NULL)
is_param_name("")
is_param_name(c())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_phylo	<i>Checks if the input is a phylogeny</i>
----------	---

---

## Description

Checks if the input is a phylogeny

## Usage

```
is_phylo(x)
```

## Arguments

x	input to be checked
---	---------------------

## Value

TRUE or FALSE

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## See Also

Use [check\\_phylogeny](#) to check for a phylogeny

## Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
phylogeny <- ape::read.tree(text = "(a:15,b:15):1;")
is_phylo(phylogeny)

# FALSE
```

```
is_phylo("nonsense")
is_phylo(NA)
is_phylo(NULL)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_poisson_distr	<i>Determine if the object is a valid Poisson distribution as created by <a href="#">create_poisson_distr</a></i>
------------------	---

---

### Description

Determine if the object is a valid Poisson distribution as created by [create\\_poisson\\_distr](#)

### Usage

```
is_poisson_distr(x)
```

### Arguments

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid Poisson distribution

### Value

TRUE if x is a valid Poisson distribution, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

use [is\\_distr](#) to see if x is any distribution

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_poisson_distr(create_poisson_distr())
# FALSE
is_poisson_distr(create_uniform_distr())
is_distr(NA)
is_distr(NULL)
is_distr("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_rate_ac_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid 'rate AC' parameter</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid 'rate AC' parameter

**Usage**

```
is_rate_ac_param(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid 'rate AC' parameter

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid 'rate AC' parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

[create\\_rate\\_ac\\_param](#) creates a 'rate AC' parameter

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_rate_ac_param(create_alpha_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_beta_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_lambda_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_m_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_mean_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_mu_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_s_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_scale_param())
is_rate_ac_param(create_sigma_param())
```

```

is_rate_ac_param(NA)
is_rate_ac_param(NULL)
is_rate_ac_param("nonsense")
is_rate_ac_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_rate_ac_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_rate_ac_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_rate_ac_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is_rate_ag_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid 'rate AG' parameter</i>
------------------	---

---

### Description

Determine if the object is a valid 'rate AG' parameter

### Usage

```
is_rate_ag_param(x)
```

### Arguments

x                      an object, to be determined if it is a valid 'rate AG' parameter

### Value

TRUE if x is a valid 'rate AG' parameter, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

[create\\_rate\\_ag\\_param](#) creates a 'rate AG' parameter

### Examples

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_rate_ag_param(create_alpha_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_beta_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_lambda_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_m_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_mean_param())

```

```

is_rate_ag_param(create_mu_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_s_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_scale_param())
is_rate_ag_param(create_sigma_param())

is_rate_ag_param(NA)
is_rate_ag_param(NULL)
is_rate_ag_param("nonsense")
is_rate_ag_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_rate_ag_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_rate_ag_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_rate_ag_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is_rate_at_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid 'rate AT' parameter</i>
------------------	---

---

### Description

Determine if the object is a valid 'rate AT' parameter

### Usage

```
is_rate_at_param(x)
```

### Arguments

x                      an object, to be determined if it is a valid 'rate AT' parameter

### Value

TRUE if x is a valid 'rate AT' parameter, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

[create\\_rate\\_at\\_param](#) creates a 'rate AT' parameter

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_rate_at_param(create_alpha_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_beta_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_lambda_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_m_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_mean_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_mu_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_s_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_scale_param())
is_rate_at_param(create_sigma_param())

is_rate_at_param(NA)
is_rate_at_param(NULL)
is_rate_at_param("nonsense")
is_rate_at_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_rate_at_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_rate_at_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_rate_at_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is_rate_cg_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid 'rate CG' parameter</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid 'rate CG' parameter

**Usage**

```
is_rate_cg_param(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid 'rate CG' parameter

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid 'rate CG' parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

[create\\_rate\\_cg\\_param](#) creates a 'rate CG' parameter

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_rate_cg_param(create_alpha_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_beta_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_lambda_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_m_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_mean_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_mu_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_s_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_scale_param())
is_rate_cg_param(create_sigma_param())

is_rate_cg_param(NA)
is_rate_cg_param(NULL)
is_rate_cg_param("nonsense")
is_rate_cg_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_rate_cg_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_rate_cg_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_rate_cg_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is\_rate\_ct\_param      *Determine if the object is a valid 'rate CT' parameter*

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid 'rate CT' parameter

**Usage**

```
is_rate_ct_param(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid 'rate CT' parameter

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid 'rate CG' parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

[create\\_rate\\_ct\\_param](#) creates a 'rate CT' parameter

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_rate_ct_param(create_alpha_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_beta_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_lambda_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_m_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_mean_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_mu_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_s_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_scale_param())
is_rate_ct_param(create_sigma_param())

is_rate_ct_param(NA)
is_rate_ct_param(NULL)
is_rate_ct_param("nonsense")
is_rate_ct_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_rate_ct_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_rate_ct_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_rate_ct_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_rate_gt_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid 'rate GT' parameter</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid 'rate GT' parameter

**Usage**

```
is_rate_gt_param(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid 'rate GT' parameter

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid 'rate GT' parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

[create\\_rate\\_gt\\_param](#) creates a 'rate GT' parameter

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_rate_gt_param(create_alpha_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_beta_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_lambda_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_m_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_mean_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_mu_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_s_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_scale_param())
is_rate_gt_param(create_sigma_param())
```

```

is_rate_gt_param(NA)
is_rate_gt_param(NULL)
is_rate_gt_param("nonsense")
is_rate_gt_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_rate_gt_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_rate_gt_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_rate_gt_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is\_rln\_clock\_model     *Determine if the object is a valid relaxed log normal clock model*

---

### Description

Determine if the object is a valid relaxed log normal clock model

### Usage

```
is_rln_clock_model(x)
```

### Arguments

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid relaxed log normal clock model, as created by [create\\_rln\\_clock\\_model](#))

### Value

TRUE if x is a valid relaxed log normal clock model, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

[create\\_clock\\_model](#) shows an overview of functions to create a clock model

### Examples

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_rln_clock_model(create_strict_clock_model())
is_rln_clock_model(create_rln_clock_model())

is_rln_clock_model(NA)
is_rln_clock_model(NULL)
is_rln_clock_model("nonsense")
is_rln_clock_model(create_jc69_site_model())

```

```
is_rln_clock_model(create_mcmc())
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_scale_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid scale parameter</i>
----------------	---

---

### Description

Determine if the object is a valid scale parameter

### Usage

```
is_scale_param(x)
```

### Arguments

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid scale parameter

### Value

TRUE if x is a valid scale parameter, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_scale_param(create_alpha_param())
is_scale_param(create_beta_param())
is_scale_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_scale_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_scale_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_scale_param(create_lambda_param())
is_scale_param(create_m_param())
is_scale_param(create_mean_param())
is_scale_param(create_mu_param())
is_scale_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_scale_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_scale_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_scale_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_scale_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_scale_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_scale_param(create_s_param())
is_scale_param(create_scale_param())
is_scale_param(create_sigma_param())
```

```

is_scale_param(NA)
is_scale_param(NULL)
is_scale_param("nonsense")
is_scale_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_scale_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_scale_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_scale_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is_sigma_param	<i>Determine if the object is a valid sigma parameter</i>
----------------	---

---

### Description

Determine if the object is a valid sigma parameter

### Usage

```
is_sigma_param(x)
```

### Arguments

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid sigma parameter

### Value

TRUE if x is a valid sigma parameter, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_sigma_param(create_alpha_param())
is_sigma_param(create_beta_param())
is_sigma_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_sigma_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_sigma_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_sigma_param(create_lambda_param())
is_sigma_param(create_m_param())
is_sigma_param(create_mean_param())
is_sigma_param(create_mu_param())
is_sigma_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_sigma_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_sigma_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_sigma_param(create_rate_cg_param())

```

```

is_sigma_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_sigma_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_sigma_param(create_s_param())
is_sigma_param(create_scale_param())
is_sigma_param(create_sigma_param())

is_sigma_param(NA)
is_sigma_param(NULL)
is_sigma_param("nonsense")
is_sigma_param(create_jc69_site_model())
is_sigma_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_sigma_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_sigma_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

is_site_model	<i>Determine if the object is a valid site_model</i>
---------------	--

---

### Description

Determine if the object is a valid site\_model

### Usage

```
is_site_model(x)
```

### Arguments

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a site\_model

### Value

TRUE if the site\_model is a valid site\_model, FALSE otherwise

### See Also

A site model can be created using [create\\_site\\_model](#)

### Examples

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_site_model(create_gtr_site_model())
is_site_model(create_hky_site_model())
is_site_model(create_jc69_site_model())
is_site_model(create_tn93_site_model())

# FALSE

```

```
is_site_model(NA)
is_site_model(NULL)
is_site_model("nonsense")
is_site_model(create_strict_clock_model())
is_site_model(create_bd_tree_prior())
is_site_model(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_site\_model\_name      *Determines if the name is a valid site\_model name*

---

### Description

Determines if the name is a valid site\_model name

### Usage

```
is_site_model_name(name)
```

### Arguments

name                    the name to be tested

### Value

TRUE if the name is a valid site\_model name, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_site_model_name("JC69")
is_site_model_name("HKY")
is_site_model_name("TN93")
is_site_model_name("GTR")
# FALSE
is_site_model_name("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_strict\_clock\_model *Determine if the object is a valid strict clock model, as returned by [create\\_strict\\_clock\\_model](#)*

---

### Description

Determine if the object is a valid strict clock model, as returned by [create\\_strict\\_clock\\_model](#)

### Usage

```
is_strict_clock_model(x)
```

### Arguments

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid strict clock model

### Value

TRUE if x is a valid strict clock model, FALSE otherwise

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

[create\\_clock\\_model](#) shows an overview of functions to create a clock model

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_strict_clock_model(create_strict_clock_model())
is_strict_clock_model(create_rln_clock_model())

is_strict_clock_model(NA)
is_strict_clock_model(NULL)
is_strict_clock_model("nonsense")
is_strict_clock_model(create_jc69_site_model())
is_strict_clock_model(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

 is\_s\_param

*Determine if the object is a valid s parameter*


---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid s parameter

**Usage**

```
is_s_param(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid s parameter

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid s parameter, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_s_param(create_alpha_param())
is_s_param(create_beta_param())
is_s_param(create_clock_rate_param())
is_s_param(create_kappa_1_param())
is_s_param(create_kappa_2_param())
is_s_param(create_lambda_param())
is_s_param(create_m_param())
is_s_param(create_mean_param())
is_s_param(create_mu_param())
is_s_param(create_rate_ac_param())
is_s_param(create_rate_ag_param())
is_s_param(create_rate_at_param())
is_s_param(create_rate_cg_param())
is_s_param(create_rate_ct_param())
is_s_param(create_rate_gt_param())
is_s_param(create_s_param())
is_s_param(create_scale_param())
is_s_param(create_sigma_param())

is_s_param(NA)
is_s_param(NULL)
is_s_param("nonsense")
is_s_param(create_jc69_site_model())
```

```
is_s_param(create_strict_clock_model())
is_s_param(create_yule_tree_prior())
is_s_param(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is\_tn93\_site\_model     *Determine if the object is a valid TN93 site model,*

---

## Description

Determine if the object is a valid TN93 site model,

## Usage

```
is_tn93_site_model(x)
```

## Arguments

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid TN93 site model, as created by [create\\_tn93\\_site\\_model](#)

## Value

TRUE if x is a valid TN93 site model, FALSE otherwise

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# site models
is_tn93_site_model(create_gtr_site_model())
is_tn93_site_model(create_hky_site_model())
is_tn93_site_model(create_jc69_site_model())
is_tn93_site_model(create_tn93_site_model())

# other models
is_tn93_site_model(NA)
is_tn93_site_model(NULL)
is_tn93_site_model("nonsense")
is_tn93_site_model("")
is_tn93_site_model(c())
is_tn93_site_model(create_strict_clock_model())
is_tn93_site_model(create_bd_tree_prior())
is_tn93_site_model(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_tree_prior	<i>Determine if an object is a valid tree prior</i>
---------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if an object is a valid tree prior

**Usage**

```
is_tree_prior(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid tree\_prior, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

tree priors can be created by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

is_tree_prior(create_bd_tree_prior())
is_tree_prior(create_yule_tree_prior())
!is_tree_prior("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_tree_prior_name	<i>Determines if the name is a valid tree prior name</i>
--------------------	--

---

**Description**

Determines if the name is a valid tree prior name

**Usage**

```
is_tree_prior_name(name)
```

**Arguments**

name	the name to be tested
------	-----------------------

**Value**

TRUE if the name is a valid tree\_prior name, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_tree_prior_name("birth_death")
is_tree_prior_name("coalescent_bayesian_skyline")
is_tree_prior_name("coalescent_constant_population")
is_tree_prior_name("coalescent_exp_population")
is_tree_prior_name("yule")
# FALSE
is_tree_prior_name("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_uniform_distr	<i>Determine if the object is a valid uniform distribution as created by <a href="#">create_uniform_distr</a></i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid uniform distribution as created by [create\\_uniform\\_distr](#)

**Usage**

```
is_uniform_distr(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid uniform distribution

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid uniform distribution, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [is\\_distr](#) to see if x is any distribution

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_uniform_distr(create_uniform_distr())
# FALSE
is_uniform_distr(create_beta_distr())
is_uniform_distr(NA)
is_uniform_distr(NULL)
is_uniform_distr("nonsense")

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

is_xml	<i>Checks if the text is a valid XML node, that is, it has a opening and matching closing tag</i>
--------	---

---

**Description**

Checks if the text is a valid XML node, that is, it has a opening and matching closing tag

**Usage**

```
is_xml(text)
```

**Arguments**

text                text to be determined to be valid

**Value**

TRUE if the text is valid XML, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

is\_yule\_tree\_prior     *Determine if the object is a valid Yule tree prior,*

---

**Description**

Determine if the object is a valid Yule tree prior,

**Usage**

```
is_yule_tree_prior(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    an object, to be determined if it is a valid Yule tree prior

**Value**

TRUE if x is a valid Yule tree prior, FALSE otherwise

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

Use [create\\_yule\\_tree\\_prior](#) to create a valid Yule tree prior

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# TRUE
is_yule_tree_prior(create_yule_tree_prior())

# FALSE
is_yule_tree_prior(create_bd_tree_prior())
is_yule_tree_prior(create_cbs_tree_prior())
is_yule_tree_prior(create_ccp_tree_prior())
is_yule_tree_prior(create_cep_tree_prior())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

jc69\_site\_model\_to\_xml\_state

*Converts a site model to XML, used in the state section*

---

### Description

Converts a site model to XML, used in the state section

### Usage

```
jc69_site_model_to_xml_state(  
  site_model,  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)
```

### Arguments

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)  
beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

### Value

the site model as XML text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

kappa\_param\_to\_xml      *Internal function*

---

### Description

Converts an kappa parameter to XML

### Usage

```
kappa_param_to_xml(kappa_param, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

### Arguments

kappa\_param      a kappa parameter, as created by [create\\_kappa\\_param](#)  
beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# The kappa parameter must be initialized, i.e. have an ID
kappa_param_to_xml(kappa_param = create_kappa_param(id = "1"))

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

mcmc_to_xml_run	<i>Converts an MCMC object to the run section's XML</i>
-----------------	---

---

**Description**

Converts an MCMC object to the run section's XML

**Usage**

```
mcmc_to_xml_run(mcmc)
```

**Arguments**

mcmc	one MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC. Use <a href="#">create_ns_mcmc</a> to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use <a href="#">check_mcmc</a> to check if an MCMC is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_mcmc_filenames</a> to rename the filenames in an MCMC.
------	---

**Value**

the XML as text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```

if (is_on_ci()) {

  check_empty_beautier_folder()

  # <run id="mcmc" spec="MCMC" chainLength="1e+07">
  mcmc_to_xml_run(create_mcmc())

  check_empty_beautier_folder()
}

```

---

```
mcmc_to_xml_run_default
```

*Converts an MCMC object to the run section's XML for a default MCMC*

---

**Description**

Converts an MCMC object to the run section's XML for a default MCMC

**Usage**

```
mcmc_to_xml_run_default(mcmc)
```

**Arguments**

`mcmc` one MCMC. Use [create\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC. Use [create\\_ns\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use [check\\_mcmc](#) to check if an MCMC is valid. Use [rename\\_mcmc\\_filenames](#) to rename the filenames in an MCMC.

**Value**

the XML as text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <run id="mcmc" spec="MCMC" chainLength="1e+07">
xml <- mcmc_to_xml_run_default(create_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

`mcmc_to_xml_run_nested_sampling`

*Converts an MCMC object to the run section's XML for a Nested-Sampling MCMC*

---

### Description

Converts an MCMC object to the run section's XML for a Nested-Sampling MCMC

### Usage

```
mcmc_to_xml_run_nested_sampling(mcmc)
```

### Arguments

`mcmc` one MCMC. Use [create\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC. Use [create\\_ns\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use [check\\_mcmc](#) to check if an MCMC is valid. Use [rename\\_mcmc\\_filenames](#) to rename the filenames in an MCMC.

### Value

the XML as text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# "<run id="mcmc" spec="beast.gss.NS" chainLength="1e+07" "
# "particleCount="1" subChainLength="5000" epsilon="1e-12">"
mcmc_to_xml_run_nested_sampling(create_ns_mcmc())

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

```
mrca_priors_to_xml_prior_distr
```

*Creates the the distribution's prior section (which is part of a posterior distribution section) of a BEAST2 XML parameter file.*

---

### Description

These lines start with '<distribution id="prior"'

### Usage

```
mrca_priors_to_xml_prior_distr(inference_model)
```

### Arguments

```
inference_model
```

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Details

```
<distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution"><distribution id="prior"
spec="util.CompoundDistribution"> HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior' </distribution>
<distribution id="likelihood" ...></distribution></distribution>
```

### Value

lines of XML text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

```
mrca_prior_to_xml_prior_distr
```

*Creates the distribution section in the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file.*

---

### Description

These lines start with '<distribution id='

**Usage**

```
mrca_prior_to_xml_prior_distr(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'
#   </distribution>
#   <distribution id="likelihood" ...>
#   </distribution>
# </distribution>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

```
mrca_prior_to_xml_state
```

*Internal function to create the XML of an MRCA prior, as used in the state section*

---

**Description**

Internal function to create the XML of an MRCA prior, as used in the state section

**Usage**

```
mrca_prior_to_xml_state(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

the tree prior as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

mrca_prior_to_xml_state(
  inference_model = create_inference_model(
    mrca_prior = create_mrca_prior(
      alignment_id = "test_output_0",
      mrca_distr = create_normal_distr(id = 42)
    ),
    clock_model = create_strict_clock_model()
  )
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

mrca\_prior\_to\_xml\_taxonset

*Creates the taxonset section in the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file.*

---

**Description**

Creates the taxonset section in the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file.

**Usage**

```
mrca_prior_to_xml_taxonset(mrca_prior, taxa_names_with_ids = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

mrca\_prior        a Most Recent Common Ancestor prior, as returned by [create\\_mrca\\_prior](#)  
 taxa\_names\_with\_ids  
                   taxa names that already have received an ID. Causes the XML to idref these

**Details**

```
<taxonset id="all" spec="TaxonSet"> <taxon id="626029_aco" spec="Taxon"/> <taxon id="630116_aco"
spec="Taxon"/> <taxon id="630210_aco" spec="Taxon"/> <taxon id="B25702_aco" spec="Taxon"/>
<taxon id="61430_aco" spec="Taxon"/> </taxonset>
```

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

mrca\_prior\_to\_xml\_tracelog

*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Internal function to creates the MRCA prior's XML for the tracelog section.

**Usage**

```
mrca_prior_to_xml_tracelog(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model  
 a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Details**

```
<logger id="tracelog" ...> # Here </logger>
```

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

m\_param\_to\_xml      *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts an m parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
m_param_to_xml(m_param, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

**Arguments**

m\_param            an m parameter, as created by [create\\_m\\_param](#)  
 beauti\_options    one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

no\_taxa\_to\_xml\_tree      *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Creates the 'tree' section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file, which is part of a 'state' section, without being indented, when there is no tip-dating

**Usage**

```
no_taxa_to_xml_tree(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model            a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Details**

The tree tag has these elements:

```
<tree[...]>
  <taxonset[...]>
    [...]
  </taxonset>
</run>
```

**Value**

the random phylogeny as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

parameter\_to\_xml      *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
parameter_to_xml(parameter, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

parameter      a parameter, as created by [create\\_param](#))  
beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

parameter_to_xml(
  create_alpha_param(id = 1),
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

parameter\_to\_xml\_kappa\_1

*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a kappa 1 parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
parameter_to_xml_kappa_1(parameter, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

**Arguments**

parameter      a kappa 1 parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by [create\\_kappa\\_1\\_param](#))

beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

parameter\_to\_xml\_kappa\_2  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a kappa 2 parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
parameter_to_xml_kappa_2(parameter, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

**Arguments**

parameter      a kappa 2 parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by [create\\_kappa\\_2\\_param](#))

beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

parameter\_to\_xml\_lambda  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a lambda parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
parameter_to_xml_lambda(parameter, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

**Arguments**

parameter      a lambda parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by [create\\_lambda\\_param](#))

beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

parameter\_to\_xml\_mean *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a mean parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
parameter_to_xml_mean(parameter, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

**Arguments**

`parameter` a mean parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by [create\\_mean\\_param](#))

`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

parameter\_to\_xml\_mu *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a mu parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
parameter_to_xml_mu(parameter, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

**Arguments**

- parameter      a mu parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by [create\\_mu\\_param](#))
- beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

parameter\_to\_xml\_rate\_ac

*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a 'rate AC' parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
parameter_to_xml_rate_ac(  
  parameter,  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options(),  
  which_name = "state_node"  
)
```

**Arguments**

- parameter      a 'rate AC' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by [create\\_rate\\_ac\\_param](#))
- beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)
- which\_name      the name, can be state\_node or rate\_name

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

parameter\_to\_xml\_rate\_ag  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a 'rate AG' parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
parameter_to_xml_rate_ag(  
  parameter,  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options(),  
  which_name = "state_node"  
)
```

**Arguments**

parameter      a 'rate AG' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by [create\\_rate\\_ag\\_param](#))

beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

which\_name      the name, can be state\_node or rate\_name

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

parameter\_to\_xml\_rate\_at  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a 'rate AT' parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
parameter_to_xml_rate_at(  
  parameter,  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options(),  
  which_name = "state_node"  
)
```

**Arguments**

parameter	a 'rate AT' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by <a href="#">create_rate_at_param</a> )
beauti_options	one BEAUti options object, as returned by <a href="#">create_beauti_options</a>
which_name	the name, can be state_node or rate_name

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

parameter\_to\_xml\_rate\_cg  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a 'rate CG' parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
parameter_to_xml_rate_cg(
  parameter,
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options(),
  which_name = "state_node"
)
```

**Arguments**

parameter	a 'rate CG' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by <a href="#">create_rate_cg_param</a> )
beauti_options	one BEAUti options object, as returned by <a href="#">create_beauti_options</a>
which_name	the name, can be state_node or rate_name

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

parameter\_to\_xml\_rate\_ct

*Internal function*

---

### Description

Converts a 'rate CT' parameter to XML

### Usage

```
parameter_to_xml_rate_ct(  
  parameter,  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options(),  
  which_name = "state_node"  
)
```

### Arguments

parameter	a 'rate CT' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by <a href="#">create_rate_ct_param</a> )
beauti_options	one BEAUti options object, as returned by <a href="#">create_beauti_options</a>
which_name	the name, can be state_node or rate_name

### Value

the parameter as XML text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

parameter\_to\_xml\_rate\_gt

*Internal function*

---

### Description

Converts a 'rate GT' parameter to XML

### Usage

```
parameter_to_xml_rate_gt(  
  parameter,  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options(),  
  which_name = "state_node"  
)
```

**Arguments**

parameter	a 'rate GT' parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by <a href="#">create_rate_gt_param</a> )
beauti_options	one BEAUti options object, as returned by <a href="#">create_beauti_options</a>
which_name	the name, can be state_node or rate_name

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

parameter\_to\_xml\_scale

*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a scale parameter to XML

**Usage**

```
parameter_to_xml_scale(parameter, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

**Arguments**

parameter	a scale parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by <a href="#">create_scale_param</a> )
beauti_options	one BEAUti options object, as returned by <a href="#">create_beauti_options</a>

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

parameter\_to\_xml\_sigma

*Internal function*

---

### Description

Converts a sigma parameter to XML

### Usage

```
parameter_to_xml_sigma(parameter, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

### Arguments

parameter      a sigma parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by [create\\_sigma\\_param](#))

beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

### Value

the parameter as XML text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

remove\_beautier\_folder

*Check there are no files in the default [beautier](#) folder*

---

### Description

Check there are no files in the default [beautier](#) folder. The goal is to make sure no temporary files are left undeleted. Will [stop](#) if there are files in the [beautier](#) folder.

### Usage

```
remove_beautier_folder()
```

### Value

No return value, called for side effects.

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

use [remove\\_beautier\\_folder](#) to remove the default ‘beautier’ folder

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
remove_beautier_folder()
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

remove_empty_lines	<i>Remove all lines that are only whitespace</i>
--------------------	--

---

**Description**

Remove all lines that are only whitespace

**Usage**

```
remove_empty_lines(lines, trim = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

lines            character vector with text

trim            FALSE if indentation must be preserved, TRUE will remove all surrounding whitespace

**Value**

the lines with text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

remove_multiline	<i>Remove consecutive lines</i>
------------------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

Remove consecutive lines

**Usage**

```
remove_multiline(text, lines_to_remove)
```

**Arguments**

text	lines of characters
lines_to_remove	lines of character that need to be removed from text

**Value**

lines of text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

rename_inference_model_filenames	<i>Rename the filenames in an inference model</i>
----------------------------------	---

---

**Description**

Rename the filenames in an inference model

**Usage**

```
rename_inference_model_filenames(inference_model, rename_fun)
```

**Arguments**

inference_model	a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use <a href="#">create_inference_model</a> to create an inference model. Use <a href="#">check_inference_model</a> to check if an inference model is valid. Use <a href="#">rename_inference_model_filenames</a> to rename the files in an inference model.
-----------------	--

rename\_fun a function to rename a filename, as can be checked by [check\\_rename\\_fun](#). This function should have one argument, which will be a filename or `NA`. The function should **return** one filename (when passed one filename) or one `NA` (when passed one `NA`). Example rename functions are:

- [get\\_remove\\_dir\\_fun](#) get a function that removes the directory paths from the filenames, in effect turning these into local files
- [get\\_replace\\_dir\\_fun](#) get a function that replaces the directory paths from the filenames
- [get\\_remove\\_hex\\_fun](#) get a function that removes the hex string from filenames. For example, `tracelog_82c1a522040.log` becomes `tracelog.log`

### Value

an inference model with the renamed filenames

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

inference_model <- create_inference_model()
inference_model$mcmc$tracelog$filename <- "trace.log"
inference_model$mcmc$screenlog$filename <- "screen.log"
inference_model$mcmc$treelog$filename <- "tree.log"
inference_model$tipdates_filename <- "tipdates.csv"

# Nah, put the files in a folder
inference_model <- rename_inference_model_filenames(
  inference_model = inference_model,
  rename_fun = get_replace_dir_fun("/home/john")
)

# Nah, put the files in anoth folder
inference_model <- rename_inference_model_filenames(
  inference_model = inference_model,
  rename_fun = get_replace_dir_fun("/home/does")
)

# Nah, store the files locally
rename_inference_model_filenames(
  inference_model = inference_model,
  rename_fun = get_remove_dir_fun()
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

**Description**

Rename the filenames within an MCMC

**Usage**

```
rename_mcmc_filenames(mcmc, rename_fun)
```

**Arguments**

**mcmc** one MCMC. Use [create\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC. Use [create\\_ns\\_mcmc](#) to create an MCMC for a Nested Sampling run. Use [check\\_mcmc](#) to check if an MCMC is valid. Use [rename\\_mcmc\\_filenames](#) to rename the filenames in an MCMC.

**rename\_fun** a function to rename a filename, as can be checked by [check\\_rename\\_fun](#). This function should have one argument, which will be a filename or `NA`. The function should [return](#) one filename (when passed one filename) or one `NA` (when passed one `NA`). Example rename functions are:

- [get\\_remove\\_dir\\_fun](#) get a function that removes the directory paths from the filenames, in effect turning these into local files
- [get\\_replace\\_dir\\_fun](#) get a function that replaces the directory paths from the filenames
- [get\\_remove\\_hex\\_fun](#) get a function that removes the hex string from filenames. For example, `tracelog_82c1a522040.log` becomes `tracelog.log`

**Value**

an 'mcmc' (see [create\\_mcmc](#)) with renamed filenames

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# Create an MCMC with local filenames
mcmc <- create_mcmc()
mcmc$tracelog$filename <- "trace.log"
mcmc$screenlog$filename <- "screen.log"
mcmc$treelog$filename <- "tree.log"

# Nah, files should be put in '/home/john' folder
mcmc <- rename_mcmc_filenames(
  mcmc = mcmc,
  rename_fun = get_replace_dir_fun("/home/john")
)

# Nah, files should be put in '/home/doe' folder instead
mcmc <- rename_mcmc_filenames(
  mcmc = mcmc,
  rename_fun = get_replace_dir_fun("/home/doe")
)
```

```
# Nah, files should be put in local folder instead
mcmc <- rename_mcmc_filenames(
  mcmc = mcmc,
  rename_fun = get_remove_dir_fun()
)

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

rln\_clock\_model\_to\_xml\_mean\_rate\_prior  
*Internal function*

---

### Description

Internal function

### Usage

```
rln_clock_model_to_xml_mean_rate_prior(rln_clock_model, beauti_options)
```

### Arguments

rln\_clock\_model

a Relaxed Log-Normal clock model, as returned by [create\\_rln\\_clock\\_model](#)

beauti\_options one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

### Value

lines of XML text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

rln\_clock\_model\_to\_xml\_operators  
*Internal function*

---

### Description

Converts an RLN clock model to the operators section of the XML as text

### Usage

```
rln_clock_model_to_xml_operators(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

rln\_clock\_model\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Internal function to converts a relaxed log-normal clock model to the prior section of the XML as text

**Usage**

```
rln_clock_model_to_xml_prior_distr(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```

check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'
#   </distribution>
#   <distribution id="likelihood" ...>
#     </distribution>
# </distribution>

# Must be an initialized inference model
inference_model <- create_inference_model(
  clock_model = create_rln_clock_model(
    id = "test_output_0",
    ucldstdev_distr = create_gamma_distr(
      id = 0,
      alpha = create_alpha_param(id = 2, value = "0.5396"),
      beta = create_beta_param(id = 3, value = "0.3819")
    ),
    mean_rate_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 1),
    mparam_id = 1
  )
)

rln_clock_model_to_xml_prior_distr(inference_model)

check_empty_beautier_folder()

```

---

```

rln_clock_model_to_xml_state
      Internal function

```

---

**Description**

Converts an RLN clock model to the ‘state’ section of the XML as text

**Usage**

```
rln_clock_model_to_xml_state(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

lines of XML text, without indentation nor state tags

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

rln\_clock\_model\_to\_xml\_tracelog  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Creates the RLN clock model's XML for the tracelog section

**Usage**

```
rln_clock_model_to_xml_tracelog(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <logger id="tracelog" ...>
#' # Here
# </logger>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`rnd_phylo_to_xml_init` *Creates the XML of a random phylogeny, as used in the init section*

---

### Description

Creates the XML text for the `beast` tag of a BEAST2 parameter file, which is directly after the XML declaration (created by [create\\_xml\\_declaration](#)).

### Usage

```
rnd_phylo_to_xml_init(inference_model)
```

### Arguments

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Details

The `init` tag has these elements:

```
<init id=\"RandomTree.t:[...]\">
  <populationModel[...]>
    [...]
  </populationModel>
</init>
```

### Value

the phylogeny as XML text

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

site\_models\_to\_xml\_operators

*Write the XML operators section from the site models.*

---

**Description**

Write the XML operators section from the site models.

**Usage**

```
site_models_to_xml_operators(site_models)
```

**Arguments**

site\_models      one or more site models, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

site\_models\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr

*Represent the site models as XML*

---

**Description**

Represent the site models as XML

**Usage**

```
site_models_to_xml_prior_distr(site_models, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

site\_models      one or more site models, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)  
beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'
#   </distribution>
#   <distribution id="likelihood" ...>
#   </distribution>
# </distribution>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

site\_models\_to\_xml\_tracelog

*Creates the site models' XML for the tracelog section*

---

**Description**

Creates the site models' XML for the tracelog section

**Usage**

```
site_models_to_xml_tracelog(site_models)
```

**Arguments**

site\_models      one or more site models, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the complete tracelog section is created by [create\\_tracelog\\_xml](#)

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <logger id="tracelog" ...>
#' # Here
# </logger>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

site\_model\_to\_xml\_operators

*Converts a site model to XML, used in the operators section*

---

**Description**

Converts a site model to XML, used in the operators section

**Usage**

```
site_model_to_xml_operators(site_model)
```

**Arguments**

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

**Value**

the site model as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

site\_model\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr

*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a site model to XML, used in the prior section

**Usage**

```
site_model_to_xml_prior_distr(site_model, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)  
 beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the site model as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```

site_model_to_xml_prior_distr(
  site_model = create_jc69_site_model(id = 1),
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()
)
site_model_to_xml_prior_distr(
  site_model = create_hky_site_model(
    id = 1,
    kappa_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 2)
  ),
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()
)
site_model_to_xml_prior_distr(
  site_model = create_tn93_site_model(
    id = 1,
    kappa_1_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 2),
    kappa_2_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 3)
  ),
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()
)
site_model_to_xml_prior_distr(
  site_model = create_gtr_site_model(
    id = 1,
    rate_ac_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 2),
    rate_ag_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 3),
    rate_at_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 4),
    rate_cg_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 5),
    rate_gt_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 6)
  ),
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()
)

```

---

site\_model\_to\_xml\_state

*Internal function to convert a site model to XML, used in the ‘state’ section*

---

### **Description**

Internal function to convert a site model to XML, used in the ‘state’ section

### **Usage**

```
site_model_to_xml_state(site_model, beauti_options = create_beauti_options())
```

### **Arguments**

site\_model a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

beauti\_options one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

### **Value**

the site model as XML text

### **Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

site\_model\_to\_xml\_tracelog

*Creates the site model’s XML for the tracelog section*

---

### **Description**

Creates the site model’s XML for the tracelog section

### **Usage**

```
site_model_to_xml_tracelog(site_model)
```

### **Arguments**

site\_model a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

### **Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

all site models' tracelog section is created by [site\\_models\\_to\\_xml\\_tracelog](#)

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <logger id="tracelog" ...>
#   # Here
# </logger>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

strict\_clock\_model\_to\_xml\_operators  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a clock model to the operators section of the XML as text

**Usage**

```
strict_clock_model_to_xml_operators(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

strict\_clock\_model\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Internal function to converts a strict clock model to the prior section of the XML as text

**Usage**

```
strict_clock_model_to_xml_prior_distr(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'
#   </distribution>
#   <distribution id="likelihood" ...>
#     </distribution>
# </distribution>
strict_clock_model_to_xml_prior_distr(
  inference_model = create_inference_model()
)
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

strict\_clock\_model\_to\_xml\_state  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a strict clock model to the 'state' section of the XML as text

**Usage**

```
strict_clock_model_to_xml_state(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

lines of XML text, without indentation nor state tags

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

strict\_clock\_model\_to\_xml\_tracelog  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Creates a strict clock model's XML for the tracelog section

**Usage**

```
strict_clock_model_to_xml_tracelog(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

a character vector of XML strings

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

```
# <logger id="tracelog" ...>
#' # Here
# </logger>
```

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

s\_parameter\_to\_xml     *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts an 's\_param' to XML

**Usage**

```
s_parameter_to_xml(parameter, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

parameter     a s parameter, a numeric value. For advanced usage, use the structure as created by [create\\_s\\_param](#))

beauti\_options     one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the parameter as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
s_parameter_to_xml(  
  create_s_param(id = 4, value = 1.25),  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options_v2_4()  
)  
s_parameter_to_xml(  
  create_s_param(id = 4, value = 1.25),  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options_v2_6()  
)
```

---

taxa\_to\_xml\_tree      *Internal function*

---

**Description**

Internal function to creates the 'tree' section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file, which is part of a 'state' section, without being indented.

**Usage**

```
taxa_to_xml_tree(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Details**

The tree tag has these elements:

```
<tree[...]>  
  <taxonset[...]>  
  [...]  
  </taxonset>  
</run>
```

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`tipdate_taxa_to_xml_trait`*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Internal function to creates the 'trait' section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file, which is part of a 'tree' section, without being indented.

**Usage**

```
tipdate_taxa_to_xml_trait(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Details**

The tree tag has these elements:

```
<run[...]>
  <state[...]>
    <tree[...]>
      <trait[...]>
        This part
      </trait>
    </tree>
  </run>
</state>
```

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`tipdate_taxa_to_xml_tree`*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Creates the tree section (part of the state section) when there is tip-dating

**Usage**

```
tipdate_taxa_to_xml_tree(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

`inference_model`

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

the random phylogeny as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

`tn93_site_model_to_xml_prior_distr`*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Converts a TN93 site model to XML, used in the prior section

**Usage**

```
tn93_site_model_to_xml_prior_distr(site_model, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

`site_model` a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)

`beauti_options` one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the site model as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
tn93_site_model_to_xml_prior_distr(  
  site_model = create_tn93_site_model(  
    id = 1,  
    kappa_1_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 2),  
    kappa_2_prior_distr = create_uniform_distr(id = 3)  
  ),  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)
```

---

tn93\_site\_model\_to\_xml\_state

*Converts a site model to XML, used in the state section*

---

**Description**

Converts a site model to XML, used in the state section

**Usage**

```
tn93_site_model_to_xml_state(  
  site_model,  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)
```

**Arguments**

site\_model      a site model, as returned by [create\\_site\\_model](#)  
beauti\_options   one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

the site model as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

tree\_model\_to\_tracelog\_xml  
*Internal function*

---

### Description

Creates the tree models' XML for the tracelog section. That is, all XML tags that have the word 'tree' in them.

### Usage

```
tree_model_to_tracelog_xml(inference_model)
```

### Arguments

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

### Value

lines of XML text

### Note

use site\_models just because it contains all IDs

### Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### See Also

the complete tracelog section is created by [create\\_tracelog\\_xml](#)

### Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <logger id="tracelog" ...>
#   # Here
# </logger>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

tree\_priors\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr

*Creates the distribution section in the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file.*

---

## Description

These lines start with '<distribution id='

## Usage

```
tree_priors_to_xml_prior_distr(tree_priors, beauti_options)
```

## Arguments

tree\_priors     one or more tree priors, as returned by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)  
beauti\_options  one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

## Value

lines of XML text

## Author(s)

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

## Examples

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">  
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">  
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'  
#   </distribution>  
#   <distribution id="likelihood" ...>  
#   </distribution>  
# </distribution>  
  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

`tree_priors_to_xml_tracelog`*Creates the tree priors' XML for the tracelog section*

---

**Description**

Creates the tree priors' XML for the tracelog section

**Usage**

```
tree_priors_to_xml_tracelog(tree_priors)
```

**Arguments**

`tree_priors`     one or more tree priors, as returned by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**See Also**

the complete tracelog section is created by [create\\_tracelog\\_xml](#)

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <logger id="tracelog" ...>
#' # Here
# </logger>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

tree\_prior\_to\_xml\_operators  
*Internal function*

---

**Description**

Creates the XML of a tree prior, as used in the operators section

**Usage**

```
tree_prior_to_xml_operators(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

the tree prior as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

tree\_prior\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr  
*Creates the distribution section in the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file.*

---

**Description**

These lines start with '<distribution id='

**Usage**

```
tree_prior_to_xml_prior_distr(tree_prior, beauti_options)
```

**Arguments**

tree\_prior a tree priors, as returned by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)  
beauti\_options one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'
#   </distribution>
# <distribution id="likelihood" ...>
# </distribution>
# </distribution>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

tree\_prior\_to\_xml\_state

*Creates the XML of a tree prior, as used in the state section*

---

**Description**

Creates the XML of a tree prior, as used in the state section

**Usage**

```
tree_prior_to_xml_state(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference\_model

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

the tree prior as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

tree\_prior\_to\_xml\_tracelog

*Creates the tree prior's XML for the tracelog section*

---

### **Description**

Creates the tree prior's XML for the tracelog section

### **Usage**

```
tree_prior_to_xml_tracelog(tree_prior)
```

### **Arguments**

tree\_prior      a tree priors, as returned by [create\\_tree\\_prior](#)

### **Value**

lines of XML text

### **Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

### **See Also**

all tree priors' tracelog section is created by [tree\\_priors\\_to\\_xml\\_tracelog](#)

### **Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()

# <logger id="tracelog" ...>
#' # Here
# </logger>

check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

---

unindent	<i>Unindents text</i>
----------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

Unindents text

**Usage**

```
unindent(text)
```

**Arguments**

text	one or more lines of text
------	---------------------------

**Value**

unindented lines of text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

yule_tree_prior_to_xml_operators	<i>Internal function</i>
----------------------------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

Creates the XML of a Yule tree prior, as used in the operators section

**Usage**

```
yule_tree_prior_to_xml_operators(inference_model)
```

**Arguments**

inference_model
-----------------

a Bayesian phylogenetic inference model. An inference model is the complete model setup in which a site model, clock model, tree prior and more are specified. Use [create\\_inference\\_model](#) to create an inference model. Use [check\\_inference\\_model](#) to check if an inference model is valid. Use [rename\\_inference\\_model\\_filenames](#) to rename the files in an inference model.

**Value**

the tree prior as XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

---

yule\_tree\_prior\_to\_xml\_prior\_distr

*Creates the prior section in the prior section of the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file for a Yule tree prior*

---

**Description**

Creates the prior section in the prior section of the prior section of the distribution section of a BEAST2 XML parameter file for a Yule tree prior

**Usage**

```
yule_tree_prior_to_xml_prior_distr(  
  yule_tree_prior,  
  beauti_options = create_beauti_options()  
)
```

**Arguments**

yule\_tree\_prior            a Yule tree\_prior, as created by [create\\_yule\\_tree\\_prior](#)  
beauti\_options    one BEAUti options object, as returned by [create\\_beauti\\_options](#)

**Value**

lines of XML text

**Author(s)**

Richèl J.C. Bilderbeek

**Examples**

```
check_empty_beautier_folder()  
  
# <distribution id="posterior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">  
#   <distribution id="prior" spec="util.CompoundDistribution">  
#     HERE, where the ID of the distribution is 'prior'  
#   </distribution>  
#   <distribution id="likelihood" ...>  
#   </distribution>  
# </distribution>  
  
check_empty_beautier_folder()
```

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